

THE TIMES

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EVERY WEEKDAY

Diana fund has £1m

Princes may run mother's 'secret charity'

BY ALEXANDRA FREAN, SOCIAL AFFAIRS CORRESPONDENT

PRINCE WILLIAM and Prince Harry have been asked to take over a private charity run by Diana, Princess of Wales, which she used to make donations totalling hundreds of thousands of pounds to causes close to her heart.

The Princess of Wales Charities Trust was set up in 1981 with a £100 donation from the Princess. The latest accounts filed at the Charity Commission show that it now has funds of more than £1 million.

The trust, whose existence was kept secret during the Princess's lifetime, was financed from "fees" paid to the Princess by organisations and companies she represented or visited, or by their sponsors, who were usually given a strong hint that a charitable donation might be an appropriate way of thanking her for her efforts.

Documents filed with the Charity Commission also disclose that the Princess used thousands of pounds of the trust's money to buy so-called "personal effects" that then were donated to charities to sell at fund-raising auctions. In its four most active years, in the mid-1990s, the trust made donations to 420 organisations worth, on average, £740 each. In all, the gifts totalled more than £310,000.

In keeping with the Princess's habit of backing unglamorous and controversial causes, the beneficiaries included Depression Alliance, which helps to support people with severe mental illness, and groups for battered wives, such as Hull Women's Aid and Refuge.

Voluntary groups working with single parents, such as Gingerbread and Liverpool One Parent Families, and homelessness charities, including Centrepoint, also received grants, as did charities that work with HIV or AIDS patients, such as Body Positive and the AIDS Helpline.

Michael Gibbons, the Princess's private secretary and a trustee of the charity

since 1996, said that the Princess took an active part in the running of the trust and vetted every grant it made. "It was very much her style to give money to organisations which were not fashionable or which would not otherwise have received money," he said.

He added that the Princess did her best to suppress any publicity about the trust. "She did not want to get brownie points for making charitable donations," he said. "The trust was there to make charitable grants, not to score points. It was something that she did not want to publicise."

Some of the charities and voluntary bodies that received money from the trust were never even told where the money came from. Others were asked not to give the grants "gratuitous publicity".

The trust was relatively inactive until the early 1990s, but its grant-making activities took off in 1992-93 after the Princess separated from the Prince of Wales and embarked on a more independent career. Henry Boyd-Carpenter, of Farrer and Co, solicitors to the trust, described the trust as a "happy and active charity". Mr Boyd-Carpenter, who is solicitor to the Queen, said: "There was very little money in the early days. It became active as the Princess's charitable activities blossomed."

Accounts filed with the Charity Commission show that in the year ended in April 1993 the trust received a donations worth £11,465 derived from the Princess's activities. It made grants worth £57,526 to 69 organisations and spent £3,861 on gifts to be donated to charities for auction.

In 1994, donations came to £114,013 and the trust made grants of £96,646 to 140 bodies. The trust also made anonymous donations of £50,000 and made gifts to charities for auction to the value of £2,250.

In 1995, donations to the trust amounted to £37,060. It paid out £112,785 to 111 organisations. In 1996, the last year for which records are available, it made 100 grants worth £43,649 in total. It closed the year with total funds of more than £1 million.

Now the trust is preparing for a new lease of life. The trustees have written to the Princess's sons to ask them to become its patrons and to take over the work of vetting grants.

A spokeswoman for the Prince of Wales said it was too early to say whether the Princes would get involved with the trust.

Secret aid, page 3



Unrestrained emotion from Darren Gough, left, and Mark Butcher as they celebrated after their historic Healey win yesterday

England's cricketers get winning feeling again

BY ALAN LEE

ENGLAND'S cricketers escaped from 12 years of purgatory yesterday with their first win of a full series since the Ashes were retained in Australia in 1986. In the process, they redeemed a sporting summer full of false promise and overturned a few time-honoured theories about emotion and self-expression.

They will also be richer men, having landed a bonus of £200,000, the biggest yet won by an England side, from their team sponsors, Vodafone. As with all prize monies, this will go into the team pool

to be divided between the 18 who played in the series.

The 23-run victory over South Africa, completed when the two remaining wickets were taken in the first half-hour on the final day in Leeds, produced a release of pent-up frustration in players who have had to live with cheap jokes and derision. It laid to rest the theory that the English game is moribund, and was greeted with euphoria.

Cricket was once thought to be a game of reserve and taciturnity, where wickets were greeted by no more than a backslap and victory by formal handshakes. Five days of

draining tension in Healey, the climax of a dramatic series, has shown the modern player in a different light. There have been tears of joy and despair, displays of tactile encouragement seen more frequently on the football field and, finally, boisterous celebrations in full view of a spontaneous 10,000-strong crowd taking advantage of free admission to enjoy a slice of overdue cricket history.

It was a match that had everything, England and South Africa slugging it out toe to toe like two proud prizefighters, the winner impossible to call with

confidence. On Sunday, as England fell short of the target they had wished to set, Nasser Hussain covered his eyes and wept as he left the field, dismissed for 94. Yesterday, Allan Donald, South Africa's champion fast bowler, looked equally distraught as the penultimate man out.

Then, after Darren Gough had magnified his hero's status in his native Yorkshire by taking the final wicket to finish with six for 42—the best figures of his England career—pandemonium ensued. When the players, sprinting from the field, reached a

roped-off area near the boundary, they hugged one another uninhibitedly, moist eyes commonplace. Thousands of cheering, chanting spectators gathered around them, acclaiming the first win in a major series in this country since 1985.

"It was a team effort," said Alec Stewart, triumphant in his first series as captain. "But we must stay realistic—we've got the hardest test of all to come this winter in Australia."

Simon Barnes, page 16
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US offers \$2m for bombers

FROM DAMIAN WHITWORTH IN WASHINGTON

THE United States offered a \$2 million (£1.2 million) reward yesterday for the capture of the East African embassy bombers.

Madeline Albright, the US Secretary of State, offered the reward for information leading to a conviction of "the cowards that committed this act". The announcement came as three groups of suspects, described by an official as "connected to others", were detained in Dar es Salaam in Tanzania. They are believed to be Sudanese and Iraqi.

Ms Albright pledged the reward in a speech to members of her department and insisted that there would be no rest until the bombers were caught. She will fly to Germany to bring back the bodies of some of the 12 Americans killed.

Suspects held, page 11

Government cracks down on travel firms' insurance deals

BY MARIANNE CURPHEY, INSURANCE CORRESPONDENT

HIGH-STREET travel companies which force customers to buy expensive insurance when they are booking a discounted foreign holiday were given notice yesterday by the Government that they must drop the practice.

The ruling will come too late for those holidaymakers who are currently searching for last-minute bargains. Many of those will find cheap deals come with the sting of compulsory insurance attached.

The change will, however, be in place in time for the post-Christmas sales frenzy, when tour operators set out to secure early bookings by offering up to 15 per cent off the brochure price of summer holidays.

From November 16, it will be unlawful for travel agents to tie insurance to special offers and discounts. The government ruling, announced yesterday by the Department of Trade and Industry, is a blow for the travel industry,

which has traditionally made up to 50 per cent commission on tied insurance.

Customers who are prepared to shop around and buy no-frills insurance can often find a cheaper deal. Research by The Times has found that a family of four travelling to the United States for three weeks could save £200 by arranging cover with Churchill Insurance, which would cost £75.30, rather than with Thomas Cook direct, which charges £275.80. A Thomas Cook annual policy for the same family would be £139.95.

In 1996, the biggest travel agents made an estimated profit of £130 million on travel insurance sales—making that side of the business six times more profitable than selling holidays, according to calculations by Direct Line.

Out of the ten million people who are expected to travel abroad this summer, three million will have bought a

holiday which has compulsory insurance attached. The practice has traditionally been most common with the largest tour operators, such as Airtours, Thomson Travel Group and Thomas Cook.

The DTI acted after studying a Monopolies and Mergers Commission (MMC) report published at the end of last year which criticised the practice.

Dr Kim Howells, Minister for Competition and Consumer Affairs, said yesterday: "Consumers should not be forced to take out insurance which may not be competitively priced or does not meet their needs in order to obtain a discount on a holiday. Nor should they have to pay more for their holidays because travel agents are discouraged by tour operators from offering discounts they would otherwise be prepared to offer."

Continued on page 2, col 5

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Male 35 next birthday non-smoker - monthly premiums			
Sum assured £100,000	Per Annum	Total paid over 20 year term	Saving with Direct Line
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Abbey National Life	£272.64	£5452.80	£1408.80
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Source: Life and Pensions MoneyFacts - July 1998



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Heatwave sparks fire among duke's treasures

BY RICHARD DUCK

SOUTHERN Britain basked in temperatures of up to 32C (90F) on the hottest day of the year yesterday as the heatwave gripping the Continent continued to exert its influence on the weather system.

The Duke of Somerset, on holiday in Italy, learnt the power of the sun the hard way. Rays beaming through the windows of Bradley House, his home at Maiden Bradley, near Warminster, were reflected from an 18-inch-high concave silver-topped table onto a horse-hair sofa, starting a blaze which left tapestries and antiques, including

a Raphael painting, damaged by the smoke. Wiltshire fire brigade was called into action when a 75-year-old woman collapsed as she was overcome by heat after climbing an internal staircase to the Salisbury Cathedral steeple. She was passed through an open window into a safety basket and lowered 100 ft to safety.

Elsewhere, the emergency services confirmed yesterday that two men had been killed in water-related accidents.

Lawrence Browne, 47, a computer consultant, from Hayling Island, Hampshire, was manning a £250,000 catamaran off the Isle of Wight with two of his four children when he was

killed after going below decks to check the engine and being dragged into the machinery. He was brought ashore at Poole Harbour where he was certified dead by a doctor at the scene.

At Chasewater lake near Cannock, Staffordshire, Anthony Harris was missing presumed drowned after he swam out to retrieve a dinghy at the beauty spot.

Mr Harris, 29, of Walsall, West Midlands, was known to be a strong swimmer but got into trouble after first wading out into the lake to retrieve the boat. He went to the lake on Sunday, with his girlfriend and two-year-old son. A police underwater search unit

was brought in to search for his body. In Co Londonderry police officers recovered the body of a 13-year-old boy from the River Roe at Dungiven after he got into difficulty while out swimming with friends.

The Met Office confirmed that yesterday saw a record for the year with temperatures reaching 32C (90F) in Gravesend, Kent. Temperatures will drop over the next few days and there is the likelihood of showers in southern England.

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Portugal Esc 200.00 per 100
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Tanzania Sh 325.00 per 100
Thailand B 325.00 per 100
Turkey Liras 325.00 per 100
USA \$ 20.00 per 100
Zimbabwe Z\$ 325.00 per 100



Merit reforms will affect 1% of consultants

A more fundamental review of the pay system has been promised for next year, reports Ian Murray

ONLY one per cent of consultants will be affected by changes to the system of awarding merit money trumpeted by the Government yesterday as the most important reform of senior doctors' pay for 50 years.

The changes mean that the body which decides on the top awards will include patient representatives, have only 14 members instead of 33 and include five consultants instead of 25.

The committee, however, will only sit in judgment on awards for the most senior consultants. There are only 267 of a total of 25,619 eligible for the top award, which is worth around £55,000 a year.

The remaining merit awards, worth around £23,600 to £40,000, will continue to be nominated and approved by the regional committees on which consultants will still have a majority. Their nominees will still go forward for approval for the top awards by the national committee.

Reform of the composition of the regional committees is expected to be a priority for the Government in restructuring the merit award system in the future. Alan Milburn, the Health Minister, made it clear yesterday when he announced the changes that the reforms were only an interim measure and that a more fundamental review will be carried out into the merit system next year.

The aim of the interim measure is to end what critics claim is a closed-shop, old boys' network. By giving patients two seats and NHS managers six seats on the 14-member committee, the Government wants to make it impossible for doctors to dominate the decision-making process.

More women and people from ethnic minority groups will also be represented. The committee will be ordered to be more open about its decisions. The old panel was



Milburn said reforms were interim measure

accused of being secretive, leading to unfair skewing of awards to consultants in particular specialties or hospitals.

Mr Milburn said: "These awards have to be earned and are certainly not a gift for life. In the future, poor performance, outright failure and inappropriate conduct will result in the immediate removal of awards."

The Government set up a review of the merit-award scheme in March and originally meant to announce a complete package of reforms next year. However it has been under pressure to bring in changes quickly because two senior consultants, struck off the register because of their involvement in sub-standard heart surgery at the Bristol Royal Infirmary, were allowed to keep their merit awards.

Under the new system, any consultant found guilty of serious professional misconduct could be stripped of a merit award immediately by the review panel. Until now, each individual's performance has only been reviewed every five years and to date no consultant has lost an award.

Mr Milburn said that although the new regulations could not be made to work retrospectively, he would be looking for a mechanism to remove the merit awards still being paid to James Wisheart,

the senior surgeon at Bristol, and John Roylance, the hospital trust's chief executive. They have both retired but their pensions have been increased to take account of their merit awards.

The British Medical Association said it welcomed moves to make the scheme fairer and more open, and looked forward to discussing the changes during the consultation period over the next four weeks.

"Contrary to what ministers have said, distinction awards are not regarded as a right by consultants, nor are they bonus payments," said Peter Hawker, joint deputy chairman of the BMA's consultants committee. "They are part of the consultants' remuneration scheme and we shall be discussing with ministers how best to ensure that the money is fairly distributed."

MSF, the health union, said the reforms were long overdue. Roger Kline, a spokesman, said: "Alan Milburn's decision is further evidence that this Government is serious about equity and transparency in the NHS. The refusal of the previous Government to act on this was nothing short of shameful. The public need to know that merit awards are justified and fairly distributed."

John Redwood, the Shadow Trade Secretary, said: "The Health Minister now wants to change the way doctors are paid. He should also ask himself how he is going to tackle the crisis of recruiting and retaining nurses in many parts of the country."

The salary scale for a consultant is £44,780 to £57,800. From December, merit awards paid on top of this will range from £23,615 to £56,000, meaning the pay scale of a consultant with a merit award will range from a minimum of £68,395 to a maximum of £113,800. At present, 3,229 of the 25,619 eligible consultants in Britain hold a merit award.

No 10 fixes crumbling edifice of power

BY JAMES LANDALE
POLITICAL REPORTER

AMID jokes about fresh cracks emerging in the Government, work began yesterday to restore the crumbling stonework surrounding the front door of No 10 Downing Street.

The ravages of weather and pollution have eroded the limestone cornice and officials decided to take advantage of Tony Blair's absence to carry out badly needed repairs. The work is being done by Payne Stonework and Restoration and is expected to cost the Downing Street budget about £1,000. Tony Blair and family are on holiday in Italy.

Sections of eroded stone will be replaced with identically moulded chunks. A substantial vertical crack will also be filled in. It is believed to have been caused by subsidence which has troubled Downing Street since it was built on silt in the 1680s.

A Whitehall official said: "Obviously we had to do it while the Prime Minister was away — the last thing you would want is stones falling on his head."



A sign directs visitors next door as workmen repair the effects of erosion and subsidence on the 300-year-old building

Jail computer scheme suspended

BY RICHARD FORD
HOME CORRESPONDENT

PLANS for a £350 million computerisation of prison service information on offenders, personnel and finance were suspended yesterday amid fears of cost over-runs and risks to the running of jails.

Richard Tilt, director-general of the service, announced that work on the project had been suspended after about £5 million had been spent on preparatory work for the joint public-private sector scheme.

Home Office ministers have been kept fully informed with the growing doubts

over the project which is to be fully reassessed during the next six months. More than two years' work has been undertaken on the Quantum project, an ambitious but complex plan to computerise all the service's finance, personnel and inmates records systems.

The project, one of the largest in the Government's Private Finance Initiative, was intended to improve the way the prison service handles information on more than 60,000 prisoners held in 135 jails in England and Wales plus its finance and personnel records.

The Prisons Board suspended further work on the project because of concern that improving the information system

might not have been possible in a way that safeguarded running the jails.

Other concerns included whether the project would provide the taxpayer with value for money and whether the service could manage the changes needed at a time of rapid prison population growth and legislative change.

Prison governors said could have cost up to £500 million over a decade. The prison service said its estimate was between £300 and £350 million.

The prison service is seeking to get repaid the costs of water, electricity and gas provided to Wackenhut, a private contractor, which runs workshops at Coldingley prison near Woking in Surrey.

NEWS IN BRIEF

National survey of milk for bacteria

The Government is to undertake a nationwide survey into milk quality after fears that a harmful bacteria affecting cattle could be causing Crohn's disease. The survey will include all main types of milk, with 1,000 samples being examined for a range of bacteria. The samples will be assessed for the presence of mycobacterium paratuberculosis, a cause of the cattle disorder, Johne's disease. It is one of several factors that have been suggested as a possible cause of Crohn's disease, a chronic inflammation affecting the intestine in humans. The Department of Health said that on the basis of what is currently known about the bacteria, there was no need for anyone to change their dietary habits.

Para-sail death

Greek police are investigating the death of a British woman who was killed para-sailing off the island of Zakynthos. Sara-Elisabeth Czaplinska, 40, died instantly after plunging 164ft to the sea from the double harness of a para-sail she was sharing with another woman. Her husband was watching from the speedboat towing the para-sail. Once the other woman had landed safely the boat went to her aid but she was already dead.

Briton murdered

Police in Thailand are investigating the murder of a 66-year-old Briton who was killed gangland-style with two bullets to his back at the weekend. Keith Holmes Tate, an engineer from London, was found outside the flat he had bought as a retirement home. Police are interviewing a woman described as his current wife, and seeking another woman named Remu, described as his former wife.

Trust accused

The Prince's Trust is to be prosecuted over Gary Larn, 25, and Derek Taylor, 19, who died in the collapse of a wall they were repairing on North Ronaldsay, Orkney Islands. The Crown Office said charges under the Health and Safety at Work Act were being brought against the Prince's Trust Volunteers, Adult Community Training (Dundee), the management board of Angus College, and an unnamed Angus man.

Flight of fancy

A family of six passed the telephone around the table at Sunday lunch and booked nine tickets each during the British Airways weekend cut-price promotion. They were among 75,000 callers during the 39-hour sell-off. One man bought 19 tickets to Capetown for £299 each, making an overall saving of £8,379 on the full fare. The most discounted fare was a return ticket from London to Dubai, reduced from £531 to £259.

Home call threat

Detectives investigating a prostitute's murder are threatening to call at the homes of her clients because so few have come forward voluntarily to help the inquiry. Natalie Chubb, 25, who worked in the Preston Road district of Hull, was the third prostitute to be killed in the city in the past ten months. Parts of her dismembered body were found wrapped in plastic bags in sludge at a sewage pumping station two weeks ago.

Statue returned

An antique statue that mysteriously vanished from the Royal Avenue Gardens in Dartmouth 40 years ago has been returned by a thief with a guilty conscience. He had removed it as a teenage prank and buried it in his father's allotment. The 59-year-old South Devon man has handed back the 100-year-old, 3ft statue on condition of anonymity. It had been thought that sailors were to blame for the theft.

Insurance crackdown for travel companies

Continued from page 1
The DTI said it had taken the action because the MMC report had found that insurance enabled travel agents to inflate the advertised discount on foreign package holidays.

A spokesman for the DTI said: "The MMC research found that 60 per cent of foreign package holidays were sold at a discount, and half of those sales were linked to compulsory insurance."

Direct Line, which is competing with the major tour operators in the travel insurance market, claimed the legislation did not go far enough. Gill Murphy, a spokeswoman, said: "Holiday companies are already putting the price of the holiday up and saying that free insurance is included, or selling customers that they will be billed for insurance when they pay for their holiday unless they specify otherwise."

The latter practice prevents customers from getting better deals and better cover at a lower price elsewhere. It also means that travellers who want to pursue hazardous sports or who suffer pre-existing medical conditions may not be covered."

Thomson, the biggest tour operator in Britain, said the action was not a surprise and said an option in the future would be for customers to choose either free insurance or a discounted holiday.

Loyalists grow disillusioned by peace process

BY AUDREY MAGEE
IRELAND CORRESPONDENT

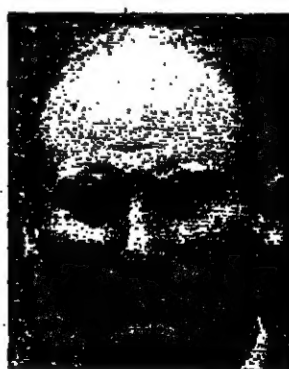
LOYALISTS are growing increasingly angry and disillusioned with the peace process, the Government was told yesterday.

Billy Hutchinson, a leading loyalist and Assembly member, told Adam Ingram, the Northern Ireland Security Minister, that his constituents believed that the peace process was heavily weighted towards republicans. "The perception in my community is republicans are getting everything and Unionists are getting nothing," said Mr Hutchinson, whose Progressive Unionist Party is linked to the loyalist terrorist Ulster Volunteer Force.

"It's not just on prisoners, it's the wider issues in terms of funding the community groups, creation of jobs in local working class, Protestant areas."

Mr Hutchinson listed loyalist complaints during an hour-long meeting with Mr Ingram at Stormont. Mr Hutchinson claimed that prisoner releases were moving too slowly and that the eight loyalists in Scottish and English jails were not benefiting from the programme.

The meeting came as political parties in Northern Ireland digested the declaration issued by the Loyalist Volun-



Hutchinson: peace process "biased"

teer Force that its campaign of violence was over.

Sinn Féin, which is under pressure to get the IRA to announce that the war is over, said that it was responding "cautiously" to the statement. Alex Maskey, a Sinn Féin Assembly member, said most nationalists did not believe loyalists intended to stop killing Catholics.

Two teenagers were charged in Belfast yesterday in connection with the shooting of two Roman Catholics in Londonderry two weeks ago. Gary Fry, 19, and Stuart McKelvey, 18, both from the predominately loyalist Waterside of Londonderry, were charged with conspiring to cause grievous bodily harm to Francis Creams, 58, and his brother Anthony, 53.

Fringe police call foul on comic

BY SHIRLEY ENGLISH

WHEN the son of the Irish Foreign Minister was arrested during his street comedy act in Edinburgh's Fringe Festival this weekend, his audience thought it was his best joke yet.

They cheered encouragement thinking it was all part of the show when the disgruntled comedian was led away in handcuffs by two grim-faced policemen after he refused to stop using foul language during his act.

David Andrews, 32, whose father shares the same name, had been performing his stand-up routine on

the Royal Mile when he resorted to swearing. He threatened to pull down his trousers and set fire to himself when his audience began to take more interest in a group of scantily clad dancers.

Two passing policemen were not amused and warned him to cut the foul language and turn off his loud speaker because a woman had complained. When he refused he was promptly arrested, much to the embarrassment of the assembled crowd. He told them: "I'm getting hassled for using the word 'penis'."

Thinking it was a Fringe stunt, the audience responded by chanting the same word at him and his captors. Andrews, whose stage name is David McSavage, was charged with a breach of the peace. He is due to appear at Edinburgh Sheriff Court on Thursday.

Based in Copenhagen, he is, according to Fringe publicity, a "popular and much sought-after" act on the Scandinavian club circuit.

Mr Andrews, 33, is the son of David Andrews, the Irish foreign minister, and nephew of Niall Andrews, an Irish member of the European Parliament, both of the centre right Fianna Fail party.

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The fund that started with a royal cheque for £100

Charities trust enabled newcomer to choose her causes, writes Alan Hamilton

DIANA, Princess of Wales, was barely four months married when she set up her charities trust. She was confused, unhappy, bulimic and pregnant, but she was advised that, as a new member of the Royal Family, it was the right thing to do. Those were the days before the Princess became one of the most sought-after charity figureheads in the world, with a portfolio of patronages which had grown to nearly 120 by the time of her separation in 1992. In the early days of her marriage, she was little more than a decorative adjunct to the

Prince of Wales; it took her rather longer to build an independent life. Yet, within weeks of her marriage, she had received at least 150 requests from charities to be their patron. Having a means of giving small sums to causes of her own choosing was an early priority. With no publicity, the Princess launched her charity fund with a cheque of her own for £100; further funding was intended to come from public

donations, on the assumption that her public appearances and meetings would provide no shortage of people keen to give to a good cause with her name attached. In the month that the legal documents establishing the fund were set up, the Princess performed the first solo public engagement of her marriage, switching on the Regent Street Christmas lights. It may now be safely surmised that, at many of the solo appearances that

followed, a condition of her turning up was a trust donation. Even if not made a condition, any function she attended in her own right would be accompanied by the strong hint that a donation would be an appropriate *quid pro quo*. Her frequent appearances at charity functions in the US are likely to have commanded respectable donations to the Princess's own trust, as well as to the principal charity. In later years the fund was

boosted by lump sums which the princess extracted from the media. Part of the out-of-court settlement after the *Sunday Mirror* published pictures of the Princess exercising in a gym was a £25,000 donation to her charity fund. Other members of the Royal Family have similar funds, from which they give many small donations from their private incomes. The Queen gives more than £200,000 a year, much of it to

ecclesiastical charities, from her Privy Purse Charitable Trust. The tradition is longstanding. Queen Victoria gave about £12,000 a year to good causes; given the ravages of inflation, she was roughly twice as generous as the present Queen. The Prince of Wales has his own charities trust, which on occasion has given away well over £1 million in a single year to small and usually unpublished causes. His books, television films and watercolours have all brought in revenue for the trust.

Prince's aides to look into claims of abseil risk

By Alan Hamilton

THE Prince of Wales has asked senior aides to conduct a thorough investigation into allegations that Prince Harry abseiled down a 150ft dam without a helmet or safety line on an adventure trip to Wales, but sources said yesterday that he was keeping an open mind until the inquiry ended.

Every member of the party, which included Tiggy Legge-Bourke, the Prince's former nanny, will be questioned by senior members of the Prince's staff to determine whether Harry, 13, was put at risk. Prince William, 16, and royal bodyguards were among the party of eight on the trip to the Grwyne Fawr Reservoir in the Black Mountains, near Miss Legge-Bourke's family home at Crickhowell.

If the claims are true, Prince Harry is likely to receive a stern lecture from his father, Miss Legge-Bourke — who is thought to have organised the trip — will be reprimanded by the Prince of Wales, who is said to be deeply concerned. Prince Harry's descent of the dam was captured on camera by a holidaymaker, who sold it to a newspaper. A special permit is normally required from Hyder, the Welsh utilities company, for abseiling on its dams, and participants have to sign an indemnity in case of injury.

Yesterday the company said it had decided not to prosecute Miss Legge-Bourke for trespass. Hyder said: "We have no record of having been contacted by anyone requesting permission to abseil at Grwyne Fawr Reservoir recently. Permission for abseiling at Welsh Water sites is given on rare occasions, mainly for charity events. In these cases, we always check that the organisation is competent and fully insured."

"We reserve the right to prosecute trespassers but this happens rarely and we have no plans to do so in this case. The safety of people on our property is our main concern and we will be writing to the organisers to point this out."

Libby Purves, page 16

Secret gifts that arrived in the post

Cash came with pleas for no publicity, write Daniel McGrory and Dominic Kennedy

THE causes closest to her heart kept the secret of how Diana, Princess of Wales, privately assisted them with financial donations.

The gifts would arrive unannounced in the post and always included a request that the charities say nothing about her financial support. They all respected her wishes, admitting that the donations helped with projects that would otherwise have been abandoned.

The contributions were modest, often no more than a few hundred pounds, and mostly intended to be used for specific projects.

In 1996, the last year for which figures are published for donations by the Princess of Wales' Charitable Trust, one hundred charities shared £43,649. The recipients were not the big-name charities that the Princess would support at high-profile fundraising events, but smaller, lesser-known organisations working mainly with young people at the margins of society.

"They reflected her concern for the homeless and those affected by AIDS. She was also keen to encourage innovative, often controversial ways of helping those with the most serious mental and physical disabilities."

The Princess had visited some of the charities to benefit from her generosity, others she had only read about. Many simply wrote to her asking for help and a number were introduced by close friends. Often she would decide whom she would help as she sat alone in Kensington Palace.

She once described how she sat in silence for some time, staring at pictures of Romanian youngsters who were dying of AIDS, and then asked how best she could help.



The beneficiaries: the Princess with Holly Hunt at the Royal Marsden Hospital, London, and Ben Hopkin receiving physiotherapy at Bobath Cymru, Cardiff



Graham Perolls, chairman of The Eleanor Foundation Romanian Appeal, described the foundation's work to the Princess at a private reception at her home in Kensington Palace. Shortly afterwards he received a donation from the Princess. She said it was to help the charity teach medical staff in Brasov, Transylvania, how to help young people suffering from AIDS.

Mr Perolls said: "We didn't feel we could ask her to be our patron for a cause so far away, but she insisted that she wanted to help. We set up the first home-hospital scheme in Romania where trained staff can help those who want to live out their final days at home."

When Bear Essentials, a small charity, decided to help fund a trip to Disneyworld for Kevin Waldron, a 13-year-old disabled boy, it turned to the Princess for help. Then Deborah Jennings, who runs the charity from her home in Pagharn, near Bognor Regis, asked if Diana could top up its fundraising to allow two boys Darren Lillywhite and James Quinn, who have cerebral palsy, to have tricycles giving them independent mobility. In all three cases the Princess sent the money that was needed.

Julia Cressy, a director of Humble Beacon Homeless Hostel, in Hull, said: "We explained that we never turned anyone away. If the beds were full then we would put people up in the lounge until we could find somewhere, and the Princess said this fitted with her views on

how to help the homeless, particularly the young."

Diana twice made private visits to bed and breakfast hotels in London used by the King's Cross Homelessness Project to shelter mothers and children. Dominic Fox, its director, said: "She knew from first-hand experience just how tough and lonely it was for the youngsters. Her grant to us was used to buy art packs to give the children something to do."

Peter McArdle, who runs the St Anthony of Padua Foundation for the Disabled from his home in Herne Bay, in Kent, wrote to Diana asking for support for his work helping mothers in need. One was a wheelchair-bound woman who needed an adapted cot so she could reach her baby. Another, a pregnant woman who already had a handicapped baby, needed a specially-made pram to carry both children. In both cases the Princess sent £300.

Mr McArdle said: "It's very

difficult getting money. Nobody else answered. The one that came up trumps for us on two occasions, a year apart, was the Princess's trust, which says something about the lady."

Sarah Bourke, fundraising co-ordinator of Cherry Trees, in Guildford, still has no idea how the Princess first heard

about the charity's work as a respite home for young people with severe learning difficulties. But the Princess sent the charity regular donations.

The Princess was anxious to let those charities she had been associated with before her divorce know that she had not forgotten them. She had been a frequent visitor to the

60 homes run by the St Matthew Society in East Anglia to help those with mental health problems return to society.

Charlie Shemall, regional organiser for Lincolnshire, said: "She was always an energetic supporter and her charity made sure she never forgot us, or those like us."

A HUNDRED GOOD CAUSES

These are the 100 causes supported by the Princess of Wales' Charitable Trust for 1995-96, the last year records are available. Total donations were £43,649.	Sain Cledyd Sound Medical Mercy House Blind	Working to Support Hospice Care	Liverpool Marie Curie Centre, St Anthony of Padua Foundation for the Disabled
St Matthew Society	The Special Trusts for St Thomas's Hospital	Hut Women's Aid Centre	New Institute for Care and Adaptation for Psychophysics in Argentina
The David Tolson Trust for Stoke Mandeville	Handicapped Children's Action Group	St Austell and Bar District Scout Council	Guided of Disabled Homeworkers
Great Ormond Street Hospital	Disabled Housing Trust	Hut Path in the City	Angus Special Playcentre
PHAS Wales	The Ronald Raven Chair in Clinical Oncology Trust	Women's Link	3H (Help the Handicapped Holiday Fund)
Liverpool One-Parent Families	Chineappens Trust	Irish Cancer Society Limited	Association for the Study of Cerebral Palsy
Richmond Fellowship	Gingerbread Wales	Headings and Rother	International Spinal Research Trust
Rainbow Appeal Fund	Barns Junior Gaelic Choir	Crossroads	Ulster Cancer Foundation
Cherry Trees	The Soldiers' Sailors' and Airman's Families Association	Campbell Blair Drummond	Malcolm Sargent Cancer Fund for Children
The Rainbow Centre	St Joseph's Hospice	Cardinal Home Centre	British Lung Foundation
Callere	The Royal School for Deaf Children	Harvest Trust	Children's Liver Disease Foundation
The Scout Association Trust	This Church Army	Invictus at Home	British Deaf Association
The Children's Hospice Appeal	Perennials	The Cot Death Society	Freshfield Service
St Richard's Hospice	The Society for Counselling and Information on Miscegenation	Respectful Trust Fund, The Usher Hospital	Crookcross, Oxford Branch
Foundation	Holy Cross Centre Trust	REDKA	Leukemia Research Appeal for Wales
North Westminster Victims' Support Scheme	The Eleanor Foundation Romanian Appeal	St John's Hospice	Barnsley and District Dystonia
The British Home and Hospital for Incapacitated	King's Cross Homelessness Project	The Prince and Princess of Wales Hospice	Diabetes Foundation
Norton House, Coventry Day Centre for the Homeless	Children's Hospice Appeal	The Queen Elizabeth House Trust	Global Cancer Concern
Limited	Godwin Campbell Community Bobath Cymru	The Centre for Brain Injury Rehabilitation and Development	Partnership's Disease Society
Cardiff Oasis Aids Support Centre	Open Door The Breckholms	One Hundred Hours Break	The National Music and Disability Information Service
South Somerset Domestic Violence Project	The Papworth Trust	St Richard's Hospital	English National Ballet
The St Thomas Fund for the Homeless	Gupeposts Trusts Limited	Outset Youth Action	Herfield Hospital
	Action On Pro-Ectropulse	The Althorpe Centre	Headway National Head Injuries Association
	The Science Museum	GCHQ Extra Care	Bernardo's
		The Mary Stevens Hospice	
		Scottish Bobath Association	

Paris hotels offer 'last trip' tours

FROM BEN MACINTYRE IN PARIS

PARIS hotels have begun offering "Princess Diana discounts" and French tour operators are arranging guided tours of the last trip taken by her limousine in an effort to cash in on the anniversary of the death of Diana, Princess of Wales, later this month.

"In memory of Lady Di, this hotel is pleased to collaborate at the first Diana anniversary. From August 15 to 31, we decided to do a special price of £700 (£70 per person to the people from England," reads one advertising flyer.

The hotel, on the Left Bank, claims in dubious written English: "Because thousands of people are still going every day to the Pont de l'Alma, we have to contribute to this day unforgettable." A special tour of

the last trip of Diana, from the Ritz to the Alma bridge is included in the price of a room.

The offer may well be the first of many efforts to merchandise the anniversary of the tragedy. A company called Bonjour France is also offering tours covering the route taken by the Princess's Mercedes from the Ritz to the Place Vendôme through the tunnel beneath the Pont de l'Alma. The tour will then pause at the "Flame of Liberty", the sculpture above the tunnel that has become an unofficial shrine to the Princess, before moving on to view the apartment where she and Dodi Fayed were heading.

Tourists will then be bused along the route taken by the ambulance to La Pitié Salpêtrière hospital, where the Princess died on August 31. The bus tour costs £15

per passenger; those who want to replicate the trip as closely as possible can try "a Mercedes limousine with chauffeur and guide" for \$500.

"It is exactly the same model of Mercedes as the one in the accident," Emile Cacciari, one of the tour organisers, said proudly. Mr Cacciari said that no French people had raised any objections to the tour. "It's very, very important, and many people ask us how they can get to the spot where the accident took place. The French understand the pain of the English, and the Americans are also very moved. Eighty per cent of them want to see the site."

He added: "It's a tour like any other. People want to go to see the tomb of the Empress Josephine at Malmaison, so why not a Diana tour?"

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Couple confined girl aged five in filthy room for 15 months

A COUPLE shut their five-year-old daughter in an unfurnished room, boarded up the door and windows and kept her there in appalling conditions for 15 months, a court heard yesterday.

The parents were jailed for six months for cruelty to the girl, who was wearing a soiled nappy and could barely speak when eventually rescued.

In a report to Cardiff Crown Court, a consultant paediatrician described it as "the worst case of gross emotional deprivation I have ever met in my 18 years in the job".

Social workers had been aware of the little girl's plight but had failed to take action.

The court heard that the girl, who cannot be named for legal reasons, was confined between the ages of three and five. Leuan Bennett, for the prosecution, said the girl was first discovered shut up in the room in May 1996.

Mr Bennett said: "During a routine visit in May 1996, a social worker noted the youngest daughter was missing. When she went to investigate she found the girl in the room. The door to the bedroom had been removed and wooden boards had been nailed across it up to the height of 5ft."

"Conditions were filthy in contrast with the rest of the house which was very well appointed. Her brothers and sisters were kept in comfort."

"It seems the parents singled out their youngest daughter for this treatment and she was made into a scapegoat."

All the windows except for a tiny skylight had been boarded up and the only furnishing in the room was a dirty mattress. The walls were caked with faeces, there was no carpet on the floor and the parents did not let her have any toys.

The court heard social workers made regular visits to the house in Caerphilly, near Cardiff, and conditions began to improve. Mr Bennett said:

Parents jailed for six months after failure of social services, reports Simon de Bruxelles

"Over the next six months the boards on the door and windows were removed and a baby-gate was put up instead."

"However, for some reason, the visits stopped for eight months and when social worker Marlene Anderson visited the home in August 1997 she found the room had returned to its original form."

"The doors and windows were again boarded up and the room smelt heavily of urine and faeces. The child was in the room, whimpering and crying 'drink, drink'."

"Again there was only a filthy mattress and no toys. She was dressed in a baby-grow suit which had been turned inside out so she couldn't take it off. She was wearing a nappy which she had soiled."

The parents, who cannot be named to protect the identity of the child, were eventually arrested in August last year. They told police they had boarded up the room for the girl's own safety to stop her wandering around the house.

Mr Bennett said: "The officer asked the father if there was a way of opening the boards. The father replied 'This is how you open it' and began punching and kicking the boards."

When asked why they had done it, the mother told Miss Anderson: "I wouldn't keep the worst baby in the world in these conditions but what can

I do? She just crawls everywhere. What's a mother supposed to do?"

The couple burst into tears as they were each jailed for six months after admitting child cruelty. Judge Christopher Morton told them: "You caged your daughter in that room and left her in a very distressed state."

"She suffered profound and prolonged neglect at your hands. But you are intellectually limited and your other children need you so the sentence is much shorter than it would otherwise have been."

The girl has since been toilet trained and is now speaking normally after being placed with foster parents.

Dewi Evans, of the Singleton Hospital in Swansea, said: "I am mightily unimpressed with social services and the way in which they have cared for this little girl over the past years. The social workers on the scene compiled full and accurate reports. However, the management appears ad hoc and piecemeal."

The social services department responsible for the care of the girl blamed a previous local administration for not acting to protect her. Caerphilly County Borough Council took over from the former Mid Glamorgan County Council on April 1, 1996.

Chris Lawrence, Caerphilly County Borough Council's director of social services and housing, said: "This case came to light as a result of these actions by Caerphilly County Borough Council. It was as a result of this change in management culture that appropriate action was finally taken."

A report produced earlier this year referred to a management culture in one district of the former Mid Glamorgan which discouraged front line social workers from pursuing child protection inquiries. Caerphilly County Borough Council is having to deal with the legacy of these problems."



A pot flagon found at the site near Ashford: archaeologists have removed more than 3,000 artefacts

Housing project uncovers lost Roman market town

By NIGEL HAWKES
SCIENCE EDITOR

A ROMAN town has been discovered on farmland near Ashford, Kent, by builders making trial excavations for a housing development.

The town, previously unknown, appears to have covered 25 acres with hundreds of houses around a crossroads. The size and layout were calculated from magnetic measurements of the soil, which can show any evidence of disturbance.

Kent Archaeological Rescue Unit also dug 25 trenches, and removed more than 3,000 artefacts. Brian Philp, director of the excavation, said: "It was clearly a market town and a stopping place for long-distance travellers. It seems to have consisted of large areas of timber-framed buildings, resembling a frontier town at the very edge of the great Wealden forest which stretched westwards for over 80 miles."

The unit is keeping the

GLIMPSE OF A PAST LIFE

SMALL settlements, such as the one at Ashford, were the backbone of the Roman settlement of Britain (Nigel Hawkes and Norman Hammond write).

The Ambriges of their day, they were occupied by shopkeepers, tavernkeepers and artisans such as farmers, wheelwrights and carpenters. Comparatively few had been identified in Kent, and it is surprising

that it has taken two centuries of organised archaeology to find this one.

Only rarely do these settlements survive in the archaeological record. An exception is Stratford-upon-Avon, where the site of the town was excavated in the late 19th century. Archaeologists have since been able to identify the layout of the town, but the buildings themselves have long since disappeared.

precise area of the town secret, to discourage treasure hunters. During the excavations and geophysical surveys more than 800 individual features were found, including enclosures, pits, ditches, post-holes and hollows. The roads were easily defined by drainage ditches which ran alongside, and in one place two layers of metal-ling were found.

A large ditched enclosure lay at the north of the settlement, and there are also areas of likely industrial activity, such as hearths or kilns. The geophysical survey showed that the roads were flanked with rectangular enclosures which appear to be house plots.

Only one of these was excavated, and it was found to contain a substantial timber-framed structure. The town was occupied

from soon after the Roman conquest until it was finally abandoned in the 4th century. The large enclosure appears to occupy the actual junction of two major roads, one running southwest from Canterbury to the Weald, and another running westward from the coast towards Maidstone.

As a Roman settlement, Ashford lacked grandeur. Mr Philp said: "When it was abandoned in the 4th century, the buildings gradually rotted and collapsed and the site disappeared under trees and bushes, where it remained lost for the next 1,600 years."

The discovery persuaded the developers of the site, Wilcon Homes, not to build where they had originally intended, which is in fact the main area of the Roman town, but to exchange it for another area not originally included in the plans. Roads running through the site will be raised to a higher level to avoid damage.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Farmers demand silence

Farmers called yesterday for a "quiet day" to be banned on land opened to public access under measures being considered by the Government.

Kate Ashbrook, of the Ramblers' Association, accused farmers of being selfish and small-minded. The farmers were responding to a proposal to open up 3.5 million acres to the public.

Unhealthy drug

One in six patients is being given antibiotics for viral infections such as colds that do not respond to them, a survey by *Health Watch* reveals. The BMA said: "Some good may come out of this if it helps to ease the pressure from patients for antibiotics."

Into thin air

Police fear that a new trend in car crime could be imported from America. Up to 600 air bags a week are stolen in the US. So far there are no figures for thefts in Britain but motor industry executives regard it as a growing problem. *Autocar* magazine reports.

Editor dropped

John Mulholland, the former editor of *The Guardian* media section who was hired to change *The Sporting Life* into a general sports daily, has been dismissed by the Mirror Group. A new editor is being sought for the paper's delayed relaunch.

Poet honoured

Ted Hughes, the Poet Laureate, has been appointed a member of the Order of Merit. The appointment of Hughes, 68, brings the Order, which is in the personal gift of the Queen, to its full complement of 24. The Order was founded in 1902 by Edward VII.

Long-lost love

A love letter written by a Cambridge don in the 17th century has gone on display in Sidney Sussex College's library after being discovered, covered in mouse droppings, by Doug Larkin, a workman who was trying to repair a leaky bath.

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Stunt rider injured in fall under Tube train

A MAN who fell into the path of a Tube train while attempting a cycling stunt was in a critical condition last night.

The 20-year-old man had sped into the ticket hall and bumped down the stairs on his mountain bike. However, he missed the last step and skidded off the platform into an oncoming Piccadilly Line train at Barons Court.

Bill Marsh, 78, a newspaper seller who saw the incident, said the man was saved from death by his bike, which stopped him from being dragged under the wheels. He said: "He cycled straight under a train, the driver didn't have a chance to stop."

"I think the bike saved his life. Three carriages went over him, but his bike protected him from the train wheels. Without it, he would definitely have been killed."

An air ambulance, four fire engines and two ambulances were sent to the scene. Surrounding roads were sealed off for more than two hours after the accident.

Mr Marsh added: "The paramedics were down on the platform with the boy for an hour. Then the police came up and said, 'Look away if you don't want to see him.' He was strapped to a stretcher and obviously unconscious." Station staff refused to talk about the incident.

Bullied girl committed suicide, coroner rules

By STEWART TENDLER

A SCHOOLGIRL who was tormented and bullied for being overweight committed suicide with a massive overdose of painkillers, an inquest decided yesterday.

Kelly Yeomans, 13, was called Fatty, Tramp and Slowworm by other children for more than two years, the Derby coroner was told yesterday. Days before she died her family home had been pelted with eggs, butter and stones.

The schoolgirl was found dead by her father in her bedroom last September. The inquest was told that she had 13 times the minimum lethal dosage of the drug, co-proxamol, in her blood after she swallowed 40 pills normally used by her mother for a knee complaint.

Mrs Yeomans said that in the nights preceding her daughter's death the family had been the target of a number of attacks. Eggs had been thrown the front door of their home in Allenton, Derby, and Kelly and her sister Sarah had been verbally abused.

Mrs Yeomans said that Kelly was teased at her school and had been assaulted, on one occasion having her new glasses smashed by a bully. On another occasion her new trainers had been thrown into a bin, along with her school bag. Mrs Yeomans said she had been to the school to complain 30 times but nothing



Kelly: was bullied about her weight

had been done. She said that a few days before Kelly's death the teenager had spoken of killing herself. "She said, 'It is nothing to do with you, Daddy, nothing to do with you, Mummy, and nothing to do with you, Sarah. I have had enough and I'm going to take an overdose.'"

Mrs Yeomans said that, although she believed her daughter, whom she described as being a bubbly and caring girl, was upset, she did not think for one minute that she would kill herself.

Ivan Yeomans, Kelly's father, said: "The bullying at school started from day one when she first went two years ago. They mainly teased her because she was overweight and this really upset her."

On the night she died she had come to him and said: "God bless you Dad. I love

you Dad". Mr Yeomans added: "She said that every night but there was one thing she forgot. She always said, 'See you in the morning.' That night she never said that."

When police searched Kelly's room after her death, they found a note written by the teenager claiming that her mother and sister were picking on her. Mrs Yeomans said: "She may have thought this was the case, but all we were trying to do was to help her. I loved my daughter."

One of Kelly's tormentors told the court how he would often verbally abuse her because she was "odd". She wore unfashionable clothes and was introverted, the 17-year-old claimed.

Peter Ashworth, the Derby coroner, recorded a verdict of suicide. He said there were three factors why Kelly chose to end her life: teasing and harassment at school, bullying in the streets, and her home situation.

He described Kelly as a particularly vulnerable girl who would have been deeply upset by the verbal abuse she suffered. "On the spur of the moment she decided she had had enough and decided to take her life."

After Kelly's death five youths aged between 13 and 17 were given attendance centre orders by Derby magistrates after admitting causing intentional harassment to the Yeomans.

Knock seeks to close the door

Audrey Magee on travellers who are unwanted at international shrine

CLERGY and shopkeepers at Knock, the Roman Catholic shrine, are seeking to force out 350 travellers who have set up home in the public car park.

The travellers, in 50 mobile homes, have draped washing lines across statues and turned the once pristine West of Ireland shrine into a mess. The clergy, shopkeepers, Gardaí and council want them out before the weekend when 200,000 pilgrims are expected for annual devotions to the Virgin Mary.

"Everybody is welcome in Knock but we can not tolerate what is going on," said a Church spokesman. "Pilgrims

are moving out, terrified of being robbed. Those who come are being intimidated by beggars who will not accept 10p but demand £5 and £10."

About 20 traveller families arrived last week at the camping ground. When more followed, they all moved into the council-owned car park.

John Kelly, chairman of the Knock Development Association, said: "Two thirds of the car park is filled with these caravans. Last night we had fighting on the streets. This is not conducive to an international shrine. Travellers, often very religious

people, make annual pilgrimages to Knock, but never before have they come in such numbers or set up home in the car park. Some of the travellers, particularly the women, are praying every day but most are using it as a base to sell carpets and furniture to people in Mayo."

Patrick Healy, one of the travellers, said that they wanted to stay in Knock until after Sunday's special day of prayer. He has offered up to £2,000 to farmers willing to accommodate the travellers. To date, he has not found a farmer to take up his offer.

Knock is
led as a
mader

Avengers are keeping out of the picture

Film and stars are absent from launch intended to revive heroic TV duo, reports Carol Midgley

IT WAS all jolly strange. A celebrity launch of a £40 million film version of *The Avengers* went ahead last night about the stars who play the two British television heroes. The stranger was the absence of the film itself. In a highly unusual move, Warner Brothers has decided to dispense with the tradition of a gala premiere for its summer blockbuster, and will release the film worldwide on Friday without a single critic having seen it. There have been no official previews or screenings and the film's production has been shrouded in secrecy, amid rumours that there have been last-minute, niggling problems.

Warner says it is because it wants the public to see the film first. Experts, however, believe the studio knows the film will be panned by critics. Asked why the stars had declined to come to its British launch at a West London nightclub, a Warner spokeswoman said: "It is not that they didn't want to come. Uma Thurman has just had a baby and Ralph Fiennes is in Budapest filming his next project."

Thurman plays Emma Peel, the role originally made famous by Dame Diana Rigg, and Fiennes plays the dapper hero John Steed, originally played by Patrick Macnee. In the film of the swinging 1960s London, Sean Connery is cast as the villain, Sir August De Wynter. One film expert said: "There has been tons of advertising and trailers, but the critics are effectively being banned from passing opinion before it goes out. It all seems highly suspicious. It suggests Warner's don't have a lot of confidence in their product."

Jeff Kaye, European bureau chief of the *Hollywood Reporter*, added: "Traditionally, this is a strategy used to bypass the reviewers when they know they have got a stinker on their hands. They try to get as many minutes as possible to see it before word of mouth gets round."

Films can survive a critical

pastings if word of mouth attracts viewers. *Bean*, adapted from *Mr Bean*, with Rowan Atkinson, was panned by critics but still made more than \$200 million worldwide. *Barman*, which also received some poor reviews, grossed \$400 million. Last year, Warner Brothers took legal action against the *Daily Mail* over a report suggesting that executives had been unimpressed by *The Avengers*.

In the adventure, Steed and Mrs Peel set out to defeat the evil Sir August's plot to play havoc with the British weather. According to the US critic Harry Knowles, who runs a maverick Internet film magazine on his *Alt* site, Cool website, the few who have seen the film in test screenings have not liked it: "The preview audiences hated the film. One guy claimed he loved the original *Avengers* series, but couldn't stand the new movie."

Some of these audiences' verdicts have been posted on Knowles' website. One alleged that, at a test screening in Phoenix, Arizona, "nine out of ten people hated the film".

A recent contributor to the website said he had attended a trade screening of *The Avengers*, and added: "The movie is really abysmal. Its incoherence is matched only by the utter lack of enthusiasm by any of the actors. If Ralph Fiennes underplayed Steed anymore than he already does, he would disappear altogether."

Boyd Farrow, the editor of *Screen International*, said: "Not having press screenings is done very, very rarely. The last time it happened was a big film with *The Scarlet Letter* (starring Demi Moore), which sank like a stone."

At last night's party, at the Leopard Lounge in Follies, Suggs, former singer with Madness, performed alongside Utah Saints and Roni Size. Guests included Grace Jones, John Cleese, Malcolm McLaren, Denise Van Outen, Emma Noble and James Major.



Long-distance call: Uma Thurman, in a scene as Emma Peel, is at home with her new baby, while her co-star, Ralph Fiennes, is said to be filming in Budapest

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The TV originals Diana Rigg and Patrick Macnee

Desert rock is confirmed as a Martian invader

By Nigel Hawkes, Science Editor

A METEORITE that had been sitting in the Sahara for 40,000 years, originated on Mars, researchers from the Open University declared yesterday.

That could make its owner a very rich man, because Martian meteorites have become extremely valuable since scientists from the US space agency NASA suggested two years ago that they had found signs of life in one.

The 2.2-kilogram meteorite, whose owner has not been named, could be worth about £1.4 million, some estimates suggest. It is only the 13th such meteorite out of 20,000 in

for further analysis. All the other 12 are owned by the US Government or museums, including the Natural History Museum in London.

The meteorites were formed when a comet or asteroid collided with Mars at least a million years ago, "splashing" rock into space. The fact that it has been weathering in the Sahara for 40,000 years means that it is unlikely to advance the question of whether there is, or has been, life on Mars. The sample will have become contaminated with Earth-based life, so any evidence would be equivocal at best.

The claim that another Mars meteorite, Allen Hills 84001, contains evidence of life has divided the scientific community since it was first advanced in August 1996. The majority has always been sceptical, but Professor Fillingim remains optimistic.

He said: "I think the conditions on Mars are far more appropriate than we thought they were maybe five years ago. We certainly know now there was water trickling around Mars, and water is the essential condition for life."

Ian Wright, a researcher, said: "Clearly we won't ever be looking for any advanced forms of life, but in the microscopic record, there could be a rich variety of things."

Most people believe the controversy will be settled only by going to Mars and collecting samples. Professor Fillingim is a leading supporter of one such project that aims to put a robot explorer on the surface of the planet in 2003.



Alien meteorite could be worth more than £1m

collections around the world that can be proved to have originated on Mars.

The team established that oxygen trapped inside a section weighing 0.15g, which it was given to examine, had a particular composition that identified it as originating from Mars. The leader, Professor Colin Pillinger, said yesterday that he was "absolutely sure" of its origins.

Lucky 13, which is the size of a grapefruit, is the only meteorite known to be from Mars in private hands and the scientific community hopes it can get hold of a small chunk

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cide, coroner rul



Surgeons remove Leeson's tumour

Leeson is now 2½ years into a 6½-year sentence imposed for illegal trading that left Barings with debts of £860 million. His lawyer in Singapore, John Koh, has submitted an application for him to be transferred to a British jail, but any such move would require the consent of Singapore's President.



CORRECTION

The man pictured in clown's costume (photograph, July 28) was not, as incorrectly stated in the caption, Uri Geller, and we apologise for the mistake.

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Seaside scene recalls resort's days in the sun

Ramsgate once played host to royalty, but then became cockney day trip, writes

John Young

ON THE harbourfront at Ramsgate, just in front of the clockhouse which is now the maritime museum, stands a 50ft obelisk. The inscription reveals that it was erected in 1821 by the town's inhabitants and visitors, and by the directors and trustees of the harbour, as "a grateful record of His Majesty's [George IV's] gracious condescension" in choosing to embark from the port on a visit to Hanover, where, it will be recalled, he had family connections.

Today people travelling to Ramsgate to catch the ferry to France might see it as just another seaside resort a bit down on its luck. But Ramsgate is a lot grander than that and, if it doesn't live entirely in its past, it certainly cherishes it.

Designated by Richard III as a "limb" of the Cinque Port of Sandwich, it grew steadily in importance, first as a fishing village, then as a port and later still as a fashionable resort for the wealthy and famous. George's Queen Caroline took a fancy to the place, and Victoria stayed there several times as a girl with her mother.

Other notable visitors included Jane Austen, Dickens, Hans Christian Andersen and the painters Reynolds and Turner. Vincent Van Gogh worked there as a language teacher and Wilkie Collins wrote *The Woman in White* while living at 14 Nelson Crescent. Augustus Pugin designed St Augustine's Church and the Grange next door, where he lived for the last ten years of his life.

The town's Georgian and Regency heyday is recalled by several elegant squares, crescents and terraces. Wellington Crescent was erected on the site of the parade ground used by troops embarking for the Napoleonic Wars, and it was from Ramsgate nearly a century and a half later that the main fleet of "little ships" set sail for Dunkirk.

By 1851, when William Powell Frith spent his summer holiday in the town, the rapid development of the railways meant that it was attracting a much broader range of visitors. There were inevitably those who deplored the invasion of crowds from London, but Frith was not among them. "The variety of character on Ramsgate Sands attracted me," he wrote. "All sorts and conditions of men and women were there. Pretty groups of ladies were to be found reading, idling, work-



Rich and poor rubbing shoulders at the water's edge, as depicted by William Frith in 1854. In today's equivalent scene, the tip of the obelisk can be seen behind the Casino nightspot



Today *The Times* continues its series on how scenes by great British artists have changed

No 2: William Powell Frith, *Ramsgate Sands: Life at the Seaside, 1854*

ing and unconsciously forming themselves into very paintable compositions."

The result is a wonderfully entertaining depiction of Victorian England at play. There were those who affected to find it distasteful; one critic called it "a piece of vulgar cockney business", which goes to show that there were at least as many pompous asses then as now.

The public knew better. When the painting was exhibited at the Royal Academy it was not only a huge popular success but found a ready purchaser in none other than the Queen, who, remembering her happy girlhood days at the seaside, persuaded her beloved Albert that they should fork out the princely sum of 1,000 guineas to acquire it for the Royal Collection. Its success inspired Frith to go on to

paint the equally popular *Derby Day* in 1858 and *The Railway Station* in 1862. Each repays careful observation for the wealth of detail, colour and humour within.

The beach, the racecourse and the station were all places where the social classes intermingled. In *Ramsgate Sands* the "respectable" people appear to have brought their own — or, more likely, the hotel's — furniture down to the sands, and one gentleman is absorbed by his newspaper, ostentatiously oblivious to the noise and activity around him.

But not far from the group of young ladies attired in their holiday best are some unmistakably tougher eggs. A girl paddles, a younger one plays with what is presumably her parents' telescope, and a minstrel group provides musical entertainment. The whole

panorama could be described as the visual equivalent of a Dickensian novel.

Today the obelisk and the clock tower are partly obscured by a featureless white building with a hideous blue-green roof that houses the Casino nightspot. The bathing tents have long gone and the seawater baths are an amusement arcade. Just above the beach, construction crews are at work on a marine esplanade, partly funded by the European Union which has designated the Isle of Thanet as a development area.

But the sands are still golden and fairly litter-free, and seagulls swoop over a surprisingly clear blue sea. A large and bustling marina has been developed and costumed guides introduce tourists to the town's history.

With its heritage and architecture, Ramsgate has a decidedly more upmarket appeal than some newer, brasher resorts. The marina attracts many small-boat sailors from the Continent, who provide something of a cosmopolitan flavour. Victoria, one suspects, would have been pleasantly surprised.

Ramsgate Sands: Life at the Seaside is on display at an exhibition, *The Queen for Al-bion: Monarchy and the Patronage of British Painting, at the Queen's Gallery, Buckingham Palace, until October 11.* □ NEXT: *Pittessie Fair*, by Sir David Wilkie

Parachutist crashes to avoid crowd at festival

AN ARMY parachutist crashed to the ground at high speed as thousands of spectators looked on.

Timothy Wallace, 25, an officer in the Prince of Wales's Own Regiment, suffered two compound fractures and two damaged vertebrae in the fall at the annual Leeds Mea festival on Sunday.

Although his parachute had opened correctly, Mr Wallace, from Dale Barracks, Chester, hit the ground as he tried to adjust his risers on the descent to the main arena at Roundhay Park to avoid landing amid the crowd of spectators. He was taking part in a two-man freefall display from 5,000ft.

He is understood to have hit the ground on his bottom and bounced. He remained fully conscious as St John Ambulance volunteers attended to him. He was reported to be in a stable and comfortable condition in hospital last night.

Memo to Bar Council admits 'ludicrous' fees

By RICHARD FORD, HOME CORRESPONDENT

SOME barristers are claiming "ludicrously" high legal aid fees, a secret report prepared for the Bar Council has admitted.

They have claimed cash to which they are not entitled and some QCs have found that junior barristers working with them are putting in claims for huge sums.

The admission was made in a secret memorandum sent to members of the Bar Council's professional standards committee, which is preparing a response to the Government's high-profile campaign against legal aid fees earned by barristers. Mark Stobbs, head of professional standards at the Bar Council, says in the memo there are "anecdotal accounts of barristers claiming fees where they do not appear entitled to do so, or of silks discovering that their juniors are claiming ludicrously high amounts".

His memo adds: "One barrister sent in a response to the

Inland Revenue... indicating that he always inflated his fees knowing that they would be taxed down." The memo, disclosed in *The Lawyer* magazine, was sent as the Bar Council prepares a response to the drive by Lord Irvine of Lairg, the Lord Chancellor, who wants to see a crackdown on overcharging.

A list of about 20 barristers, whose fees have been heavily cut, has been given to the Bar Council by the Lord Chancellor's Department. The list, which has not been made public, is made up largely of barristers whose claims for legal aid work was cut by at least 50 per cent by officials in the department.

The Bar is considering making it a professional rule requiring barristers to "blow the whistle" on any colleague known to be submitting excessive claims. It is also studying whether to make it a disciplinary offence for barristers to overcharge by 50 per cent or

more and to make barristers produce detailed work schedules for their cases.

A barrister found breaching the discipline code could be fined or suspended from practising. At present barristers who claim excessive fees can be disciplined only if they have been dishonest or breach legal aid regulations.

A statement from the Bar Council warned: "Any barrister who deliberately over-claims for legal aid work is bringing the profession into disrepute and we have always made clear that such practice is totally unacceptable. We will not let the actions of any such barrister be used to undermine the Legal Aid system which underpins justice."

Under existing rules barristers put in a claim for legal aid work to the Lord Chancellor's Department based on preparation, type of case and days in court.

Legal, pages 29-31

Flying reminder on safe holiday sex

By IAN MURRAY
MEDICAL CORRESPONDENT

YOUNG people are to be given a safe-sex message on charter aircraft taking them to their breaks in the sun. The dangers of a casual holiday romance are to be highlighted just as the plane is landing and all the passengers are strapped in their seats.

The Health Education Authority hopes that the video-screen message, along with a voiceover on the loud-speaker, will ensure that holidaymakers

take more care. A second message for the return journey will offer advice for those worried that they have picked up a sexual infection. Over the next three months, the authority expects to get its message over to more than six million travellers in this way, 250,000 of them young people.

The campaign is being launched after a survey showed that almost one in six people aged 18-32 has had sex with a new partner on holiday and that only half used a condom. Only one in eight thought that the danger of HIV

infection was an issue for travellers. While 83 per cent of travel brochures recommend insurance, 69 per cent give advice on immunisation and 45 per cent warn about sun exposure, only 3 per cent give advice on safe sex.

Club 18-30 said that, for the past seven years, it had provided safe-sex advice to travellers, including a voucher entitling them to free condoms.

The authority is also distributing posters to nightclubs, reminding young people to include condoms in their holiday luggage.

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A live Q & A session will be held on the Internet between 10am and 12 noon this morning.



Hottest month fuels fear on global warming

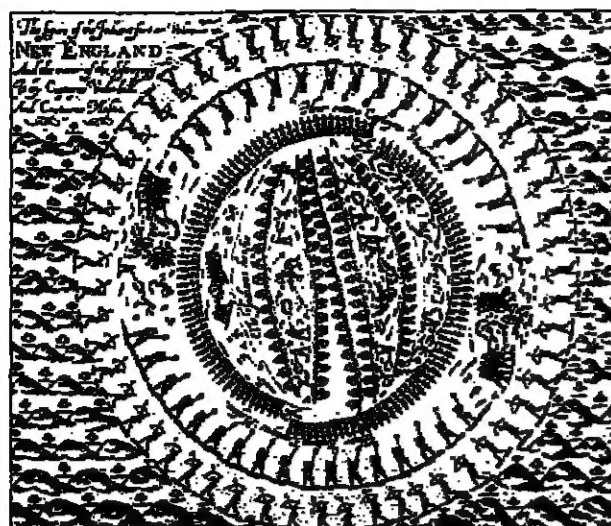
By DAMIAN WHITWORTH
in Washington

ALTHOUGH it may not have felt like it in Britain, July was the world's hottest month since records began, according to figures released by the White House yesterday.

Vice-President Al Gore, who disclosed the new data, said it was a clear indication of global warming, evidence for which was rising "even faster than the thermometers". The figures, from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, show that the average global temperature last month was 16.5C (61.7F), about 0.7C above normal for July. This was almost 0.3C higher than the previous hottest month — July last year.

This year began with the warmest January since records began 118 years ago. Every following month also broke the record for that particular month. But July, Mr Gore emphasised, was not just the hottest July on record. He added that for records to be broken every month this year could not be an accident, and the phenomenon was clearly due to global warming.

Mr Gore said that stepping outside in parts of America now was like "opening the oven to check on the cookies", adding: "If we don't do something about global warming, what we have experienced this summer is going to get to be a lot more common, and it will get worse. But the good news is, we can stop this." □ **Nicosia:** Forty-eight people have died and hundreds more have been taken to hospital suffering from dehydration or sunstroke as a heatwave that began last week continues to grip Cyprus, authorities said. (Reuters)



A 1637 engraving depicting an English attack on a Pequot fort, one of the artefacts in the new museum

Casino tribe in \$193m homage to heritage

FROM TUNKU VARADARAJAN IN NEW YORK

A NATIVE American tribe who once verged on extinction celebrated their rebirth yesterday by opening a glamorous museum of their history that is worth \$193 million (£119 million) — all paid for by slot machines at the Indians' own nearby Connecticut casino.

Foxwoods Resort, the biggest casino in the Western hemisphere, is better known by far than the Mashantucket Pequot tribe who own the gambling complex.

However, the museum opens an intriguing new phase in the history of the

tribe, marked through the years by dramatically changing fortunes. Steve Denrui, the director of marketing and development, said: "It's the only museum of its type in the world in terms of being about, owned and operated by indigenous people."

The Pequots were once a major force in southeastern Connecticut, occupying about 250 square miles and numbering 8,000 people by the early 17th century. Then the English came. The tribe was nearly wiped out in the Pequot War of 1636-38, when the English

were assisted by the Mohican and Narragansett Indians, and the survivors were kept in servitude by the Pilgrims.

By 1910, the tribe was in terminal decline with only 66 Pequots in America. Their descendants, however, proved a redoubtable lot, recovering their ancestral lands in a series of 1970s lawsuits. They won their battles in court and, aided by generous state laws and a more favourable political climate, ran high-stakes bingo on their reservation.

In 1992 they set up Foxwoods in Mashantucket,

and today's 550 Pequots live as well as Texan oil barons. The museum, which is reached by a brief shuttle ride from Foxwoods, covers a sprawling 308,000 sq ft site.

Displays cover every period of Pequot history, from the glacial age 11,000 years ago when their ancestors are believed to have trudged into the region, to the pre-Foxwoods days, when tribe members eked out a grubby existence amid trailers and alcohol.

The centrepiece of the museum — which also boasts a research centre for students of

Native American history — is a Pequot village representing the tribe's way of life in the days just before the Pilgrims' arrival.

The village is a remarkable — and expensive — *son-et-lumière* water gusher in a reconstructed riverbed and 110 speakers emit the sounds of crickets, geese and dogs. There are 50 simulated trees, with five million green polyester leaves, each hand-painted with dabs of yellow, bronze and ivory.

W. Richard West, director of the National Museum of the

American Indian at the Smithsonian Institution, told *The New York Times* that the new venture was poetic justice for "a people and a culture that had been left for dead".

He said: "The Pequots were historically one of the most potent political and military forces on the East Coast. Now they've come full circle. No one can say the glory of native culture is a past phenomenon."

This glory has come from a less than glorious source, of course, but the Pequots are unabashed by their museum's

link to Foxwoods. The money needed to build the place and stock it with artefacts is the equivalent of four months' takings from their slot machines.

The tribe insists, however, that their desire for a museum predates Foxwoods by several years.

Theresa Hayward Bell, executive director of the museum, said: "This is the culmination of a dream of 30 years, to tell the largely unknown story of the Pequots and to preserve our culture and history."



A museum diorama showing Pequot Indians hunting caribou as they moved on to what became their East Coast tribal lands 11,000 years ago

Veteran Glenn flexes muscles for return to space at 77

FROM IAN BRODIE
in Washington



Glenn: rigorous training

WHILE his fellow US senators headed for the beach and other holiday spots yesterday, John Glenn began the toughest month of pre-flight training for his return to space at the age of 77.

Senator Glenn will become by far the oldest astronaut when he blasts off in the *Discovery* shuttle on

October 29 for a nine-day mission. Yet he already runs rings around the rest of the crew in terms of endurance, according to Rob Navias, a NASA spokesman, who said: "He has absolutely no flab. His stomach's as flat as a board."

For the next four weeks, Mr Glenn will carry out gruelling exercises, training and emergency procedures. It will be reminiscent of Mr Glenn's training when he

became the first American to orbit Earth in 1962 in his *Mercury* spacecraft. In the 36 years since, his hair has turned from red to white. He weighed 12st then and has added a few pounds in the intervening years, but will not say how many.

Nowadays, he speed-walks two miles a day, works out on a treadmill and lifts weights. The shuttle's quarters are spacious compared to *Mercury* — so small that

astronauts joked they did not so much climb inside the capsule as put it on.

The trip is a huge publicity bonanza for NASA. Mr Glenn's declared mission is to help to study the effects of space travel on a septuagenarian. *Science* magazine has publicly questioned the scientific value. John Eke, director of space policy for the Federation of American Scientists, told *Time*

magazine: "It has everything to do with making the country feel good. It's about the right stuff, not science. Which is fine with me."

□ **Moscow:** Yuri Bazarin, 49, a sacked presidential adviser, will be part of a three-man rocket team to blast off from the Baikonur space centre in Kazakhstan on Thursday. He is scheduled to spend ten days on Mir, conducting scientific experiments. (AFP)



Taleban's triumph over Masood forces alarms neighbours

By CHRISTOPHER THOMAS, SOUTH ASIA CORRESPONDENT, AND ZAHID HUSSAIN IN KARACHI

THE battle for control of Afghanistan moved decisively to the northern outskirts of Kabul, the capital, yesterday after the fall of the northern city of Mazar-i-Sharif to the Taleban Islamic militia. The developments are viewed with mounting alarm by Russia and the Central Asian states as well as Pakistan.

Taleban forces intensified their attack on the Panjshir Valley stronghold of General Ahmed Shah Masood, the Tajik leader, now the biggest obstacle to Taleban's ambitions to control the entire country. He is heavily armed with Russian weapons, but has been driven back out of range of Kabul. With his supply routes from Tajikistan threatened, he could eventually be vulnerable.

Given his off-proven military prowess, however, it could be a long battle. The Taleban tactic of buying off its enemies will not work with General Masood: the hero of the guerrilla war against the Soviet occupation forces has dug in for what could be his decisive fight for survival.

With almost the entire country now under Taleban's control, the hardline Islamist movement will seek formal international recognition as the legitimate Government of Afghanistan. It is claiming the right to take Afghanistan's seat at the United Nations. Most countries still recognise the Government of the ousted President, Burhanuddin Rabbani, which ruled through military might.

Central Asian states now face the potentially destabilising prospect of Taleban forces occupying territory along their southern borders. The militia has always insisted that it has no territorial ambitions but the presence of an extremist religious group on the frontier could have a destabilising impact right through the region.

For Pakistan, as well, there are dangers, even though it played a pivotal part in the creation and sustenance of Taleban, especially after its emergence in 1994. Taleban leaders may cover border areas in Pakistan's tribal regions where Pashtuns predominate; for many tribal leaders, the dream of forging a nation called Pashtunistan is very much alive.

At the weekend, thousands of students of *madrasahs* (religious schools) across Pakistan went to Afghanistan to reinforce Taleban positions. Most are Afghans, but there are also many Pakistanis among them who wanted to participate in what they describe as jihad (holy war).

For years the schools have provided the fighters for Taleban. Its victory has given a new stridency to the Islamist forces in Pakistan: and there are growing fears that the war-hardened religious students may fuel Islamic extremism in a country torn by sectarian conflict.

WORLD IN BRIEF

Balloonist Fossett recovers from fire

Rio de Janeiro: Steve Fossett, the American millionaire adventurer who is attempting his fourth round-the-world flight in a balloon, is back on course over the South Atlantic after repairing damage caused by a small fire on board. (Gabriella Giamini writes)

The fire, started by a leak of liquid propane from a pressurised fuel hose, damaged two of the balloon's four burners. Mr Fossett suffered a slight burn and singed eyebrows while extinguishing the fire, but is said to have been able to get all of the burners working again.

Latest reports from his mission control centre in St Louis, Missouri, said that he had covered 2,900 miles and was "cruising on course" towards South Africa.

Leak theory in ski tragedy

Sydney: The worst landslide in Australia's modern history, which killed 18 people and flattened two ski lodges, may have been triggered by a leaking pipe, an inquest heard (Roger Maynard writes). In 1984 engineers laid a pipeline along the Alpine Way. It was probably a leak from that pipe that slowly undermined the road's foundations and led to the landslide. The New South Wales Coroner was told. The inquest into the disaster at the ski resort of Thredbo last July is expected to last until December.

Tea poisons Japan workers

Tokyo: An office tea break yesterday proved hazardous for ten employees who collapsed in agony after drinking tea made with hot water from an urn that may have contained poison (Robert Whymant writes). Police in Niigata, northern Japan, said they were treating the incident as a deliberate poisoning, and a possible copycat crime inspired by a mass poisoning incident little more than a fortnight ago. The ten were said to be in a stable condition in hospital last night.

Troops kill 27 Algeria rebels

Algiers: Troops have killed 27 Muslim rebels, most of them in a forest in southwestern Algeria, in military operations, local newspapers reported yesterday. Nineteen members of the Armed Islamic Group (GIA), Algeria's most radical guerrilla faction, were shot dead over the past few days in the forest near Tiarat, 125 miles southwest of Algiers, the daily *L'Autorité* said. Troops were continuing to comb the Tachia forest and a nearby mountain province. (Reuters)

Pope casts his Net wider

Rome: The Pope will take his message to millions of cyberspace Catholics from the weekend when Internet users around the globe will be able to hear his teachings live via their computers. The Vatican said yesterday. The world's one billion Roman Catholics will hear and see the pontiff recite his Angelus prayer on Sundays and follow other Vatican ceremonies. The website is <http://www.vatican.va>

Maoris 'came from China'

Wellington: Ancestors of New Zealand's Maoris and other Polynesian peoples of the Pacific came from mainland China, according to research on human DNA. Dr Geoffrey Chambers, a Victoria University scientist, said the migration took place over many centuries, with people island-hopping from Taiwan, through the Philippines and Indonesia to west Polynesia, east Polynesia and then New Zealand. (AFP)

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My career cost me custody



In a landmark US case, Alice Hector lost custody of her two daughters, aged 9 and 12, to her ex-husband, because their appeal court judges decided that she spent too much time at work to care for them properly

This woman lost custody of her children for getting home at 7pm, says Barry Wigmore

As a working mother, Alice Hector thought she had life organised quite well: up at 5.30am; water the plants; feed the animals; make the school lunches; make breakfast; wake the children at 7am; make the beds; take the children to school at 8am; then on to the office in which she worked as a high-flying lawyer until 6.30pm or 7pm.

She had followed the same routine, she says, since the children — now aged 9 and 12 — started school.

At different times, an au pair or a housekeeper was hired to collect her daughters, Avery and Baylor, from school, take them to the two or three hours of after-school activities that American children have just about every day, then prepare dinner.

For much of this time, Ms Hector's husband, Robert Young, 45 — a sometime architect, builder, publisher and photographer — was unemployed, although he was always busy "doing stuff", she says, much of which did not bring in any money.

So Ms Hector was devastated when, in an increasingly bitter divorce dispute, she lost custody of her daughters to her husband because three appeal court judges — all were men — decided that she spent too much time at work to care for them properly.

The decision, under new "gender neutral" custody laws which are rapidly being adopted in states across America, sent shock waves through the ranks of working mothers everywhere.

On the basis that what happens in the United States inevitably finds its way across the Atlantic, it bodes ill for career women in Britain as well.

In the US, the case is being watched closely by women's groups, which say that courts sometimes punish career women by favouring stay-at-home fathers in divorce cases.

Nancy Duff Campbell, co-president of the National Women's Law Centre, says: "On this basis, just about every working mother in America could lose her children."

However, others view the case as the natural result of the increasing number of marriages in which the husband becomes "Mr Mum".

Ellen Lyons, one of two lawyers representing Mr Young, says: "Times are changing. Women are over 50 per cent of the workforce, and some husbands are going to pursue careers in the home."

While Ms Hector appreciates these cold, legal arguments, her emotions as a mother are in turmoil.

"I was shocked; devastated. It was

horrible," she says. She sits in her spectacular corner office — which is a testament to her success — on the 48th floor of a 55-storey black glass skyscraper with views across Miami harbour, the bay, Miami Beach and the ocean beyond.

Things turned bad for Ms Hector and Mr Young in about 1992 — ten years into their marriage. It was her second and his first.

They had met in Albuquerque, New Mexico, where she had a successful legal career which resulted in her owning a firm. Mr Young, who designed and built luxury houses, was also fairly successful.

But in the late Eighties he caught the treasure-hunting bug and went into the New Mexico desert to search for the fabled \$4 billion Doc Nos treasure trove. He was away for 18 months during which time, Ms Hector told the court, he had an affair.

And the treasure — if it exists — is still out there.

There were also other problems in the marriage. "He is a very 'black-and-white' man," says Ms Hector, "and he had a lot of lawsuits: against his brother; another brother's estate; with former business partners. He will not compromise, even though he loses almost every case."

"We argued because I refused to represent him because I felt it was throwing good money after bad."

In a last-ditch attempt to repair the marriage, they moved to Miami. It didn't work and, finally, Ms Hector says, she told her husband that she wanted a divorce.

At the custody hearing, the divorce judge sided with Ms Hector and she was awarded custody, with her ex-husband getting generous daily visiting rights.

Witnesses for both sides testified on what caring parents they were. A special legal "guardian", appointed to represent the children's interests, said their father was phenomenal with the children and warmer than their mother.

Mr Young, on the other hand, was inclined to lose his temper more.

During the custody hearing, one witness for Mr Young was Joan Hamel,

the mother of one of the children's best friends.

She told the judge that Mr Young was an attentive parent who always arrived early at school plays and videotaped them. Ms Hector, on the other hand, once arrived late and read law books during the performance.

"I didn't work during the performance," Ms Hector says. "Most parents who work weren't even there. I was one of the few working parents who made it. I had some work to do, so I took it with me. I sat there and read it until the thing started, and put it down and watched the play until the end. It seemed a fairly efficient way to combine working and being a mum."

"You can take your kid to the doctor's office, you sit in the doctor's office and read and do various things. But you certainly don't read while the doctor's telling you what's wrong with your child. It seems like a normal thing to do, to be flexible about where you're doing your work."

The guardian said Mr Young was the dominant carer during the day, but Ms Hector took over at weekends and "consistently spends time" with the children. He recommended that Ms Hector should have custody.

Mr Young appealed to secure custody of the children and the chance of alimony that would go with that. He estimates, conservatively, her income at \$300,000 (£183,000) annually. Since the divorce, he works at the local YMCA, where his daughters have some of their after-school sports. He earns one tenth of Ms Hector's salary.

The appeal court sided with Mr Young and Ms Hector has applied to the full Florida Appeal Court — of ten men and one woman — for a new custody hearing. Meanwhile she still has the children, although they are holidaying with their father at present.

"What this comes down to is quantity versus quality time," Ms Hector says. "Which is more important?"

She agrees with the gender neutral laws but says they were wrongly applied in her case by appeal judges who read transcripts and knew nothing of the personalities.

"This is not an issue for an appeal court," she says. "Especially when it has been shown that appeal decisions, when there are only men on the bench, tend to favour the men."

"They are much more even between the genders when the only woman appeal judge sits with two men."

"The real issue here is: who is the primary carer? A mum is the one who gets up in the middle of the night when the kids have a fever, and who gets up every single day and makes their lunch and sends them off to school."

"Who do they look to? ... that's who the carer is. And that always was me."

School-age children are in school essentially from 8am to 3.30pm. The afternoon activities that they have outside on the soccer field, and everything else — it's not quality time with the parents. All parents do is drive them around.

"My ex-husband did it for about a week after we were divorced. That was all he lasted, and he said, 'This is incredibly boring. This isn't quality time at all.'"

"I said, 'What have I been saying for years? That's the point. Until you get to dinner time, and what happens after dinner time, that's really the quality time. The quality time is in the morning, the evenings, and weekends. That's the time that working parents are available anyway.'"

"I would get home some time between 6.30pm and 7.30pm. From the moment I walked in, he would disappear."

"He would go in his office or his bedroom, or he'd leave the house. Then I would take care of the kids, see to the homework, listen to music with them, read books to them, do whatever; we're not TV watchers. And then they would go to bed."

"Every weekend I would have them all the time. A long time ago I vowed to spend weekends with the kids, unless I have something huge involving work. I take them to soccer games, to the beach, the zoo. My ex-husband would either be sitting round watching television, or out."

"He doesn't do beds; he doesn't do dishes; he doesn't do laundry. He doesn't do any of the things that women do."

She pauses, then adds: "I enjoy my work. I love my clients. And I love my kids. And I thought I had the perfect balance."

"I feel incredibly indignant that a person who went away should win and have me pay for him for the rest of his life. I mean, to me it's just outrageous. It's rubbing salt in the wound."

Is there such a thing as quality time?

The appeal court ruling in America will not necessarily trigger a batch of similar cases here, although working mothers would do well to take note.

Rosalind Miles, a social commentator and author of *The Children We Desire*, says: "I would not see this as

setting a precedent for British law. We should never underestimate the puritanism of America and the fundamentalism that underlies much of its thinking."

Rather, there are indications that the trend has independently taken root on this side of the Atlantic. "We don't have to wait for America," Dr Miles says. "We are already seeing cases where men are getting custody from working women, which is particularly painful for women who felt they were doing their best for their kids. Usually, in our courts, it is because the children know the father better."

"Women must be a bit canny in protecting their position."

Dr Miles is scornful of the "quality time" set aside by working parents. "There is no such thing as quality time," she says. "It is a myth. Children are most alert early in the day. They are no good in the cocktail hour."

In other words, quality time is merely a phrase concocted to assuage a parent's guilt at not being around.

"The point is, nobody wants to be with young children," Dr Miles says. "It's exhausting. When you com-

pare having a nice job with staying at home with a toddler, it isn't as much fun."

The problem, she says, is that career women are trying to treat "time with the children" as they would any other work assignment. Put in sufficient input and you will reap the benefits. But according to Dr Miles: "Par-

ents get sneered at by some women for giving up work. The catch is that the child-rearing years, the twenties and thirties, are also the years for careers taking off."

Combining career and motherhood was once not an option. If you wanted to get on in your job, you could not have children. Now the

reasoning tends to be: you can have your baby as long as it doesn't make a difference — hence the pressure on working mothers to dump their offspring at the crèche as soon as possible after giving birth.

Dorothy Rowe, the psychologist and writer, says that children in custody battles should have more say in their futures. "They should be asked and their opinions should be taken into account," she says.

Dr Rowe argues that giving up work to spend more time with the children may not be the solution. "It goes against government policy,"

she says. "A run of similar cases in the UK is unlikely for now. It would take a big change in public opinion."

Dr Rowe adds: "The most difficult thing about being a parent is not what you do for your child, but how they interpret what you do. They need to know that a parent can be called upon when needed."

"Having you there when they wake up from a nightmare might be better than three hours at the zoo."

JON ASHWORTH



Working mothers feel endlessly guilty

Another day, another gin

Why do women drink too much? asks Sally Morris

BEEN promoted? Got a rise? Great. Let's celebrate. Or maybe not. Just when young women thought they were breaking through that career glass ceiling, health experts warn them they're more likely to be carried off to Alcoholics Anonymous than to a seat in the boardroom. And they might end up infertile as well.

Last night BBC's *Watchdog* reported that professional single women in their mid-thirties or early thirties are most at risk of developing serious drink problems. We're not talking about one too many chardonnays, but about one in eight women drinking more than the recommended two units of alcohol a day, and half a million drinking more than 36 units — six bottles of wine — a week.

But are we really surprised? Single young, employed women have financial indepen-

dence and no responsibility, a combination once reserved for bachelors. But they also work demanding hours, constantly compete against men for promotion and have ever less time for the cinema, theatre and dating. The pub is a quicker alternative.

Of course, you don't have to drink to have fun. But the initial effects of a few drinks in good company is enjoyable. It's a chance to be uninhibited after watching your ever word and move in a competitive environment. It's fun in an increasingly intense world.

Sadly, it's all too easy to consume an alarming level of alcohol without realising it. Imagine our career woman out at

a business lunch two or three times a week. She shares a bottle of wine at each. After work she has two or three glasses before moving on to a meal with more drinks; at the weekend there's a party or dinner. Suddenly those 36 glasses aren't so impossible. Yet young women don't feel they have a problem; everybody they know does the same.

In their mid-thirties most women still imagine they will meet the man of their dreams. They have a home, maybe some kids — so they'll clean up their act when they have to. The day will come soon enough when that cheque gets eaten up by nannies, cleaners, swimming lessons and Barbie

nighties. Eat, drink and be merry, they say, for tomorrow you may be a mother. (Though any mum who has spent a day in the office only to come home to tired, attention-seeking children knows that the one thing that can get her through flying toothbrushes and endless requests for stories is the thought that when it's over she can treat herself to a glass of wine. Or two.)

So should these figures worry us? Yes, anyone who has experienced the effects of alcoholism on individuals and those around them knows it is no laughing matter. But as long as our social lives centre around drink, as long as young women feel they have the right to drink as much as men, as long as it feels good at the time, then the short-term effects will always outweigh the long-term ones until the damage has been done.

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How Doris Karloff was monstered

It isn't great to be a British eccentric, says Michael Gove

I hated *In the Company of Men*. The film tells the story of a plot by two colleagues to seduce, then abandon, an innocent female colleague. In its loving bare of male calculation, it unravels terribly. *Twelfth Night* is one of the most disturbing of Shakespeare's comedies. The manner in which Malvolio is led to believe he is adored, for the entertainment of others, is an exercise in cruelty. Both remind me uncomfortably of Arin Widdicombe.

I admire Miss Widdicombe, a woman of moral courage and intellectual consistency. Her stand on foxhunting was brave, her decision to attack Michael Howard braver. But she is being taken for a ride. She is the Conservative most in demand for interviews and profiles. Eminent quoteable — "The BBC are the worst purveyors of filth" — and only too willing to pose with her teddy bears, she is a bracing contrast to the blow-dried Blairites. You cannot imagine her spending £135 on a haircut.

Journalists preface their profiles with admiring references to her Commons performances, but has she thought why

they devote so little of their coverage to the Shadow Health team's policy agenda? They prefer to prize comments from her on sex, grooming and diet.

Miss Widdicombe may think that the space allocated to her thoughts is a sign she is being taken seriously. But she is being laughed at behind her back. "Do you mind being called Doris Karloff?" they ask, much as Mrs Merton might inquire of Paul Daniels's wife. "What made you decide to marry the millionaire magician?" The question exists not to ascertain the subject's views but to make the groundlings giggle. Encouraged to play the media's game, she is being made sport of.

Like the school swot given the chance to go in goal, she is invited to pronounce, so that others might mock. She fell for it again at the weekend when she denounced television during a Channel 5 interview. Oh yes, the producer smiles, you were fantastic. But it is the smile on the face of the tiger. Once again eccentric Ann has underlined her own oddness. No TV in the house? How quaint. Get that on the press release. Oh yes, waiting lists: well, we seem to have run right out of time.

Those whom the press wish to destroy they first make "characters". When Tony Benn became the obsessive tea-drinker with a collection of rinters' lamps, he was no longer a statesman but a Great British Eccentric, an out-take from *Down Your Way*.

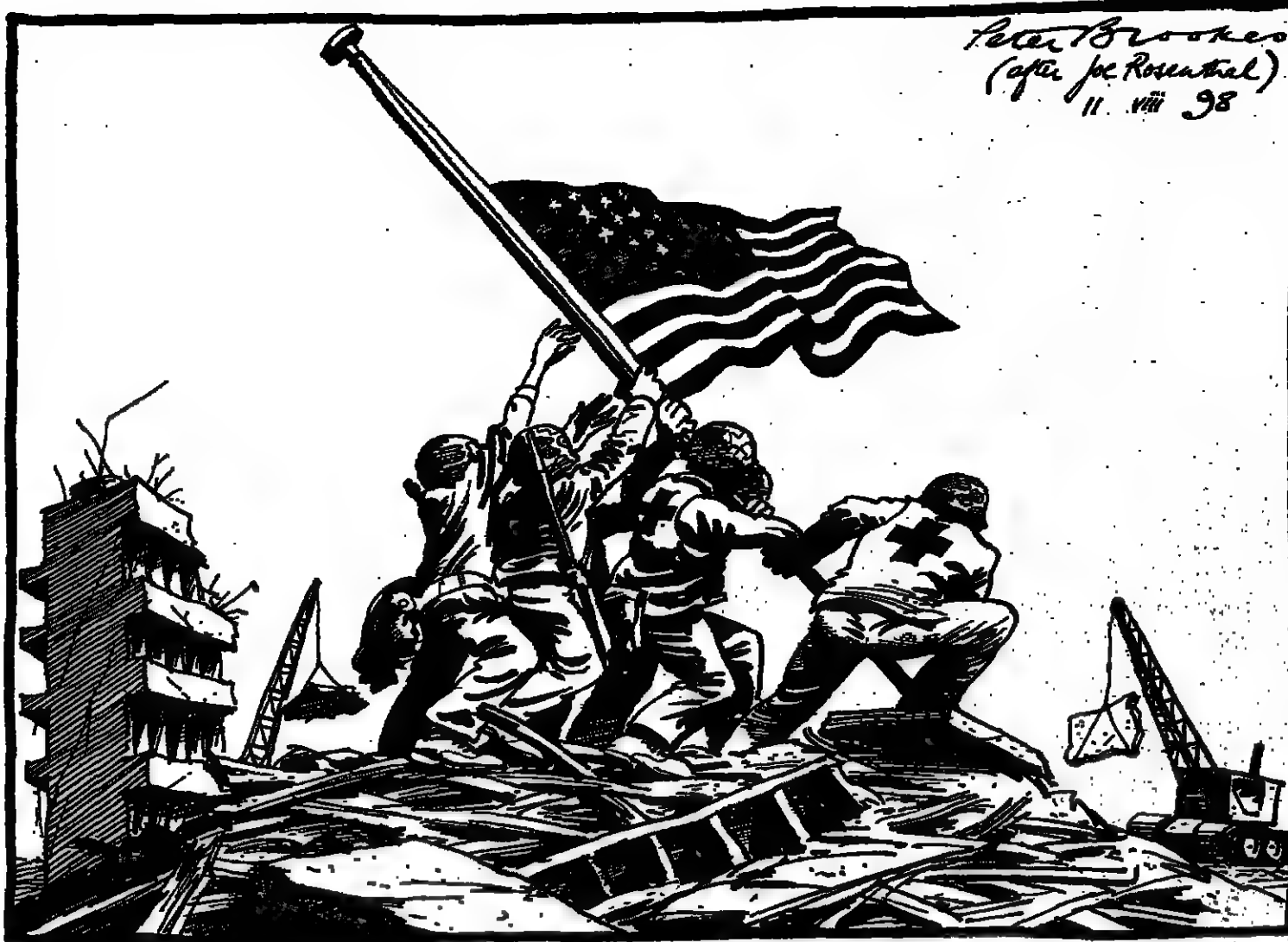
The treatment of the Shadow Health Secretary and, by extension, the Tory party, is deeply sad. It is sad for me in the traditional sense of the word — a cause for grieving. But Miss Widdicombe and the Tories also appear "sad" in the Nineties sense — pitiable for their inability to recognise how out-of-touch their efforts to impress make them. I have

could not do the job in government because she would not license clinics which perform abortions? She's only there to oppose, her defenders argue. Well, that is where the voters will leave her, then.

The lesson Labour learnt in the wilderness was the importance of not acting like an Old Testament prophet. As Tony Blair has remarked in private, Labour had to make an accommodation with the electorate after years of making war on it. To that end, policies had to change and so did presentation. Labour had to look and act as though its team were ready to run Britain in a manner appropriate to the age, instead of inviting the voters to take them or leave them. (They left them. In droves.)

Peter Mandelson's promotion of "the beautiful people" in Labour's ranks infuriated traditionalists like John Prescott, who seemed a sell-out. But Mr Mandelson was right that Labour needed to win the voters' trust with politicians who looked as though they lived in the real world as the rest of us, who understood contemporary aspirations. If the Left were ever to enjoy power again.

The Conservatives do not need to build a bonfire for their principles, as Labour did. Nor should they abandon faith in health and homeland. But if it seems as though they are preparing an *auto-da-fé* for the fallen, then it is they who will find themselves the martyrs.



AFTERMATH

The Princes' real peril

Concern for the safety of William and Harry is a pretext for media intrusion

Madness, madness! How could they allow it? How could this precious Prince be allowed to enjoy himself without a state-of-the-art privacy injunction firmly strapped to his head? How dare his minders recklessly entrust his fate to the fraying unreliable weave of press self-restraint?

And in such treacherous conditions, too! With a stick of anniversary sentimentality underfoot and a driving hailstorm of bad Diana books obscuring clear vision, the atmospheric conditions exist for exotic pests to breed unchecked: vultures with instincts, the much-feared safety *rent-aquitos*, sanctimonious leader-writers, the Great Black Headline. The poor Princes never stood a chance. No wonder their day out on a Welsh wall led to a publicity disaster that spun helplessly out of control, culminating in the final horror of Harold Brooks-Baker of *Debut*. He waited in *The Mirror*, that we "risked the fate of the Throne, the country, and the Commonwealth". Woe is us! Can that distant flapping be the sound of ravens leaving the Tower, or is it just Mr Brooks-Baker's invisible frock-coat catching a summer breeze?

I have said before, and I say again: never mind helmets, the Prince of Wales's sons need proper protection from this nonsense. They need to walk freely in their own country, take risks, make decisions and grow up without being spied on. To rely, as we have been doing since last August, on the decency of the media is ridiculous. A great deal more ridiculous, frankly, than abseiling competently down a well-maintained dam wall on a rope rigged by two Guards officers. OK, so they probably should have worn helmets: OK, a safety line is better than none. It is even conceivable that St James's Palace was glad to see the pictures and enjoy more caution on the Princes' gung-ho friends. However, there can be nothing but contempt for the nosey tourists who took the photos, Ms LeMorvan and Mr Cumbe. If their intentions had been genuinely kind they could have posted the pictures to the boys' father — his address is no secret — with a note to the effect that they were worried. It would even have been honourable for them to approach the party on the bridge and remonstrate with them as concerned royalists.

Instead, they sold the pictures, their value raised by the heightened emotion of this anniversary month. So much for the caring post-Diana Britain: we're still rubbernecks, we're still vultures. It was almost with tears of gratitude that I observed that this newspaper (with whose sense of taste its columnists do not invariably agree) displayed an attack of decorum yesterday by printing a repressively small picture of the Grwyne Fawr reservoir dam with no trace of dangling royalty on it.

The Princes should be protected from media intrusion, by law. Their status, circumstances and needs are unique: they are too interesting, too vulnerable, and too necessary to be covered by feeble regulation. Even in a year of comparative restraint foul tricks have been played on them: the betrayal of their plans for a surprise party for their father, the exposure of Prince William's meeting with Camilla Parker Bowles, even the paparazzi shot of Prince Harry yelling at a football match, unaware of the camera on his face. That picture, like yesterday's abseiling shots, was carried in broadsheets as well as tabloids. It should not be beyond the wit of lawyers to devise better protection for the few remaining years of these boys' minority.

As for their safety, it is hubbub to suggest that this is increased by the publication to a slack-jawed nation of the abseiling pictures. Most of us know nothing at all about mountaineering techniques, though you would never guess it to read the commentators' instructions. Mountaineering instructors queued up to condemn the pictures, but they would, wouldn't they? Any mountain leader who wants to keep up the flow of pupils to his centre will gush devoutly about safety equipment at the mere press of his "spout" buzzer. Many, for example, held forth about improper footwear, but the most honest one quoted yesterday merely said that "if the rock face was uneven" boots might be advisable. It wasn't a rock face, nor was it uneven:

it is a well-built dam wall. Another, meek in the face of universal outrage, murmured that the boys had in fact been trained in abseiling during previous adventure holidays, so it was not their first time.

None of them quite had the nerve to say that in such one-off adventures, some of the responsibility for decisions on safety equipment should rest with the trained adolescent himself. To read some of the papers you would think that this was a case of innocent toddlers randomly dangled over a precipice by a fearless nanny on knitting-work not an experienced group of adults organising a brief thrill with younger friends. I have a 15-year-old son of my own, and any time these past three years he has, when sailing his terrifying-looking dinghy or scuba-diving, firmly taken responsibility for all his own safety and gear.

It is quite possible, indeed likely, that some rational decisions were taken on that summer outing, and that — if it had not been inflated into a public issue — it would have contributed its bit to the development of two boys whose future character and abilities matter a good deal to their country. Personally I dread heights, hate mountaineering, and can hardly bring myself to look at a picture of anyone doing a face-forward descent. But all the same, there was a sense of triumph in seeing a young boy, only a year away from a dreadful and spiriting personal tragedy, able to look down into a chasm and step forwards, trusting his own strength and judgment and a rope rigged by his

friends. I cannot identify with the kind of people who can see only outrage in that. Let alone potential doom for "the Throne, the country and the Commonwealth".

But today we are all wimps by order and status. Police loudspeakers order bathers to clear the beach because of sharp shells (why couldn't they just have told them to put their sandals on?). A MORI poll of parents has just found that 80 per cent of us never allow our children to play unsupervised in a park. A few years ago a man in Cardiff won damages from the council because he slipped on pigeon-droppings on a pavement. Another man attempted to bring a case against a landowner who opened his grounds to the public: the complainant had slipped on wet grass, and there were no signs saying "Danger — wet grass". When I fell over the doorstep and disabled my left arm for half a year, I was seriously advised to sue my husband on the household insurance for having installed the doorstep. It would have made more sense for the children to sue him for marrying such a clumsy woman and therefore depriving them of their chauffeur for weeks on end.

Never mind. A few sunny days have brought forth heartening proof that, however cowardly the general culture, many of us retain an elemental lemming-like urge to test ourselves against the elements. When I first read the Sunday paper story about the abseiling trip I was newly landed on a river-beach in Suffolk, watching the crazily joyful behaviour of the riparian revellers. In a freshening wind, yachts were getting stuck in the mud, dinghies and sailboards tottering over to hurt their occupants into the muddy water, outboard motors becoming entangled with old rope, and canoeists practising death-rolls and getting their paddles stuck. Children were flailing around. Mummies swimming to the rescue. Daddies hopping furiously with one sandal lost in the ooze, and teenagers hanging like baboons from dodgy branches of overhanging trees. Meanwhile, my 14-year-old daughter and her 10-year-old friend got hopelessly lost for three hours trying to ride home from a horse show. We all feel much the better for it. But then, we are allowed to: we are not royal.

Libby Purves

Victory over disbelief

Simon Barnes on the smile that did for South Africa

Elvis is playing the Sibton White Horse tonight. A party of aliens is picnicking on Walswick Green. A flock of Gloucester Old Spots has been flying round and round The Scrape at Minster. But me, I won't cross the road for these things; my appetite for the impossible is already sated: England have won a Test match; England have won a major Test series. This has not happened for 12 years. This is not going back to boyhood, it is going back to the Pleistocene.

And even yesterday, I could not believe England were going to win. My throat still sore from all the bootless appealing I had to go through the previous day, I took to wagging my head wisely at the television and saying: "They're not going to do it, you know. They're really not going to do it." I could not believe England would win, nor, I think, could they.

In the end most things, perhaps all things, turn out to be a question of belief. That holds true in most sports, but perhaps more in cricket than in any other. Look at Ian Botham, a man who was capable of believing six impossible things before breakfast, and then of putting them into action before the bars opened, which was always, in his case, reasonably early.

Cricket is nothing without belief. But over the years — the past 12 — England have established a tradition of militant atheism. England have consistently put out a team of atheists, usually stiffened by a couple of hardline, doctrinaire agnostics.

What must an England cricketer believe in? What is the Apostles Creed of the England cricketer? The trinity of things he must believe in comprise the following: himself, his colleagues, and victory. And over the 12 years in which England have failed to win a full Test series, faith in any single aspect of this tripartite belief has become harder and harder for any single player to sustain.

English cricket moved into the age of materialism, in which nothing is certain any more. Most especially, belief in victory became almost impossible. The age of easy miracles ended a long time ago.

Michael Atherton was for years one of the few men in the England team who had no problem in the self-belief department. It was in victory and in his colleagues that he, lost faith. Mike Brearley entitled one of the chapters in his book *The Art of Captaincy* "My God, Look What They've Sent Me". How many times made more sense for the children to sue him for marrying such a clumsy woman and therefore depriving them of their chauffeur for weeks on end.

And so Atherton, one of the great good eggs of our time, lost his faith and surrendered the captaincy to Alec Stewart. Stewart — "just call me Gaffer" — is the ultimate kenneil: batting, keeping wickets, captaining, and no doubt insisting on making the tea as well. He is the Corporal Jones of English cricket: "I would like to volunteer to be that man, sir".

And yet he began the summer by taking the performances of the England team from dire to dismal to desperate, and finally to a Test match that was as awful and embarrassing that no one except the real keenies of cricketers' followers could bear to watch. It ended in humiliation at Old Trafford, though oddly enough, not in defeat. England managed a Dunstons job. But it was clear at the time that the escape meant nothing.

Hindsight being 20-20, it is clear that the escape meant absolutely everything. The next Test was tight and turned on one of the great bits of cricketing combat in recent history: Allan Donald, the greatest fast bowler currently practising, and Atherton, the world's most obstinate batsman. Irresistible force, unmovable object. In that clash, in that hour, in that perfect passage of sport, the summer was won and lost. Donald, staring and swearing, bowled like a man dispossessed. While Atherton smiled. He is the best at that. What Stephen Potter called "The v-shaped smile". Television gave us the perfect view of this duel: it gave us wild, impassioned eyes of Donald, Atherton's mild gaze, with the unlooked-for garnish of the smile. That smile won the Test. In the end, it won the series.

England have been hunting for belief. Many players have been seeking for belief in themselves, most have been seeking for belief in their colleagues, all have been seeking for belief in the possibility of victory.

Naturally, they would all deny this. They have all had the basic tenets of the sports psychology business drilled into them: never a negative thought in my head, always know we can win it, if you don't believe you can win, you shouldn't be out there. Well, don't believe a word of it. Professional athletes live a life that brings self-doubt into the sharpest possible focus. Far from being an enviable life, it is based on fear. Fear is their constant companion. Few England cricketers slept well on Sunday night. The trick is not to banish fear, because that is impossible. The trick is to alchemise the base metal of fear into the gold of victory. For that, you need belief, you need faith. And that helps, too. Napoleon always asked of a marshal: "Has he luck?" He would have liked The Gaffer.

Painted out

EMMA SERGEANT is not just a dab hand with a paintbrush. The artist who has daubed the Prince of Wales, Lord Olivier and Imran Khan also plays a pukka, albeit discreet, game of polo. While she trades on her image as a Bohemian, I can disclose that she led a team of dashing professional players at Cowdray Park at the weekend, thrashing her opponents and setting herself and her chums up as favourites for the West Sussex cup. The one-time winner of a National Portrait Gallery award even scored a goal, but at some cost: as captain she would have financed the team at a cost of several thousand pounds an hour.

Sergeant's prowess on a pony is leagues away from her trip to Afghanistan in the mid-Eighties when she sought to paint the war zone in the company of Muslim warriors. At the time, she complained of being described as a society portrait painter, saying: "This is a country which will never allow you to achieve if you're privileged. There's a lot of jealousy, which has absolutely dogged my steps."

When I spoke to Sergeant yesterday and told her that I had caught her in her natural setting, she stuck to the same line: "I don't really like talking about polo because it's not very 'struggling artist'." But now we know at least why this woman of so many talents accompanies the Prince of Wales as official artist on all those royal tours through Africa and Central Asia.



● SADLY for the budding pink wave in Israel, its team performed miserably at the International Gay and Lesbian Games in Amsterdam. The fidgets finished last in every competition they entered, even though they had Dana International.



EDWARD WELSH

national, the Israeli transsexual who won the Eurovision Song Contest, as cheerleader.

Party poopers

WHILE Tony Blair enjoys his hols, Labour's awkward squad is using the summer recess to plot some mischief at the party conference. Bob Marshall-Andrews will host a fringe meeting attended by a gaggle of fellow maverick MPs on the eve of the Blackpool banquet. Entitled "What prior parliamentary democracy", the evening appears to be designed to expose the group's robotic colleagues and embarrass the Prime Minister. "It will be a wide-ranging discussion of every aspect of government policy and

the role of backbenchers," says Bob. "An awful lot of them have their own ideas." he assures me. The event promises to be exciting.

● RABBI Shmuley Boteach, author of *Kosher Sex*, has been struck dumb. Although shortlisted for The Times's "Preacher of the Year" award, he complains that Orthodox synagogues are refusing to let him deliver a sermon after the publication of his Jewish Karma Sutra. How will he cope with enforced abstinence?

Holy smoke

AS ANGLICAN bishops shuffle home from the Lambeth Conference, I have been asked to award prizes to its participants. My first trophy goes to the Bishop of Salisbury, the Right Rev David Stancliffe, for excelling as a *prima donna*: he refused to use the altar provided. The accolade for most colourful language, I award to the Bishop of Portsmouth, the Right Rev Kenneth Stevenson. Upset by the vote on homosexuality, he stormed out, stating: "I'm puffed off." But the honour for greatest insensitivity must go to the Bishop of London, the Right Rev Richard Chartres, who swept past his impoverished brother bishops from Africa in his chauffeur-driven car.



THE amorous adventures of Ernest Hemingway in Africa are to be unveiled after the discovery of a forgotten manuscript he penned near the end of his life. True at First Light, which was smuggled out of Cuba by his fourth wife, Mary Welsh, at the start of Castro's revolution, details the author's last Kenyan safari in 1954. The novel, discovered in the Hemingway family attic, features a thinly disguised account of the author's attempts to befriend locals and fictionalises an affair he had with an African woman while married to Mary.

Patrick Hemingway's son, who accompanied him on the African jaunt, has agreed to edit the "reflective and humorous" manuscript, to be published on the centenary of the author's birth in July. Elaine Showalter, Professor of English at Princeton University, says Hemingway shied away from addressing race: "if this novel does confront the issue of race in a serious way, not just in an exoticised way, then it will mark a departure."



THE NUMBERS GAME

The dangers of inflation in higher education

Thousands of teenagers are on tenterhooks week. In 48 hours, they will receive their level results — and discover whether they are going to university. Politicians will be their annual cruise of studios, congratulating students on their success and scribbling the rise in the number of young people entering higher education as "good news". Yet against the backdrop of a rise in the number of students who fail to get a degree, and reports of employers' concern over the low quality of graduates, the orthodoxy that supports the relentless expansion in higher education deserves scrutiny.

In its annual report, the Government set a target of an extra half a million people in colleges and universities by 2002, justifying it as not only beneficial for young people's own development but also necessary "to meet the economy's demand for highly skilled, highly trained graduates". But, like its predecessor, the Government's fixation with the quantity of young people in higher education is threatening the quality of education they receive, and debasing Cardinal Newman's concept of the university.

Few politicians dare ask whether the pension in higher education will automatically benefit British industry. Before the rise in student numbers in the late 1980s, Britain had the highest number of graduates (as a proportion of the age cohort of young people) in any country in Western Europe. Our weakness lay in craft skills, held by a mere 10 per cent of British employees compared with over 50 per cent in Germany.

Instead of focusing on this failing, the major Government tried to disguise it by abolishing the binary divide between polytechnics and universities. In a forlorn attempt to end intellectual snobbery against vocational education, the idea that a polytechnic education would impart a skill, different but equal, especially valued by employers was lost. Instead, new courses appeared, mas-

querading as degrees, in subjects such as creative therapies and leisure management. They are not disciplines Newman would recognise as academic. They lack the precision and practicality of the old polytechnic qualifications.

The rise in the number of teenagers gaining A-levels is held as evidence of improving standards. Debate rages as to whether this is the case. For example, between 1989 and 1997, the number of students taking A-level maths and physics has fallen by almost 16,000 and 13,000 respectively, making it difficult for universities to fill places in maths, science and engineering without appearing to lower barriers to entry. As Professor Anthony O'Hear has pointed out, some students will be on these courses with A-level grades of 2 Es and a D. Other reports suggest that a disturbingly large number of undergraduates have left school without the most rudimentary skills. Lord Dearing, while compiling his report on qualifications for 16 to 19 year-olds, was told how maths undergraduates are becoming over-dependent on calculators. Without these basic skills, it is hardly surprising that the number of students who dropped out or failed their courses has risen from 12 per cent to 19 per cent over the past three years.

To arrest this decline in standards, the Government will rely on bureaucracy — the new Quality Assurance Agency. But this quango's predecessor — the Higher Education Quality Council — oversaw a 20 per cent rise in the number of firsts and 2:1s awarded between 1973 and 1993, and still cannot be sure whether standards have slipped. Rebranding bureaucrats will not address the concerns. The Government must stop playing the numbers game. It must ask whether the inexorable growth in higher education is the getting of wisdom or another, insidious, example of inflation.

THE BRINK OF DARKNESS

Congo slides into civil war against another corrupt ruler

Rebellion in Central Africa is hardly headline news; after all, every country in the region has one. But the mutiny of Banyamulenge (ethnic Tutsi) soldiers in the Democratic Republic of Congo (formerly Zaire) threatens regional stability at a particularly tense time. Angola is on the verge of returning to civil war; Zimbabwe is more volatile by the day; Burundi is moving tentatively towards a settlement to end five years of violence that has cost 150,000 lives. The rebels — the most effective part of Congo's army — have seized strategic objectives across the country. In Zaire, they have a political leader who might better serve Congo than the nepotistic and unemancipated President, Laurent Kabila. But unless he goes voluntarily, widespread civil war is imminent. And recent experience in Central Africa shows that civil war spreads.

The current crisis is a byproduct of the Rwandan civil war. The victors used the first Banyamulenge rebellion, in 1996, to empty the last Hutu strongholds in eastern Zaire, and to depose President Mobutu Sese Seko, whose anarchic state threatened regional stability. By spring 1997 their joint advance seemed to present the same threat, as francophone Africa, and Angola's Unita rebels, lined up with Mr Mobutu against Rwanda, the Angolan Government and the Anglophones. But agreement by the principal actors — Rwanda, Uganda, the US, and France — that Mr Mobutu must replace Mr Mobutu averted escalation.

Now there is no such consensus. Though loved, Mr Kabila is not yet actively engaged. Angola's President José Eduardo dos Santos is grateful to him for cracking down on Unita's lucrative smuggling. Paris,

whose African policies are in disarray, is neutral; so is Washington, because its disgust with Mr Kabila is balanced by embarrassment at abandoning a man it once keenly endorsed. Only Rwanda and Uganda actively want him to go — partly because he rejects their timetable, but mostly because his incompetence threatens their hopes for stable government across the region.

Mr Kabila has only himself to blame for his predicament. In 1996 the Banyamulenge rebelled when the old regime stripped them of citizenship and ordered them to leave Zaire. Still labelled as "foreigners", they see Mr Kabila's recent order that all "foreign" troops leave Congo as revisiting dangerous ground. The region's Tutsis — everywhere a minority, with genocide as their principal political memory — have loyalties that transcend borders. Whether Uganda and Rwanda have, as Mr Kabila claims, "invaded" Congo or not, their bases in the east, which are being reinforced, have been crucial in suppressing their Congo-based opponents. To order "foreign" troops out without forces from Kinshasa to take their place was at best foolhardy.

Mr Kabila's lack of probity and competence has denied him powerful Western friends. But a weekend regional summit in Harare showed that countries such as South Africa, Zambia and Zimbabwe are so nervous of renewed fighting in Congo that they are ready to back him politically. That would be a mistake. Mr Kabila is unlikely to bear the man who brought him to power. He has done little to deserve support; to provide it would simply prolong the civil war and heighten the risk of regional contagion. They would do more for Central African stability by persuading him to stand down.

COMEBACK CRICKET

A victory was essential for the future of the English game

That was a famous victory for English cricket. When play resumed at Headingley yesterday, any one of three results was still possible. A tie might have been the fairest finale to this series, which has seen a melodramatic throughout. And it was difficult for Yorkshire John Bull himself in his Union Jack face paint not to feel pity for the South Africans, who have played so hard and come so close to winning so often.

But the huge crowd which had turned out for the prospect of an hour's play was roaring for a different storybook ending. Many of them were not born when England last won a series at home. And although no clergyman in the pavilion chewed through the handle of his umbrella at the suspense of the race between singles and wickets, this was a finish that will go into Wisden and legend as a classic heart-stopper.

Few members of either side would be selected for a World XI. But many mechanical and human computers reckon South Africa to be the second best team in the world. And the series has been a fluctuation of triumph and disaster. It has demonstrated the combination of team morale, individual brilliance, collective panic and luck that make cricket at its best the best game.

Both sides had periods of overwhelming ascendancy and collapse. In every innings a batsman or a pair of fast bowlers had to come to the rescue of a hopeless situation. Darren Gough and Jonty Rhodes should be in that World XI for the old-fashioned

pleasure they take from playing their game. Rhodes for his fielding and his name also.

Luck plays a larger part in cricket than in other games, because of the uncertainties of the toss, the wicket and the weather and the hair-breadth decisions umpires take. But luck played too large a part in this series. At least seven batsmen were given out in the last Test, when watchers on television could see that they were not out. Modern television techniques of instant replay, slow motion and close-up magnification put intolerable pressure on umpires, when most people watching the game have a clearer picture of what has just happened than they do.

The solution is to have a third umpire watching television monitors and replays, to be appealed to when a field umpire is in doubt about an lbw decision or a catch behind. There already is one for appeals for run-out. The batsman would still be given the benefit of the doubt, in the rare instances when doubt was left after the replays.

But yesterday's victory will revive the game that England gave to the world. Cricket needs to be restructured. The people who run cricket have to understand that their antique ritual has come into a modern world of million-pound entertainment. Lottery money alone will not resurrect cricket pride or get the children to the wicket again. But a major English victory was the necessary first step. Now for this week's triangular tournament. And this winter the big one: the Ashes tour of Australia.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

1 Pennington Street, London E1 9RN Telephone 0171-782 5000

Training and pay behind haemorrhage of NHS staff

From Professor Roger Dyson

Sir, Your account of the crisis caused by the 15 per cent fall in the number of student nurses (report, August 9) again publicises the Royal College of Nursing's complaint about inadequate pay. But the real malaise in recruitment and employment is the highly negative impact of Project 2000, the 1980s training scheme for nurses.

This scheme switched training from the bedside to the lecture theatre and restricted the title "nurse" to those undertaking a university degree or its equivalent, and with the academic qualifications to enter such training.

Many of those with a deep sense of vocation have dropped out because for at least 18 months the scheme debars them from proper patient contact (the profession should be more open about these dropout figures).

Many others with a vocational commitment are unable to meet academic criteria that are higher than necessary for many nursing posts. Those who qualify under Project 2000 expect to lead ward-based teams, only to find that they are required as "Indians", not "chiefs", and many leave disillusioned — often blaming pay as a problem easier to articulate.

The Royal College must bear responsibility for this. Its trade union voice argued that higher status and graduate training would help to increase pay. This has failed quite dramatically: there are now more graduate trained nurses in the lower D grades than in 1989, when grading began. A large number of healthcare assistants (*de facto* if not *de jure* nurses) are now keeping our wards afloat.

The immediate abandonment of the exclusivity of Project 2000 and the reintroduction of a more experientially based entry to nursing would begin to resolve the crisis. It would also increase the retention of graduate trained nurses as chiefs, not Indians.

Yours sincerely,
ROGER DYSON
(Editor, *Health Manpower Management*, 1975-91),
4 Huskards, Fryerning,
Ingatesone, Essex CM4 0HR,
August 7.

From Mr K. R. Tompsett

Sir, My daughter is leaving the profession only a year after completing her four-year nursing degree and RGN (registered general nurse) course. She trained through most of the vacations, and in hospital for a year with no pay or grant, working as a care assistant.

When she got her first job, in the same hospital, she started on the same grade as any non-degree nurse. She had no opportunities to put into practice the modern techniques she was taught: she could gain promotion only by waiting in the queue for additional courses.

Nursing needs practical people, and no one benefits from pretending otherwise.

Yours faithfully,
K. R. TOMPSETT,
26 Hamilton Close,
Epsom, Surrey KT19 8RG,
August 7.

From Dr C. C. Lees, MRCOG

Sir, I was not surprised to read that the NHS is in deep crisis. Doctors, too, are leaving in droves.

Short-term contracts, draconian disciplinary procedures and the stress of coping with unrealistic expectations raised by the Patient's Charter would

not be so bad if there was anything like a private-sector salary to expect. Nurses leaving the NHS to join industry earn 50 per cent more immediately.

Hospital consultants, after five years at medical school and an average of ten further years of unremitting postgraduate examinations and job insecurity, earn just over £40,000 a year. This represents between a third and half the peer salary in accountancy, law or industry. Cynologists who examine cervical smears get less than £10,000.

No one in the NHS expects such settlements; but if Frank Dobson did his sums, he would find that it is much more expensive and wasteful to train new healthcare professionals and lose them through disaffection than to pay the existing ones just a little more.

Yours faithfully,
CHRISTOPHER C. LEES,
29 Crissy House,
Queen's Ride, Barnes, SW13 0HZ.

From Miss Adrienne May

Sir, The folly of restricting public service pay while allowing market forces to operate in the rest of employment can now be seen. We should not be looking abroad to fill the gap. British jobs should be filled by British, or at least European, people.

Only those with good English should be employed, so that they understand instructions and patients can communicate with and have confidence in them.

Yours faithfully,
ADRIENNE MAY,
2 Burton Close,
North Walsham, Norfolk NR28 0EX,
August 7.

I see no minister of maritime policy

From Vice-Admiral Sir Ian McGeoch

Sir, The abiding importance to Britain of the sea around us for transport (95 per cent of our trade), food, the environment, mineral exploitation and recreation — and the international ramifications of all these concerns — can hardly be overestimated. But in your "complete list of Government" (July 31) not even an Under-Secretary of State, in any department, is designated as responsible for maritime matters.

Back in April 1975 the present Deputy Prime Minister argued cogently that "there should be a single authority for the conduct, safety and support of (UK) marine activities", responsible to the Secretary of State for Trade, to whom Mr Prescott was at that time PPS. On April 1, 1994, the Marine Safety Agency (MSA) was set up, under the Ministry of Transport; and on April 1, 1998, the MSA became the Maritime and Coastguard Agency (MCA), with a corresponding increase in scope and budget.

Given that some aspect of maritime affairs comes within the purview of 20 or so government departments, should not a minister, however junior, be nominated to co-ordinate policy and be responsible to Parliament for the MCA?

Yours faithfully,
IAN McGEACH,
Hill House, High Street,
Lewthorpe, Bury St Edmunds IP31 2HN,
August 3.

'Spectacular' Cowes

From Mr Richard Ottaway, MP for Croydon South (Conservative)

Sir, Your report suggesting that Cowes Week is in decline ("Why Cowes is in the shade", August 8) is very wide of the mark.

Starting from the Royal Yacht Squadron line, surely the most famous yachting location in the world, a quite spectacular regatta is taking place. However, the most notable feature is the several thousand young people participating in a predominantly amateur sport. In this respect it is unfair to compare it with Wimbledon which is a professional event where every visitor is a paying spectator.

It is also inaccurate to suggest that the Royal Family is not participating. Apart from the presence of the Duke of Edinburgh, Prince Michael of Kent has enjoyed two superb days racing in the Daring Class and the Princess Royal has honoured a charitable dinner with her presence.

The racing has been close, the parties noisy, the Corinthian spirit dominates and a superbly run event is providing a healthy environment for spectators and participants alike. Not unsurprisingly the local business community has benefited as well.

The odd people out are a few journalists looking for silly season stories.

Yours faithfully,
RICHARD OTTAWAY,
c/o Providence House,
Castle Road, Cowes PO31 7QY,
August 7.

RN plaques

From the Rector of Hapshipburgh

Sir, Having recently been presented with a plaque bearing the coat of arms of HMS *Invincible* I was concerned to learn (report, August 6; letter, August 8) that this tradition is under threat owing to cost. In our case it was perhaps appropriate that the MoD should bear the expense.

The plaque was given on the day we commemorated the loss in 1801 of over 400 officers and men of a former HMS *Invincible*, many of whom lie buried in the churchyard here. This ship ran aground and was wrecked on sandbanks off Hapshipburgh whilst on her way to join Nelson at the Battle of Copenhagen.

The gift of a plaque was a kind gesture by the present ship's company, but I was surprised to discover from your report that it cost £50. The Royal Navy's noble tradition should certainly be continued, but with plaques from elsewhere than Savile Row.

Yours faithfully,
RICHARD HINES,
The Rectory, Hapshipburgh,
Norwich, Norfolk NR12 0PW.

Job prospects

From Mrs Betty Baker

Sir, Taking on a new servant in East Africa in the 1960s, one read the references from former employers (letters, July 31 and August 5), but by law these were not permitted to say anything detrimental. I did not employ the hopeful who turned up with a letter saying: "Anyone getting this man to work for him will be lucky."

Yours faithfully,
BETTY BAKER,
Barn Close, Combe Bank Drive,
Sundridge, Kent TN14 6AD.

From Mrs Anne Urzell

Sir, In Nigeria in the 1960s our favourite reference was: "His fingers are as light as his cakes."

Yours truly,
ANNE URSELL,
1 The Crescent,
Hartford, Cheshire CW8 1QS,
August 5.

Compensation awards

From Professor John A. Davis

Sir, Why are the relatives of alleged victims of negligence, who have themselves suffered little financial hardship as a result, regarded as worthy recipients of financial damages in "compensation" for their bereavement?

Human life is infinitely valuable and essentially priceless and no amount of money will make up for the loss of someone genuinely loved. To exact damages from the NHS as "revenge" merely ensures that there is less money for other patients, who as a result are more likely to be mistreated by exhausted and overworked doctors and nurses, while effecting a net transfer of resources from medicine to lawyers.

There is a simple solution: let the Government (not via the NHS) pay compensation to victims and their families for the purely financial losses they may have sustained as a result of treatment that turned out to be harmful or ineffective, and let the Government recover some or all of its costs from those deemed to be responsible.

This would of course mean that hospitals would have to cease paying the subscriptions to medical defence societies initiated by the tendency of judges and juries to stretch a point in awarding damages to claimants who feel sorry for whatever the evidence.

There is something intrinsically unacceptable about relatives and lawyers setting out to make money from what is often — given human fallibility — an inevitable mistake.

Yours faithfully,
JOHN DAVIS,
1 Cambridge Road,
Great Shelford,
Cambridge CB2 5JE,
August 10.

Millennium bug

From Mrs Anne Johnson-Rooks

Sir, Recently I had my first pre-millennium nasty experience.

Endavouring to pay by Barclaycard for goods in a well-known store — because my card would not "swipe" the assistant had to input my details by hand — I was told, to my embarrassment, that my card had been rejected. On further investigation with Barclaycard, I was told that the store had input the wrong expiry date.

When Barclaycard subsequently asked the store how this mistake had occurred, they were told that the store's credit card machines had not been updated to cope with the year 2000, and so for all cards expiring from that year on, they were inputting an expiry date of 1999 — so of course the card was rejected.

Is this the thin end of a wedge?
Yours faithfully,
ANNE JOHNSON-ROOKS,
The Corner Cottage, Bull Lane,
Chislehurst, Kent BR7 6NY,
August 10.

Post haste

From Mr Campbell Stott

Sir, We have received a postcard from our two sons cycling in the Forest of Dean. It bears a 9p stamp and a surcharge notice. The Royal Mail has waived the surcharge — perhaps because the postmark reads 17.8.1997.

Yours faithfully,
CAMPBELL STOTT,
Jayswood,
Windsor Road, Gerrards Cross,
Buckinghamshire SL9 7ND,
bandstott@aol.com
August 10.

Defendants' right to trial by jury

From Mr Neil Spurrier

Sir, As chairman of the West London Division Magistrates Court, Mr Timothy MacAndrews (letters, August 6) refers to someone accused of stealing a £2.99 chicken pie and electing to go to jury trial as performing a "tactical manoeuvre", designed to secure him a better chance of "getting off".

It is perhaps just possible that the accused is innocent. Is it possible that his conviction (even if wrong) of stealing a £2.99 chicken pie could lead to his instant dismissal from his employment and perhaps deprive him of an income for ten years or more?

If I (a solicitor) were convicted of such an offence, there is a chance that I would be struck off the roll and not allowed to practise again. I imagine that a security guard or a till operator would probably suffer the same fate. We in this country expect high standards and safeguards in dealing with professional people and employees. This is something for which we all have to pay, not just a few unfortunate people.

No, may the good Lord be merciful unto us and keep jury trials.

Yours faithfully,
NEIL SPURRIER,
1 Bedford Row, WC1R 4EZ,
August 6.

From the Director of The Freedom Association

Sir, Thirty years ago or so I was arrested and charged with assault causing actual bodily harm. I had broken the nose of a friend of mine in a brief struggle in which I was, in my view, legitimately defending myself.

I was advised to "get it over with quickly" in front of a magistrate. I was certain that no magistrate would have any sympathy for anyone who admitted breaking someone's nose in a fight and so would impose a "trivial" penalty on a young man with no previous criminal conviction.

I chose to elect for trial by jury, confident that a jury, interested in a higher justice, would find me not guilty. The trial took a long while to

come up, lasted several days and was an extremely unpleasant experience.

After a brief consideration the jury found me not guilty. I have never regretted my decision.

Yours sincerely,
GERALD HARTUP,
Director,
The Freedom Association,
35 Westminster Bridge Road, SE1 7JB,
August 6.

From Mr Simon Sellick

Sir, Predictably, today's correspondents from the Bar oppose the abolition of a defendant's right to elect for trial by jury, whilst the magistrates support it.

Perhaps civil practice should be copied here — the losing party generally being made liable for the entire cost of the trial. If the defence loses, both the counsel and defendant could be made liable, thus relieving the court of the difficulty of extracting payment from a defendant with no means of paying.

This scheme should help to avoid such cases as those cited by Messrs Young and MacAndrews from going to trial by jury, as no legal counsel would be likely to accept the brief.

Yours faithfully,
SIMON SELLICK,
20 Cornfield Way,
Ashton Under Hill,
Worcestershire WR11 6TA,
ssellick@btccol.com
August 6.

From Mr Robert Holton

Sir, As 19 out of 20 criminal trials are dealt with by magistrates, would it not be better first to investigate how anxieties about the fairness of trials arise, whether they are justified, and how to improve the standards of justice which are applied to the vast majority.

Yours faithfully,
ROBERT HOLTON,
Erin House, Nightingales Lane,
Chalfont St Giles,
Buckinghamshire HP8 4SR,
August 6.

Testing times

From Mr G. J. Rawlins

Sir, Let us take nothing away from England's marvellous performance in winning two Tests in succession against South Africa.

Equally, let's not delude ourselves that we can continue to win Test matches with five batsmen and — especially — three bowlers.

Yours faithfully,
GORDON RAWLINS,
Brook Farm House,
Charing, Kent TN27 0JL,
grawlins@iee.org.uk
August 10.

From Mrs Sylvia Crookes

Sir, Who says that Yorkshiremen put money before everything? The noisy machines at our local ropeworks were all switched off at 11am today so that the employees (and the boss) could listen unhindered to the final moments of the Test match.

Yours,
S. CROOKES,
3 Bainside,
Bainbridge, Wensleydale,
North Yorkshire DL5 3EF,
August 10.

Letters for publication may be faxed to 0171-782 5046. e-mail to: letters@the-times.co.uk

GENERAL SIR HARRY TUZO

PROFESSOR MICHAEL KITSON

PERSONAL COLUMN

e. The palemeers flaunt
like dwelling scars -
initiation; and Ekkehard
lanus is an unforgettable
of the bullet-headed Juno
fathed golden boy, his lips
neer, and his cat-like move-
violence. And when the vi-
rupt, it outclasses anything
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comes through - in Cori-
utopos duel with Aufidius
is assaults on Corioli with
s, and soldiers moving un-
a single monstrous crea-
barbarous and terrifying
resentation of naturalistic

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BUSINESS EDITOR Patience Wheatcroft

TUESDAY AUGUST 11 1998

Siemens losing £1m a month on PFI project

By Jason Nisse

SIEMENS, the German group that last month was forced to close its North Tyneside semiconductor plant at a cost of £100 jobs, is losing up to £1 million a month because of problems with a high-profile Private Finance Initiative project for the Home Office.

A £100 million project to computerise the Immigration and Nationality Directorate in Croydon is running up to two years late,

hampering plans by Jack Straw, the Home Secretary, to reduce the waiting list of asylum-seekers waiting to gain permanent residency in the UK. Siemens, which was awarded the contract by Michael Howard, Mr Straw's predecessor, had promised to bring the system online last October. As the deadline approached, Siemens told the Home Office that it had problems and said the system would go live early last month. Now it has missed that revised deadline. Siemens has agreed to bring in an intermedi-

ate version of the programme next month with the hope of going fully live next year. The Home Office has cut the amount it is due to pay Siemens dramatically — which under the contract should be £14 million a year — until it has a fully operating service. Siemens has also parted company with its main sub-contractor on the project, Perot Systems, the firm founded by billionaire Ross Perot after he left EDS, his previous company. Siemens is currently vying with EDS for the £1 billion deal to take over the

back office functions of National Savings, a contract due to be awarded in October. Yesterday both the Home Office and Siemens admitted the system had problems, but denied that it was affecting the normal running of the Immigration Service. A Home Office spokesman said: "The problems with the backlog of asylum-seekers have been well publicised and these system problems have nothing to do with that." Neither side would detail by how much the payments to Siemens had been reduced,

though both agreed there had been cuts. Siemens said that it had been able to deliver some of the operational consultancy that was part of the contract. The problems with the Immigration Service contract show why many information technology groups are wary of PFI contracts, Andersen Consulting recently admitted to losses of £23 million on its delivery of the NIRS II database systems for the Contributions Agency, which was delivered more than a year late.

Mandelson in BA clash with Brussels

By Carl Mortished, International Business Editor

PETER MANDELSON, the Secretary of State for Trade & Industry, is being drawn into a new row between London and Brussels over competition in the airline market.

Karel van Miert, Europe's Competition Commissioner, yesterday said that proposals by the Office of Fair Trading to allow British Airways to sell its landing slots were "unacceptable".

Mr Van Miert contradicted advice given on Friday by John Bridgeman, Britain's Director-General of Fair Trading, to Mr Mandelson, concerning the surrender of some 70 landing slots that would be required to allow the alliance between BA and American Airlines to proceed. Mr Van Miert believes the slots should be given away, a move that could deprive BA of hundreds of millions of pounds.

Mr Bridgeman advised the Secretary of State last week that the slots had a monetary value and that BA should be allowed to recoup that value just like any other company when forced by competition author-

ties to give up an asset. However, Mr Van Miert insisted yesterday that a sale would be contrary to Council Regulation 95/93. He said: "Such a sale is also unacceptable under the EC competition rules because it would raise barriers to entry...it would unduly favour those airlines which have been long established at the most important EU airports."

The dispute emerged as BA published first-quarter figures which showed a rise in operating profits but a fall in the revenue earned per passenger mile. Fears of increased competition and falling yields caused BA shares to plunge in value almost 6 per cent to 557p.

Robert Ayling, BA's chief executive, said the airline had long advocated that the best way to allocate scarce resources was through the market. He said: "If you can buy and sell European milk quotas, why not have a free market in landing slots?"

The dispute will force Mr Mandelson to choose between the advice of his own competition authority and that of Brus-

sels. A spokesman for the DTI confirmed that the Secretary of State has the final say in the matter. "The Commission would have to appeal to the European Court."

Mr Bridgeman's letter to Mr Mandelson said: "A decision by you under article 85(3) could override the regulation, for the purposes of promoting competition, by expressly allowing sales."

BA's headline pre-tax profits fell 34 per cent in the first quarter to £145 million, but the comparison was skewed by an exceptional profit last year from the sale of a stake in USAir.

Mr Ayling said the 24 per cent rise in operating profits was a good result and attributable to cost-cutting measures. "Without the benefit of the business efficiency programme we would have had poor results," he said.

The airline also benefited from a sharp fall in fuel costs, but it suffered a 4.5 per cent fall in revenue per traffic kilometre, a vital measure of how much money BA makes for every mile it travels. BA's load factors were also hit by increased capacity as airlines shifted planes from Asia to Europe and the US. The strong pound is helping rivals like Lufthansa to compete for transfer traffic at Heathrow.

Mr Ayling explained that the yield per passenger had been hit by business travellers shifting to economy class. "The slowdown in the British economy is causing British companies to look at their costs."

Earnings per share fell from 16.3p to 12.6p in the quarter ended June 30.

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Philip Cushing, left, and Lord Marshall of Knightsbridge, Inchcape chairman, yesterday

Inchcape sells bottler

By Adam Jones

INCHCAPE, the once sprawling conglomerate that now wants to focus on car sales and distribution, is selling its Coca-Cola bottling plant in the Russian Federation to Coke for US\$187 million (£115 million).

The sale should be followed soon by disposal of Inchcape's Coca-Cola bottling business in South America and a "substan-

tial return of cash" to shareholders in 1999. Russian Bottling, which has net assets of £96 million, made a first-half operating loss of £7.1 million.

Inchcape was looking to demerge its South American bottling businesses, which made a half-year profit of £2.5 million. Philip Cushing, chief executive, said a trade sale is now a more attractive option.

Inchcape's first-half profits before tax and exceptional fell to £60 million from £78.8 million. The strong pound wiped £7.9 million from profits and the planned reduction of Inchcape's stake in Toyota's UK operation £8.1 million. Sales fell to £2.84 billion (£2.8 billion). Earnings per share excluding exceptional were 6.1p (£1p). An interim dividend of 4.6p (£4p) is due on August 21.

Tempos, page 24

Markets stagger in wake of Asian worries

By Janet Bush, Economics Editor

THE LONDON stock market sagged yesterday as Wall Street continued to be beset by concerns about Asian economies, the weakness of the yen and worries about the threat of a Chinese devaluation.

Domestic economic worries also hit the FTSE 100 index which closed 97.5 points lower at 5,522.4.

A new survey of UK fund managers by Merrill Lynch showed that expectations of corporate profits have collapsed as worries about a UK slowdown are compounded by the troubled global outlook.

The survey showed that nine out of ten managers regard the profits outlook as unfavourable with earnings per share expected to grow by only 5 per cent this year and next. Of those polled, 25 per cent of managers said that they expected global deflationary pressures to hit UK profits.

The latest retail sales monitor compiled by the British Retail Consortium and published today confirms that activity on Britain's high streets is now slowing significantly. July showed a year-on-year growth in the value of sales of 1.5 per cent.

However, the average of the past three months showed that sales are at their weakest since early 1995. Bridget Rosewell, BRC chief economic adviser, said that the Monetary Policy Committee was justified in last week's decision not to raise interest rates.

Inflation trends remain benign. The Office for National Statistics yesterday reported that producers' output prices were only 0.8 per cent up on a year ago in July.

Barclays Bank, together with Janet Bush, our Economics Editor, is this morning holding "cybersurgery" on the euro. Barclays' website is www.euro.barclays.co.uk.

Claremont in takeover talks

By Sarah Cunningham

CLAREMONT, Garments, one of Marks & Spencer's main clothing suppliers, has revealed that it is in takeover talks. It is also considering offers to buy its lingerie division and possibly its formalwear division.

First, another Marks & Spencer supplier, believed to be interested. Other candidates to buy either the whole of the debt-laden company, or single divisions, are thought to be William Baird and another privately owned Marks & Spencer supplier.

Textiles would be another possibility, but they appear not to be in acquisition mode, one analyst said. "Whoever it is who buys it will have to accelerate the move abroad."

Claremont has been slower than some other textiles companies to shift produc-

tion to countries with cheaper labour, such as Morocco and Turkey.

Analysts said that Marks & Spencer might bank at too much of its production going to any particular supplier, and so could be influential in how Claremont is divided up or sold. Claremont said that if it is taken over, it is likely to be at only a small premium to the market price. Its shares closed up 2 1/2p yesterday at 32 1/2p.

The company, which now supplies only Marks & Spencer, had a tough year. In June it said it had to refund £2.5 million to the Inland Revenue after discovering it had paid the wrong import duty on school skirts for three years. Its pre-tax loss last year was £12 million, against £4.15 million a year earlier.

Commentary, page 23

Goldman team step closer to windfall

GOLDMAN SACHS, the privately owned US investment bank, moved closer to a \$25 billion (£15.6 billion) flotation when its partners met to approve plans for a public offering in the autumn (Richard Miles writes).

After a meeting lasting more than six hours, Goldman confirmed that it would press ahead with its intention to float 10-15 per cent of the bank and so end a 129-year-old partnership, one of the most successful on Wall Street. The

190 partners stand to reap windfalls of about \$80 million as their capital investment in the firm is converted into stock at several times its current value. Senior managing directors are each expected to receive shares worth up to \$15 million.

A committee established after June's decision to go public will draw up plans to provide far less generous payouts for the firm's 10,000 employees. Limited partners and institutional in-

vestors will also receive shares when the bank floats in October. Details of the distribution will not be made public until Goldman files with the Securities & Exchange Commission at the end of August. Goldman will then prepare an offer document and embark on roadshows to sell its stock worldwide.

However, yesterday's meeting — which was held as a televised conference, linking New York with London and Tokyo — has been overshadowed

by recent falls on the US stock market, which could lead to lower payouts for the managing directors and others.

Goldman's co-chief executives, Jon Corzine and Henry Paulson, argue that the firm needs to join the stock market to boost its \$6.3 billion capital base, although many executives believe a flotation will destroy the bank's distinctive culture, which has enabled it to attract some of the most talented people in the industry.

Stars' venture fails to shine

From Andrew Butcher in New York

WHILE Hollywood movies have enjoyed a record summer at the box office, theme restaurant Planet Hollywood has been having a hard time. Yesterday the company co-founded by British businessman Robert Earl revealed an unexpected second quarter loss.

The dismal second quarter for the chain of 97 restaurants ended with a \$1.4 million (£850,000) loss and the company announced it was unlikely to turn a profit for the rest of 1998. The result compared with a \$16.3 million net profit for the same period last year.

The result emerged two weeks after Mr Earl, 50, was replaced as president of the struggling group by William Baumhauser. Three weeks ago the company hired Goldman Sachs and Bear Stearns to find potential strategic financial partners, a move seen as effectively putting the company up for sale. The chain has outlets in London, Sydney and several American cities.

An effort to attract stars such as George Clooney to join present celebrities like Arnold Schwarzenegger and Bruce Willis in endorsing Planet Hollywood was not enough to bring in customers. Turnover at the Planet Hollywood restaurants and sibling All-Star Cafes fell 17 per cent in the quarter.

Shares in Planet Hollywood hovered just above \$5 yesterday, a dramatic slide from their peak of \$28.25 in September, 1996, not long after opening.

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Flextech to fight ITC decision

Flextech, the television programming group, yesterday said it was seeking judicial review of the Independent Television Commission's decision on "unbundling" cable and satellite channels.

The ITC has outlawed minimum carriage requirements and programme-timing obligations, which mean that viewers have had to pay for many cable and satellite channels to get the ones they want.

Flextech said that it wanted review of whether the ITC was within its rights in trying to regulate terms of supply of services and whether it had acted illegally by interfering with existing contracts.

Chiroscience deal
Chiroscience, the drug developer, underpinned its stock market valuation with a deal valuing its ChiroTech subsidiary at £100 million. Ascot, owner of Mitchell Cotes Chemicals, is paying Chiroscience £30 million for 30 per cent of ChiroTech, a supplier of a key ingredient for Zigen, Glaxo Wellcome's anti-HIV drug.

Stoves complains
Stoves, the cooker maker, has blamed the strong pound's effect on European exports for results that were below earlier hopes. Pre-tax profits for the year to May 31 rose 5 per cent, to £5.4 million, on turnover up 13 per cent, to £90.5 million. A 4.2p final dividend, due on October 14, makes 6.4p (5.8p).

Cox will buy
Cox Insurance, the Lloyd's of London underwriter, will use its right to compulsorily buy underwriting capacity from a minority of names linked with syndicate 1485 who did not accept its offer. Cox won 91.7 per cent acceptance. On syndicate 1176, which insures nuclear installations, acceptances were 75 per cent; the offer is to stay open until 25 August. On 218, a motor specialist, acceptances were 49 per cent; Cox has closed the offer.

Mayflower and Volvo in hot pursuit of Dennis

By ADAM JONES

MAYFLOWER, the automotive group, found itself up against another European carmaker, Volvo, yesterday when it launched a hostile bid for Dennis, the bus chassis and fire truck maker.

Last year, Mayflower had to give up its ambition of owning Rolls-Royce Motor Cars after opposition from BMW, which also wanted the luxury carmaker.

Yesterday, John Simpson, the chief executive of Mayflow-

er, launched a 450p a share bid for Dennis, a supplier to Mayflower's Volvo Alexander bus arm — then suddenly found himself in competition with Volvo.

The Swedish company is taking a 10 per cent stake in Henlys and backing the plan to merge with Dennis.

Mayflower is trying to gatecrash an agreed merger between Dennis and Henlys, which is structured as an offer of 64 Henlys shares for every 100 Dennis shares.

Both deals would create an

integrated busmaker — rare in the UK, where chassis and bodies are supplied separately, but common overseas.

When Mr Simpson indicated that it was considering a bid last Friday, Henlys shares fell from 590p to 529p, hitting the value of the merger plan. However, the shares bounced back yesterday, closing at 577p, after Volvo revealed its plans to take a stake in Henlys.

Volvo said the holding would "reinforce the industrial and commercial co-operation that already exists between the two companies".

They work together in Britain and South-East Asia and both have shareholdings in Prevost, a Canadian company. Mayflower's 450p cash offer values Dennis at £255 million. The Henlys offer would value Dennis at only 370p a share, or about £210 million.

Mayflower said it would be able to cut lead times on deliveries if the purchase goes through and a deal would make both companies more competitive internationally.

Henlys said it was reviewing its position but added that it still believes its plan to merge with Dennis to be superior. The board said it welcomed "the confidence expressed by Volvo" and said Henlys and Volvo would co-operate in selling Henlys-Dennis products internationally if the merger went through.

Mr Simpson said he believed Henlys would have to make a new cash bid to be successful. Dennis shares rose from 456p to 469p. Mayflower shares fell from 195p to 184p.

Scott quits as Saatchi chairman

By JASON NISSE

CHARLES SCOTT, who was responsible for ousting Lord Saatchi from Saatchi & Saatchi, is to leave the advertising group to concentrate on his role as chairman of Cordant Communications Corporation, which demerged from Saatchi last year.

Bob Seelert, Saatchi's chief executive, is replacing Mr Scott as chairman while Kevin Roberts, who runs the Saatchi agency network, is to become chief executive. Wendy Smyth, the part-time finance director, is moving to become part-time director of corporate affairs.

Saatchi's first clean set of results after the demerger showed a 44 per cent increase in profits before tax and exceptional items to £12.4 million in the six months to June 30. Earnings per share were 3.6p and there is a 0.5p dividend, deferred until the abolition of ACT next year.

Tempus, page 24



Leader of the pack: Bob Seelert, the new chairman, centre, and fellow Saatchi workers after the firm's interim results yesterday

Orange on course to move into the black

By CHRISTINE BUCKLEY, INDUSTRIAL CORRESPONDENT

ORANGE, the mobile phone network company, is poised to move into profit next year after cutting its losses and recording its first operating profit in the first half of this year.

The UK's third biggest mobile operator after Vodafone and Cellnet cut pre-tax losses by a third to £49.1 million and increased sales by 25 per cent to £534.4 million.

Its operating profit was £2.2 million compared with an operating loss of £39.9 million for the same period last year. Losses per share fell from 6p to 4p.

Orange said its customers now topped the 1.5 million mark. Some of the increase has been driven by pre-payment mobile phones although Orange has a smaller share of this market than its rivals.

The company is to pump extra resources into trying to curb the "churn rate" — the frequency with which subscribers leave for new contracts with other companies.

Orange's churn rate rose to 18.9 per cent for the 12 months to the end of June compared with 15.2 per cent for the year ending last December.

Switch by borrowers lifts Skipton

By CHRISTINE BUCKLEY, INDUSTRIAL CORRESPONDENT

SKIPTON Building Society has doubled its share of net new mortgage lending to 3 per cent over the past six months as borrowers switch to better rates offered by mutuals (Richard Miles writes).

The society, which yesterday reported a 5.8 per cent rise in pre-tax profits to £19.1 million, said gross lending had risen nearly 50 per cent in the first half, pushing assets above £4 billion.

It said the figures showed that mutuals could deliver better value than institutions paying dividends.

Groves Europe to close crane builder

By CHRISTINE BUCKLEY, INDUSTRIAL CORRESPONDENT

THE North East is to suffer hundreds more job losses after a crane manufacturer yesterday announced its closure.

The announcement comes only days after the area was hit by the loss of 1,000 jobs from Siemens.

Groves Europe, which owns a crane-building business based in Sunderland, will axe 670 jobs when it shuts its business. The operation has suffered losses over the past six years.

The company will start laying off workers in November and it will cease all manufac-

turing operations by the end of the year.

Other business, such as marketing and customer support, will continue to be run from Sunderland.

Union leaders were hoping for last-minute salvage talks with the management. However, it is thought unlikely that the company, which has reviewed its worldwide operations, will be persuaded to change its plans.

Groves Europe took over the crane builder, which was formerly Coles Cranes, from the receiver in 1984.

Bid hopes boost National Power

SHARES in National Power rose 16p to 539p yesterday, with almost six million shares traded, on bid hopes after it emerged that John Devaney, executive chairman of Eastern Group, is trying to put together a £7 billion offer for the company. Mr Devaney is attempting to form a consortium to buy National Power, the country's largest generator, whose shares have fallen because of regulatory uncertainty in the sector. However, it is thought Mr Devaney has yet to recruit a major company to give the consortium the power it needs to mount such a substantial bid.

National Power has yet to learn how many power stations it will be required to sell by Professor Stephen Littlechild, the regulator, as he tries to stimulate more competition in generation. It is possible the company could refuse to co-operate — a move that would spark a referral to the Monopolies and Mergers Commission. Commentary, page 23

Sun Life double blow

SUN LIFE OF CANADA, the mutual insurer which went into the red last week after writing off £324 million of profits from its UK subsidiary, has suffered more bad news after two leading rating agencies in the US announced they had turned bearish on the company. Investors Services warned investors it had put its A-1 financial strength rating for SLOC and its US subsidiary on review for a possible downgrade. Standard & Poor's, meanwhile, changed its outlook for the company from stable to negative.

Pan Andean woe

PAN ANDEAN RESOURCES, the AIM-listed company, suffered worsening losses in the year to March 31. Pre-tax losses stretched to £388,677 from £110,571 in the previous year. Losses per share stretched from 0.26p to 0.82p. The company said that the large Chapare concession in Bolivia remains its main focus. It is negotiating with potential partners. The company also said there have been significant discoveries adjacent to Chapare. The shares fell 1p to 10p.

Gander offer agreed

GANDER HOLDINGS, the property group, yesterday revealed a recommended offer of £24.4 million for Barrasford, the AIM-listed rival. Shareholders in Barrasford will be offered four new Gander shares for every five they hold. Yesterday Barrasford shares remained at 8p and Gander shares were unchanged at 10.4p. Gander said the deal would provide the enlarged group with critical mass in its core residential lettings market in Kensington and Chelsea.

Dip at Parc Asterix

PARC ASTERIX, the amusement park inspired by *Asterix the Gaul*, the popular French cartoon strip, yesterday blamed the World Cup for a drop in attendance that dented half-year sales. Turnover dipped to £163 million (£16 million) in the first half of 1998 from £166 million in the first half of 1997. A 4 per cent rise in spending per visitor did not fully compensate for a fall in attendance at the site, which is 40km north of Paris, as people stayed at home in June to watch the football.

Silvermines rises 18%

SILVERMINES, the electrical equipment group, raised pre-tax profits by 18 per cent to £3 million in the six months to June 30, on sales up 53 per cent to £57.7 million. Earnings per share rose 10 per cent to 2.46p after exceptional items and the dividend rises from 0.45p to 0.5p. The company said that its order book was up 26 per cent and included improved Asian orders. Bob Morton, chairman, said: "We expect a solid performance in the second half." The shares rose 4p to 40.4p.

Workspace on the up

WORKSPACE, the property group, raised pre-tax profits by 15 per cent to £1.56 million on sales up 14.3 per cent to £5.45 million in the three months to June 30. Earnings rose 7.4 per cent to 7.2p and the net asset value per share rises from 523p to 531p. Alan Porter, chairman, said: "During the past weeks demand for space has continued at a high level. So far there is little evidence of recession and we are optimistic that the current financial year will bring good results."

FOURMIST

Bank	Bank	Bank
Australia 8	2.82	2.84
Austria 8	21.23	19.77
Belgium 8	63.07	59.31
Canada 8	2.59	2.41
Denmark 8	0.8979	0.8290
France 8	11.68	10.77
Germany 8	10.21	9.43
Greece 8	1.35	1.22
Italy 8	10.21	9.43
Japan 8	10.21	9.43
Netherlands 8	10.21	9.43
New Zealand 8	10.21	9.43
Norway 8	10.21	9.43
Portugal 8	10.21	9.43
Spain 8	10.21	9.43
Sweden 8	10.21	9.43
Switzerland 8	10.21	9.43
Turkey 8	10.21	9.43
USA 8	1.739	1.596

Notes for small denomination borrowers only as supplied by Barclays Bank. Different rates apply to travellers' cheques. Figures as at close of trading yesterday.

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STOCK MARKET

FRASER NELSON

Investors take flight as FTSE hits six-month low

LONDON shares suffered one of their most serious downturns in recent months yesterday, as nervous selling forced the FTSE 100 index down almost 100 points to a new six-month low.

The tentative recovery witnessed on Friday was demolished by a 200-point drop in the Nikkei and a weak opening on Wall Street.

After last week's volatility, London dealers were again feeling insecure. One fund manager said: "Those of us who piled back in on Friday have been stung. The senior fund managers are on holiday, so it's a much more dangerous market."

The picture was repeated across Europe: all bourses dropped on thin trading. By the time Wall Street started to recover, the FTSE 100 had fallen 92.8 points to 5387.6. The number of blue chip shares changing hands dropped below the 300 million mark, for only the third time this year.

Hardest hit was Reed International, off 35p to 52p. Dealers said that profit downgrades after last week's results had been joined by uncertainty created by management changes. British Airways lost 34p to 57p after returning financial results and Rediffusion, which had withstood the FTSE bear run — fell 70p to £10.95.

Orange was the best FTSE 100 performer, up 6p to 79p on solid results. A minor rebound from department stores lifted House of Fraser up 2p to 127p. Debenhams up 8p to 33p and Great Universal Stores up 33p to 72p.

Shares of Lady In Leisure were 32p better at 22p after the health club admitted it had received a takeover approach. Anonymous sources, claiming to be close to the negotiations, have contacted The Times claiming the company is examining a cash offer of £18 million — or 30p a share.

This high valuation was backed by a note issued by Greig Middleton last month suggesting an enterprise value of £25 million, and a fair value of 50p a share based on future growth prospects.

Trade in Desire Petroleum is heading up again. The oil exploration company, whose sole assets are two gas fields off the Falkland Islands, is due a progress update.

Internet reports say that gas flares have been seen off the



Clem Jansen saw shares in Silvermines slip 1/2p despite the positive news the engineer delivered with its interim

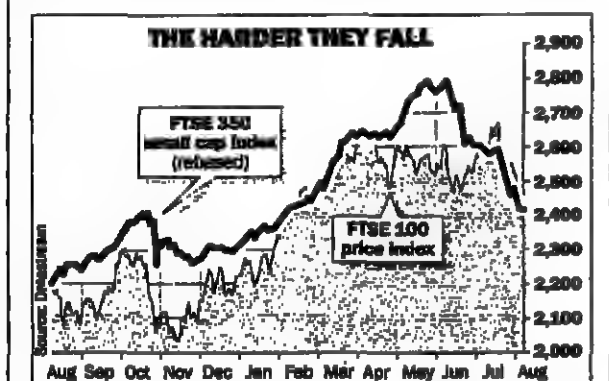
oil tranche in which Desire has a 25 per cent stake.

If gas is found, Matheson Investments estimates Desire's shares will be worth £17.08 apiece. If it finds nothing, the shares will be worth nothing. They were up 8p to 178p yesterday.

Booker's shares are continuing to advance on the prospect that its mystery takeover

bidder will offer north of £630 million to take the agricultural conglomerate apart. The shares added 13p to 253p yesterday, and some brokers are advising clients to hold on for a 300p offer.

The first fruits of the rescue package for the Charmed Tunnel rail link were picked yesterday by S. Daniels, a food manufacturing company.



WHILE the FTSE100 was in freefall yesterday, London's smaller stocks were holding out much better.

Dealers in the FTSE Small Cap and Alternative Investment Market stocks are saying they are being ignored by the current bear run — in the same way they were ignored by the bulls four months ago.

So while the FTSE 100 dropped by almost 100 points, the FTSE Small Cap index shed only 7.5 points to 2405.6.

Small companies supporters argue that investors

do not blindly buy into their sector in the way that tracker funds collect FTSE 100 stocks.

So when there is a stampede out of the blue chips, the smaller companies are left unaffected.

Secondly, the froth has been blowing out of the small-company sector since May — reconnecting many share prices to the fundamental value of the company.

Until the storm in the FTSE 100 is over, the small company sector may well provide the best means of shelter.

LONDON & Continental Railways wants to knock down its Kent factory, and has offered the company £4.2 million to get out. Its shares slid 2 1/2p to 45p. The lion's share of the LCR contracts are expected to be picked up by Jarvis, off 6p to 537p after a strong run last week.

Volvo, the Swedish carmaker, is getting a little nervous about Henlys Group — and has said it will take a 10 per cent stake to "reinforce the industrial and commercial operation" between the two. This saw its shares jump 48p to 577p.

Shares of Vaux Group, the brewer and hotel operator added 9 1/2p to 339p. Sources were rehearsing the suggestion that Greenalls, up 3p to 435p or Whitbread, off 7p to 87p, might be sizing up the Swallow Hotels division.

Mild profit-taking shaved 1/2p off Silvermines, the electrical engineer, after it returned its interim. Clem Jansen, managing director, said its order book is 26 per cent ahead. Car Group picked up 1p from its 16p low yesterday, on the back of yesterday's report in The Times that it is in takeover talks with Concept Automotive.

Border Television was 30p better at 34p after saying it has rebuffed a takeover approach from Scottish Radio.

ARM Holdings was up 7p to £1.25 on word that it may win a large contract with Intel. Shares of Acorn — which owns 27 per cent of ARM — went up 6p in sympathy to 108 1/2p. Dealers believe Acorn may ditch its stake in ARM altogether and pocket the £144 million this would be worth.

GILT-EDGED: The weak equity market saw some flight to quality, backed up by anticipation of gilt auctions due this week. Treasury 8 per cent 2000 strengthened one tick to 102 1/2p and Treasury 8 per cent 2015 jumped 1 1/2p to 124 1/2p.

NEW YORK: Early morning losses caused by Asian currency devaluations were largely reversed in late morning trading. At midday the Dow Jones industrial average had inched up 0.77 points to 8,558.79.

Owing to production difficulties at our suppliers, the sterling and spot rates below refer to Friday's trading.

MAJOR INDEXES

New York (midday):
Dow Jones 8598.79 (+0.77)
S&P Composite 1088.81 (+0.58)

Tokyo:
Nikkei Average 15036.42 (+102.75)
Hang Seng 7034.62 (+16.21)

Hong Kong:
Amsterdams 1167.64 (+11.75)
AEX Index 2971.4 (+1.4)

Sydney:
Frankfurt:
DAX 5076.25 (+104.97)

Singapore:
BSE Sensex 1561.40 (+30.00)

Brussels:
BELX 3460.19 (+27.18)

Paris:
CAC 40 3698.45 (+102.43)

Zurich:
SIX 1561.40 (+30.00)

London:
FTSE 100 5387.6 (-92.8)

FTSE 250 2405.6 (-7.5)

FTSE 350 2650.9 (-38.2)

FTSE Europe 100 2735.15 (-55.5)

FTSE Asia 2000.07 (-28.08)

FTSE Non Financials 2440.07 (-28.08)

FTSE Financials 1448.9 (-28.08)

FTSE Govt Secs 106.17 (+0.24)

FTSE 100 Vol 1.63B

FTSE 250 Vol 1.63B

FTSE 350 Vol 1.63B

FTSE Europe Vol 1.63B

FTSE Asia Vol 1.63B

FTSE Non Financials Vol 1.63B

FTSE Financials Vol 1.63B

FTSE Govt Secs Vol 1.63B

FTSE 100 Vol 1.63B

FTSE 250 Vol 1.63B

FTSE 350 Vol 1.63B

FTSE Europe Vol 1.63B

FTSE Asia Vol 1.63B

FTSE Non Financials Vol 1.63B

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FTSE Asia Vol 1.63B

TEMPERATURE

Beguiling BA

A FORCED sale of an asset is clearly preferable to a forced giveaway. But British Airways has even better reasons to want to show it can make a buck or two by conducting an auction of the slots that it must shed to secure regulatory agreement to its alliance with American Airlines.

BA's value can be looked at in a number of ways. But if the market prices the company at £5.8 billion and the net assets are worth some £3.4 billion, a large part of the difference must be the right to fly planes in and out of certain airports. Without those rights, BA is nothing more than a few computers, a big salary bill and tonnes of aluminium scrap parked next to a runway.

In the past month, the market has devalued those rights. In July, when BA's market worth exceeded £7 billion, the slots could have been

deemed to be worth £4 billion, more than the net value of BA's assets. However, the strength of the pound has been hurting BA's ability to compete with European carriers and a rush to shift planes away from deserted Asian routes to the thriving Atlantic market is putting a squeeze on the process. Profit margins are also under pressure from the worrying trend among business clients to herd executives into economy class.

All this puts into question whether BA shares are really cheap at 10-11 times current year earnings. A sale of the slots would provide a welcome cash boost for BA and would also crystallise the value of some of the goodwill in its balance sheet. It may also prove that the shares are underpriced, but until then airline market pressures on BA do not bode well for investors.

Orange

Orange surprised the market yesterday with news that it made a small profit in the first half, albeit one before taking account of interest payments. Shares added 45p to take them up, in a falling market.

Shares added 45p to take them up, in a falling market. That is four times the price at which they languished a year ago, and four times the price at which they were floated in early 1996.

Orange impresses with the quality of the service it offers, with the way it is extending its customer base, and in trying to widen uses for the increasingly ubiquitous mobile phone. Shareholders may also find comfort in that customers spend an average of £485 a year.

By casting aside suggestions yesterday that Orange is feeling heat from the current economic environ-

Inchcape

But like Alec Stewart's gallant boys, Inchcape can still muster triumphs. Cost cutting has brought the operating margin up from 7 per cent to 8.1 per cent. This is not quite the 13 per cent enjoyed by WPP Group but it is a move in the right direction.

The fact that Inchcape's management is now focusing on this issue is reason enough to tuck the shares away.

But no sooner had the ink dried on these words, than the London office dropped the ball. Gone is the National Lottery (its largest account), and Schweppes, Visa International is likely to go the same way. Add to this the economic problems of the Antipodes (where Saatchi is strong), and a virtual freeze on new adverts in Singapore (where the local Saatchi branch was voted worldwide agency of the year by Advertising Age magazine) and you can see why Saatchi shares have been so weak recently.

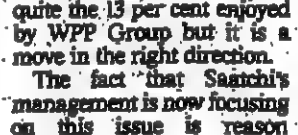
But the board is now likely to go for cash sales rather than demergers — the bottling plant in Russia being the first up for a trade sale. Institutions had been understandably perturbed about receiving shares in companies quoted in Chile or other far-flung bourses where elements of Inchcape, renowned as a far-fung company, traded.

The return of capital to investors next year could be as much as £700 million, some in the City believe. If all the disposable cash deals, so with Inchcape's market value at just £933 million before yesterday's interim, it was little wonder that the shares went up from 176p to 196p. This still doesn't value the remaining motor business very highly and there may be the chance of making some quick turns as the disposal process pans out.

But the shares are of little long-term interest.

EDITED BY ROBERT COLE

THE FUTURE'S RED



Saatchi

LIKE the England cricket team, Saatchi & Saatchi has an uncanny ability to snatch failure from the jaws of success. Over the winter the ad agency network celebrated its demerger from Cordiant Communications Group with two large business wins at its New York office: Delta Airlines and Oil of Olay (as they call it over there).

But no sooner had the ink dried on these words, than the London office dropped the ball. Gone is the National Lottery (its largest account), and Schweppes, Visa International is likely to go the same way. Add to this the economic problems of the Antipodes (where Saatchi is strong), and a virtual freeze on new adverts in Singapore (where the local Saatchi branch was voted worldwide agency of the year by Advertising Age magazine) and you can see why Saatchi shares have been so weak recently.

Closing Prices Page 27

COMMODITIES

LIFFE
DCCOILS
Sep 109.1072 Dec 1204.1195
Oct 110.1107 Mar 1220.1216
Nov 111.1117 May 1230.1226
Jul 112.1127 Aug 1240.1236
Sep 113.1137 Oct 1250.1246
Nov 114.1147 Dec 1260.1256
Jan 115.1157 Feb 1270.1266
Mar 116.1167 Apr 1280.1276
May 117.1177 Jun 1290.1286
Jul 118.1187 Aug 1300.1296
Sep 119.1197 Oct 1310.1306
Nov 120.1207 Dec 1320.1316
Jan 121.1217 Feb 1330.1326
Mar 122.1227 Apr 1340.1336
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May 171.1717 Jun 1830.1826
Jul 172.1727 Aug 1840.1836
Sep 173.1737 Oct 1850.1846
Nov 174.1747 Dec 1860.1856
Jan 175.1757 Feb 1870.1866
Mar 176.1767 Apr 1880.1876
May 177.1777 Jun 1890.1886
Jul 178.1787 Aug 1900.1896
Sep 179.1797 Oct 1910.1906
Nov 180.1807 Dec 1920.1916
Jan 181.1817 Feb 1930.1926
Mar 182.1827 Apr 1940.1936
May 183.1837 Jun 1950.1946
Jul 184.1847 Aug 1960.1956
Sep 185.1857 Oct 1970.1966
Nov 186.1867 Dec 1980.1976
Jan 187.1877 Feb 1990.1986
Mar 188.1887 Apr 2000.1996
May 189.1897 Jun 2010.2006
Jul 190.1907 Aug 2020.2016
Sep 191.1917 Oct 2030.2026
Nov 192.1927 Dec 2040.2036
Jan 193.1937 Feb 2050.2046
Mar 194.1947 Apr 2060.2056
May 195.1957 Jun 2070.2066
Jul 196.1967 Aug 2080.2076
Sep 197.1977 Oct 2090.2086
Nov 198.1987 Dec 2100.2096
Jan 199.1997 Feb 2110.2106
Mar 200.2007 Apr 2120.2116
May 201.2017 Jun 2130.2126
Jul 202.2027 Aug 2140.2136
Sep 203.2037 Oct 2150.2146
Nov 204.2047 Dec 2160.2156
Jan 205.2057 Feb 2170.2166
Mar 206.2067 Apr 2180.2176
May 207.2077 Jun 2190.2186
Jul 208.2087 Aug 2200.2196
Sep 209.2097 Oct 2210.2206
Nov 210.2107 Dec 2220.2216
Jan 211.2117 Feb 2230.2226
Mar 212.2127 Apr 2240.2236
May 213.2137 Jun 2250.2246
Jul 214.2147 Aug 2260.2256
Sep 215.2157 Oct 2270.2266
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Europe turns its back on the secrets of success

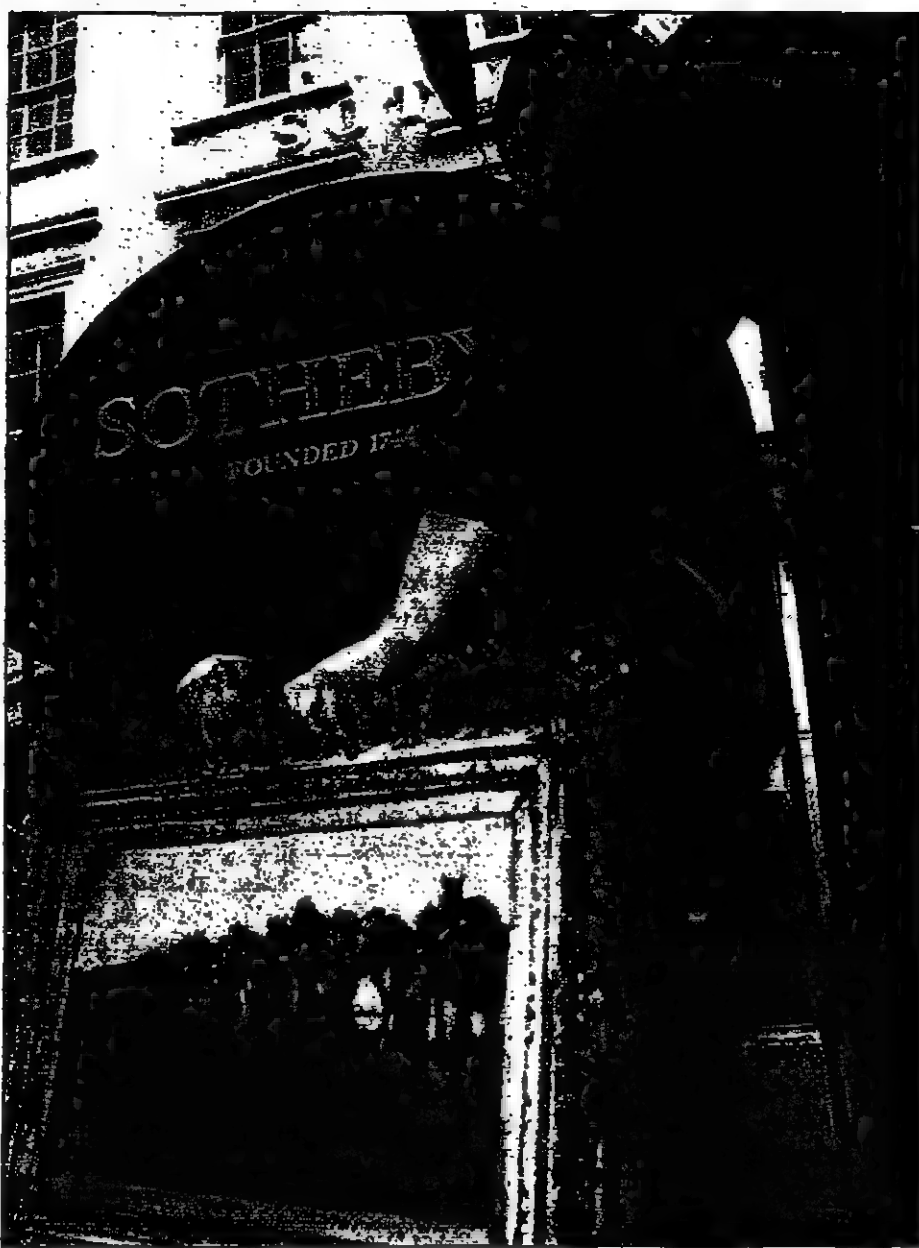
As it moves towards a single currency, Brussels is succumbing to over-regulation

Batting down the wind tunnels called pedestrian walkways in the heart of Coventry on a sodden February day some years ago, I reflected how blessed were the towns of England whose planners were idle, so interested only in their golf handicaps. By design and at huge expense, the city fathers had compounded the desolation of Hitler's bombing of the great cathedral. Urban architects have always seemed to me in need of some sort of equivalent to the Hippocratic oath — if not "do no harm", then at least "let well alone". So, even more acutely, have the "architects" of the EU.

In 1985, after years of regulatory fervour, the European Community took that precautionary principle at least partly on board. The launching of the 1992 single market programme that December, with the Single European Act, was a blow for liberalisation, a revolt against the passion for standardising everything in Brussels that had infected the EC with "Eurocratism". But in 1998, under the spell of imminent economic and monetary union, both governments and the Commission are in danger of reverting to bad old habits. The signs are everywhere that the zealous planners are making a comeback.

The key insight grasped in 1985 was that the free movement of goods and services in Europe did not require, and could even be hindered by, rigid uniformity. "Harmonisation" of national laws and regulations was straining rather than promoting the common market objective of the original Treaty of Rome. Over-regulation had created the unloved Europe of persecuted cheese-makers, obscure committees discussing the proper size of teddy bears' eyes and the famous ten-year argument over the height and size of tractor rear lights. Most damagingly, the Brussels-centred concept of the "level playing field" had also proved a wonderfully convenient alibi for protectionist lobbies. It became clear that there would never be a genuinely open single market in Europe unless limits were set to the manic codifying of every conceivable economic activity.

Free-market reformers such as Lord Cockfield and Sir Leon Brittan persuaded governments instead to adopt, under the Single European Act and the 1992 single market programme, the radical alternative of "mutual recognition" by all member states of each other's laws, regulations and standards. The principle governing the vast new pile of single market directives was that formal harmonisation should



London's auction houses were dealt a body blow by an EU accord on VAT on art sales

be kept to the strict minimum "necessary to ensure a proper functioning of the single market", to protect consumers and, in services, to serve the needs for prudential regulation. The 1992 market-opening drive operated on the assumption that free trade could be based on national standards, provided these met an agreed EU-wide minimum — and that competition law could do well what detailed regulation could only do badly. It made for a more flexible economic dynamic.

Some Commission bureaucrats, and some governments, admittedly seized on that innocent "minimum standard" proviso as a side door to continued centralised regulation. The Brussels culture is not easily changed. At an all too typical lunch there not long ago, a group of the Commission's finest spent forty minutes complaining that ministers had turned down their proposed directive compelling all EU fire brigades to conform, at huge expense, to a single standard for protective clothing. The 1992 programme gave the Commission a new, much healthier role as competition's watchdog.

The change of approach was a fresh response to the question, What kind of Europe? which showed that the EU did not have to be an over-regulated

monster. Because harmonisation extends the power of the state at the expense of individual freedoms, while competition sets people free, there should be a presumption against it unless the benefits unequivocally outweigh the costs.

That is why it is depressing that "harmonisation" is once again the EU watchword — on taxation, for example, also in social security, and as a supposed condition for the effective integration of EU financial markets and the success of the single currency. The truth about EMU is that the precise opposite is true: when countries cannot use exchange rates as policy tools, something has to take their place, and that puts a premium on competitive labour markets and flexible fiscal policies.

Yet Austria, which took over the EU presidency last month, is pushing to close the gap between tax rates in different EU countries — and where Austria pushes, Germany is actively lending muscle. At the Bundesbank, Hans Tietmeyer has after all consistently held the view that with EMU, "it is an illusion to think that states can hold onto their autonomy over taxation policy".

For harmonisation, read tax rises if you are British: the tax take in this country is 38 per

cent, compared with an EU average of more than 45 per cent. There are schemes for EU-wide withholding taxes on savings, a common "floor" rate for corporation taxes and a new energy tax. Is income tax likely to stay off the agenda for long, given that basic rates are 23 per cent in this country, but 29 per cent in Germany and 33 per cent in France?

The British Government has put it about that it will resist such encroachments on sovereignty tooth and nail and will, in particular, veto any additional burden on British taxpayers. Since all fiscal decisions must be unanimous, that should be the end of the matter. But don't bet on it. So, even more vehemently, said the Major Government — the very government that in 1994, voluntarily sold the London art market down the river when it agreed to an EU-wide regime of VAT on art sales.

In EU matters, political trade-offs have a curious way of shouldering principle aside. If the last, relatively Eurosceptic and determinedly free-market government could be strong-armed into damaging London's world-leading fine arts auction houses — a business that employs 50,000 people and has a turnover of £2.2 billion — what should be expected of one that is conspicuously anxious to prove Brit-

ain's credentials as a "good European"? A month ago, Helen Liddell, then a Treasury minister, emerged from an Ecofin meeting saying happily that everybody had "welcomed the broad themes" set out by the Austrian presidency. And Gordon Brown cheerfully signed up last December to a "voluntary" code of conduct on "unfair" tax competition — a term left perilously ill-defined.

The Government claims that the innocent objective is to close loopholes and eliminate tax evasion. That is not the way his colleagues, or the Commission, see it. They want a minimum level of corporation tax to stop "harmful" competition. Their argument is that with a single currency and mobile capital markets, such a floor is needed to stop a "race to the bottom" as countries compete for inward investment, forcing governments to compensate with higher taxes on labour — leading to higher unemployment. This is flawed logic. Skills and social security charges can influence investors quite as powerfully as corporate tax rates. The truth is that the major continental EU governments, reliant on high tax regimes, would rather suppress competition than cut spending and the appetite for tax revenue.

The EU code of conduct slips the padlock off the door. It may be voluntary now, but the social chapter, which also began as voluntary measure, has acquired teeth far sharper than Tony Blair admitted when he signed Britain up to it with the breezy assurance that Britain would never have to go along with measures that it did not approve.

In Brussels, a committee on harmful tax competition is now hard at work. Mario Monti, the EU taxation commissioner, sent last month a confidential list of 75 different taxes to review. The Commission's proposed 20 per cent minimum withholding tax on savings would simply drive savers outside the EU. Britain has joined Luxembourg in calling for an independent investigation. How naive can you get? Mr Monti's ambitions do not end there. He sees the advent of Internet marketing as one more excuse for ending Britain's zero VAT rate on children's books, clothes, and food. His hope is that under EMU, the integration of markets and institutions will make it easier "to aim for a much higher degree of tax homogeneity".

Politics, notably the fear that transparency will accentuate the mobility of capital and investment decisions, is turning the best economic arguments for EMU on their head. Just when enlargement demands more subsidiarity and greater imagination about a multi-system Europe, the EU is marching forward to the over-regulated past. The next formal event on the EU calendar, the October mini-summit in Vienna on "the future of the Union", is supposedly about defining limits to Community action. Don't bet too much on that, either.

IBM's withdrawal from Olympics is calculated gamble



The Rome Olympic Games in 1960 seem a long way away. The event was much smaller in those days; it was exclusively amateur (except for the East Germans) and the British team actually had a chance of winning some medals. Computers were giant, whirling monoliths, little more than glorified adding machines, with less processing power than a pocket calculator you could buy for less than £50. Yet that was the first year that International Business Machines sponsored the Games.

Sydney 2000 will be an entirely different fish. The millennium games will feature professional athletes in the main events, who "do not get out of bed" for less than £100,000 a race. The cost of staging the event is running into billions of dollars and the Sydney Olympic organising committee is concerned that it will turn a loss. It is also the last Olympics being sponsored by IBM. The decision by IBM to pull its sponsorship of the Olympics was a surprise, but the writing had been on the wall for at least two years. IBM is the third-oldest backer of the Olympics. Kodak has been involved virtually since the Olympics restarted in 1896 and Coca-Cola first became involved when it helped to fund the US team attending the 1928 Olympics in Amsterdam. However, the Atlanta games in 1996 were a watershed for many sponsors, particularly IBM.

Systems problems bedevilled Atlanta and IBM was blamed. Its deal with the International Olympic Committee was to supply systems, an open-ended commitment that cost it a great deal more than the \$80 million-a-games cost of being able to put the five rings on your product. It also spent \$25 million (£15 million) on US television adverts to support the sponsorship — which might seem like a great deal but it was much less than other lead sponsors Coca-Cola (\$60 million), General Motors (\$50 million), Anheuser-Busch (\$45 million) and McDonald's (\$45 million).

Before and after the games the US research firm, Lou Harris, compiled an awareness rating — that is a measurement of a consumer's knowledge of a company and its products as prompted by watching an event that company sponsors. IBM was fortunate — its awareness rose 3 percentage points to 65 per cent (some sponsors, such as Visa, Kodak and Holiday Inn, saw their awareness ratings fall). However, the research found that Nike, which was not even a sponsor, gained a rating of 73 per cent. Only one official sponsor, McDonald's, scored higher.

What Nike had done was ambush the sponsorship. It bought all the best poster sites in Atlanta, set up a sponsors village next door to the official village and signed up many of the leading athletes, most notably Michael Johnson who stormed to victory and a world record in the 200 metres wearing specially made Nike golden shoes.

The first thing IBM did for the Nagano Winter Olympics earlier this year was to make sure everything went smoothly. This it did but the giant cost of this (which IBM has not dis-

closed, though it is thought to be well in excess of \$100 million) made it think again about what it was getting for its money. It was a brave decision to pull out. But Martin Thomas, managing director of sponsorship consultants Cohn & Wolfe, thinks others may follow. "The Olympics, World Cup and other major events are not delivering what sponsors think they might. There is much better value to be had in smaller events, like the rugby

or cricket world cups, or in arts sponsorship, which is becoming a serious marketing tool rather than something the chairman does on a whim."

For Sydney, sponsors are being put off by the fact that there is no live coverage of the main events on US network television. Most corporations are keeping their powder dry for the winter games in Salt Lake City in 2002. By the Athens games in 2004 it is expected that many events will be on televised pay-per-view, so impair-

ing the value of the sponsorship forever.

□ THE long-running saga of who will sponsor the England football team looks set to take another turn. Followers of this tale will remember that, only five years ago, the national team did not actually have a main commercial backer, hampered by the edict from FIFA that national teams cannot have a sponsor's name on their shirt while playing representative matches.

The English Football Association worked around this to strike a £1 million a year deal with Green Flag, the motor rescue business. This put the Green Flag name all over the training kit and all was happy until the first game, which was the abandoned match against the Republic of Ireland in Dublin. Still, Green Flag said it was happy with its deal.

When it came to renewing the arrangement, the FA put up the price to about £4 million a year and with Green Flag's takeover by Cendant of the US and likely merger with RAC Motoring Services, the relationship ended.

Since this emerged back in May the FA has been looking for a new sponsor. Vauxhall and Ford balked at the price; talks with One2One did not result in anything. Now the hot tip is that Agfa, one of the FA's panel of sponsors, is about to sign. Neither side is saying anything but, as the editor of "Hush Hush" says in *LA Confidential*, you know where you read it first.



The special Nike golden shoes worn by Michael Johnson

Pulling power

IN December, I wrote about a scheme to create the ultimate community local, whereby residents of Bovis Homes' new Deer Park estate in Witney, Oxfordshire, clubbed together to buy a plot of land on which to build their own pub. Sadly, my fears that it might prove more difficult than they imagined have come true.

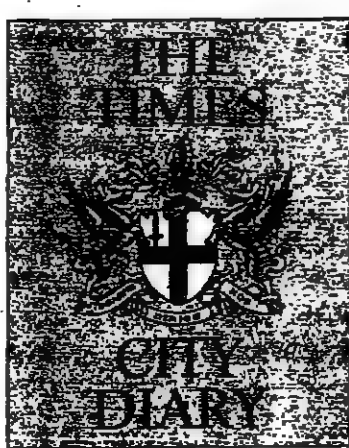
Despite the fact that the offer of shares in Community Pub plc raised enough cash to bid £35,000 for the site, the publicity generated by the

scheme threw up interest from another party, thought to be a brewer or pub operator. Bovis has now accepted that offer, although — unlike the residents' scheme — it is subject to planning permission.

But the reaction of the locals suggests our mystery bidder might be on a hiding to nothing. Resident Mike Freer, co-founder of the project, says: "There's no way we'll be using their pub. It'll be boycotted by the locals and every effort made to ensure nobody else does."

SAINSBURY'S determination to keep stocking kangaroo meat despite protests from animal rights campaigners is a no-brainer as far as Jason Steinberg, one of its press officers, is concerned. In the latest issue of *SuperMarketing* magazine, Steinberg, who hails from Queensland, admits that in the past he has bagged the odd "roo while out hunting on a friend's estate. They're vermin and eat all the grass which means the sheep end up dying," he says.

Root route
CAR-HATING policymakers at the new-look Department of Transport, Environment and the Regions will surely not be impressed by reports



that Toyota is promoting the planting in Derbyshire of a genetically engineered wonder-tree that gobbles up especially large amounts of carbon dioxide from car exhausts. Why be timid when one can be radical? Genetically engineered trifoliums that relentlessly eat the cars and turn them into biomass would solve the car problem and reverse global warming once and for all.

Phoney war
THE BT phonebox opposite the Cable & Wireless head office in Holborn has been jammed for the past two months — not with calls, but with coins stuck in its new side-entry slots. My informant tells me that C&W workers slipping out to make personal calls have been infuriated to find

all other side-entry BT payphones jammed — suggesting a possible design fault in the new system.

I call BT's payphone communications officer (sic). "We don't have any side-entry slots," he grunts. "You might be thinking of another operator." But after further deliberation, he calls me back to say that BT does, after all, own side-slot payphones — in fact, quite a few of them. But none of them have problems, he insists, unless people are "jamming the slots with paper". Surely C&W staff would never do such a thing. Not to a BT payphone.

Foster relation

WHITBREAD'S latest report on the on-trade beer market makes for interesting reading (no, really). Noting the unrelenting march of the biggest lager brands and the continued decline of ale and stout-drinking, the report says that there is increasingly a case for many pubs and bars to offer customers a choice of two standard lager brands. It concludes: "Whitbread is recommending that retailers who have a broad consumer profile adopt a two-brand approach — stocking either Carling or Foster's along with Heineken."

The more discerning lager drinkers among you (now there's an oxymoron) will note that only Heineken is actually a Whitbread brand. Carling is owned by Bass, while Foster's is part of Scottish & Newcastle. A spokeswoman for S&N says the company is delighted Whitbread has seen

fit to recommend its popular Australian lager, but adds: "We have no plans to promote any of their products."

BACK to Sainsbury's. Customers of the Homebase store in Brentford out buying garden furniture in anticipation of an extended hot spell were somewhat bemused to see Michael Fish, the BBC weatherman, with a large Calor Gas canister on his trolley. Does this mean we should brace ourselves for polar temperatures? Or are temperatures set to soar for a while yet?

DOMINIC WALSH



Gas man: Michael Fish bought a large canister at Homebase

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EMPLOYMENT (3-5 yrs' exp) To £40,000
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BANKING FINANCE £50,000

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For further information on private practice vacancies please contact Rachel Page or Andy Giddings on 0171 933 2838 (0181 948 1614 overseas/overseas). Ref: 0171 933 2838. E-mail: rachel.page@zmbgroup.com. Alternatively, please write to ZMB Recruitment Consultants, 37 Sun Street, London EC2M 2PL. ZMB, a Zank Group Company.

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Bad references

It's always a blow to the employer when a good member of staff gives notice. In today's market, when finding a replacement is so difficult, the blow is especially hard. And the smaller the firm, the more difficult it is to recruit, and the greater the disappointment when someone leaves. It can happen that employers react emotionally. They turn against the person leaving. They see disloyalty and ingratitude, and convince themselves that he or she wasn't such an asset after all. If asked for a reference, they ignore the good qualities and focus on any faults they can remember.

We have seen this happen several times. But it can be prevented. The new firm should be warned in advance that your employer has reacted badly. They should also be advised to take references in writing rather than over the telephone. A written reference is given with a greater sense of responsibility. If you're lucky, the situation will turn to your advantage. Your employer's negative reaction will be taken as a sign that your leaving is a serious loss to them.

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INDUSTRY Sonya Rayner, Morwenna Lewis, Deborah Kriman, Stuart Morton

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Telecoms: South East
Solicitor c. 1-2 yrs' exp with sound commercial background to join major telecoms co. Previous IP/IT exp a real advantage. Competition/consumer law also useful.

Commercial: Cambridgeshire
Scientific organisation seeks lawyer 2-4 years' experience to assist the Company Secretary handling contracts, insurance and IP matters. Familiarity with research/patents work useful.

PRIVATE PRACTICE LONDON: David Woolfson, Paul Thomas, Emma Ridley

REGIONS: Noel Murray, Hecley Walsh, Kate Shelley

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UNIVERSITY OF OXFORD

Chichele Professorship of Public International Law

The electors intend to proceed to an election to the Chichele Professorship of Public International Law with effect from 1 October 1999 or such later date as may be arranged. The chair falls vacant upon the retirement of Professor Ian Brownlie CBE, QC, DCL, FBA.

A non-stipendiary fellowship at All Souls College is attached to the professorship. Applications (ten copies, or one only from overseas candidates), naming three persons who have agreed to act as referees on this occasion, should be received not later than 30 November 1998 by the Registrar, University Offices, Wellington Square, Oxford OX1 2JG, from whom further particulars may be obtained. The University is an Equal Opportunities Employer.

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Professorship of Jurisprudence

The electors intend to proceed to an election to the Professorship of Jurisprudence with effect from 1 October 1999 or such later date as may be arranged.

A non-stipendiary fellowship at University College is attached to the professorship. Applications (ten copies, or one only from overseas candidates), naming three persons who have agreed to act as referees on this occasion, should be received not later than 30 November 1998 by the Registrar, University Offices, Wellington Square, Oxford OX1 2JG, from whom further particulars may be obtained. The University is an Equal Opportunities Employer.

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Will you marry me? Then sign here, darling

The Government has signalled its wish to introduce American-style prenuptial contracts — legally binding agreements that couples planning to marry draw up, with legal advice — which specify how they would divide their assets if they divorced. Geoff Hoon, Minister of State at the Lord Chancellor's Department, first floated the idea earlier this year and has confirmed that it has the backing of the Prime Minister's policy group on the family. Legislation could follow this autumn.

The idea of making prenuptial contracts legally binding in England and Wales — which they are not at present — has apparently won the backing of the Prime Minister's policy group. If ministers go ahead with the proposal, they will probably give the institution of marriage its greatest boost for many years. Such a step would recognise that resolving a potential problem before it becomes a real one means saving in legal aid costs. But it would also acknowledge that there are huge emotional savings to be made, and might take some of the acrimony out of financial disputes on divorce.

Although prenuptial agreements are not enforceable in England and Wales, they are in many other parts of the world: North America, Australia, the Continent and some South American countries. If they work for other people, why not for us?

The existence of a prenuptial agreement can already be taken into account on the breakdown of a marriage. It is evidence of what the parties intended immediately before they married, and, to judge from recent rulings, courts are attaching more weight to such agreements than previously.

At present, courts have wide discretion on deciding who should have what when couples part. They must consider all the circumstances of the case, putting the welfare of children first. Prenuptial agreements are not mentioned, but "all the circumstances" do include such agreements.

In a leading case, *P v P*, in which the husband's fortune was estimated at between £150 and £200 million, and the wife was awarded £9.3 million, Mr Justice Thorpe said that provision for the wife in the agreement, that she would receive



Unromantic but practical: prenuptial agreements will identify potential areas of conflict and limit expectations

an income equal to that of a German judge, was derisory. It was this that enabled him to say that no weight would be attached, in that case, to the agreement.

Nonetheless, last year in the case of *S v S*, Mr Justice Wilson quoted Mr Justice Thorpe from that same case, saying that the "circumstances" surrounding prenuptial agreements and the provisions in them might, "when viewed in the context of the other circumstances of the case, prove influential or even crucial".

Unromantic? Yes: because before entering into prenuptial agreements, couples will have

to have independent expert legal advice. They will also have to make full disclosure of means and resources. Most prenuptial contracts entered into in European countries have the effect of making derisory provision for a wife in the event of a divorce. So the agreements will have to contain fair provision for spouses in the event of a divorce.

But this leads to greater understanding and openness. It identifies potential areas of conflict and limits expectation. It helps to prevent the protracted litigation which can arise when a marriage breaks down and a wife has little idea of her

husband's position, and seeks to find a non-existent crock of gold. A prenuptial agreement is entered into when judgment is not impaired by trauma and shock over the break-up. Such agreements create certainty. Both parties know what they will get out of a marriage if it breaks down at any given point, preventing the expense, acrimony and bitterness of a court dispute.

JAMES HARCUS

CAMILLA BALDWIN
The authors are solicitors in the family law department at Withers.

History's great unromantics

New Labour, in championing anti-nuptial contracts for "prenups" as we may soon be saying, is recycling an old idea. The Jewish *ketubbot*, which guaranteed the woman's right to property when her husband died, dates from the 1st century AD.

Aristocrats everywhere have always gone to lawyers before tying the knot, and the bigger the financial disparity between them and their beloveds, the more their families have urged them to do so. Such luminaries as Mozart and Napoleon — together with their respective fiancées, of course — have had recourse to marriage contracts.

And here in England in 1684, poor Elizabeth Beecher was not so prepared to demean herself as to promise "that if I am not with child by you in two years to make void the contract" which her young man gallantly kept (unsigned) until his death, two children later.

Not that the Lord Chancellor, who intends to put such "contracts" on a statutory footing, needed to look that far back. Last year, two different judges of the Family Division of the High Court, Mr Justice Cazalet and Mr Justice Wilson, held that prenuptial arrangements were already one of "all the circumstances of the case" which the Matrimonial Causes Act 1973 enjoined them to consider when making financial orders on divorce.

Yet the Government's plan, which min-



Mozart and Napoleon: protected assets



isters apparently believe will cut divorce costs, is open to objections other than its mere superfluity.

First, it would be a lawyers' bonanza. The number of weddings may be going down, but still exceeded divorces (where much of the trade will soon be going to mediators) by more than 78 per cent in 1996. Furthermore, the government suggestion is that such deals would be binding only if they were "fair and workable".

The parties, far from being the conciliatory, far-sighted couple the Government apparently imagines them to be, are likely to be litigious. One of them will want to escape the "prenup", thus providing work

for a third firm come the divorce. Fixed formulae, even self-selected ones, are unlikely to remain "fair" in so infinitely variable and unpredictable a matter as family life. It is difficult to see how they could remain good after childbirth.

Secondly, such deals, unlike *ketubbot*, are likely to involve the "weaker economic party" (as wives are euphemistically termed in this context) in provisionally accepting less than "she" would otherwise get on divorce.

Few would object to the toyboy of a millionaire agreeing to rough it on a few hundred thousand and one of the Rollers in other legal systems which have influenced the Government in this matter, marriage contracts are for the rich. But given that our courts are still to have the final word, it seems that such deals would stick only in the case of young couples with separate earning capacities, fated to a short, child-free union.

Let cohabitants, who have thereby chosen not to enjoy the advantages of divorce, agree to (take some reported American examples) that the woman will pay a fine if she puts on weight, or that they will take turns to choose holiday venues — or that they will disclose their sexual experiences, past and future.

CHRIS BARTON

Professor Barton is Director of the Centre for the Study of the Family, Law & Social Policy at Staffordshire University.

Who to blame when the jury is out to lunch

In *Watching Brief*, James Conyn told the story of the Irish jury which acquitted the defendant against the evidence. Out of curiosity, the judge asked them why. "Insanity," replied the foreman. "What?" responded the judge. "All 12 of you?"

Juries habitually receive a bad press. *The Jurymen's Tale* by Trevor Grove (Bloomsbury, £11.99) is a vigorous, highly entertaining defence of the jury system and a lucid analysis of the need for reform. It describes the experience of a journalist on an Old Bailey jury and should be read by all lawyers and judges who want to understand what juries are thinking.

Partly because of the restrictions on jury research imposed by the Contempt of Court Act 1981, we normally read about juries only when they are guilty of some absurdity. Last month a juror hearing a trial at New-castle upon Tyne Crown Court was discharged by the judge after asking for the defendant's date of birth so he could prepare an astrological chart to help him to decide the case. In Canada last month, a woman was convicted of obstructing justice by having a love affair with a man on trial for murder while she was serving on the jury that acquitted him.

Among the extraordinary Crown Court cases in recent years in which judges have had to discharge juries and order a retrial have been the case at Luton where a juror told the defendant, from the jury box, "Why don't you plead guilty? You are guilty"; the trial at Winchester where the jurors complained that they could not concentrate because the lawyers kept watching them; the proceedings at Northampton where a juror told the usher that the defence barrister was "such a rude little man" that she wanted to hit him; the Old Bailey trial in which the jury complained to the judge that one of their number was "a pain in the ass"; a self-opinionated, bullying know-all; the case at the Old Bailey where two of the jurors almost came to blows after one accused the other of burgling his flat; and the Exeter hearing where two jurors complained that one of their colleagues had fies. The Court of Appeal allowed an appeal and ordered a retrial in a case from Hove Crown Court in which some members of the jury hearing a murder trial used a Ouija board to try to contact the victims.

Mr Grove's jury was guilty of no such absurdities. In 1997 he served on a jury which tried four men accused of kidnapping a Greek shipping magnate. The case lasted for 64 days. The jury consisted of a dozen "very ordinary men and women" including a postman, a cleaner and a Sainsbury's checkout lady. Only two of them had been to university and "few read a newspaper regularly". This was "a bunch of disparate people thrown together in unusual circumstances". Yet it worked. As he observes, in a cynical age, "jury membership does seem to summon up people's civic-mindedness" and to encourage the application of concepts of honesty, fairness and justice. You would not entrust the task of determining guilt to any one member of the jury. But in the jury on which he served, each member made a contribution. The jury is, he concludes, not just an admirable idea, a symbol that makes palatable the power of the State to try to imprison alleged offenders. Given the inevitable fallibility of human beings, it is as efficient a mechanism for determining truth as any other.



David Pannick QC

We learn from Mr Grove's account that juries understandably find it profoundly irritating to be excluded from court while points of law are debated, and resent being treated as "necessary idiots" who could not be trusted with an explanation. They are outraged, and rightly so, that lawyers deny them access to information about the previous convictions of the defendant, and so require them to "judge the honesty of defendants without the aid of a vital bit of knowledge" — the person's history.

Juries need to be informed of the defence case at the outset so that they know the relevance (if any) of questions asked and the evidence called. They are distrustful of pompous barristers, suspicious of police evidence in the light of miscarriages of justice, and angry at the inefficiency of criminal trials with so much time wasted while documents and witnesses are found.

Mr Grove makes a powerful defence of jury trial against those who doubt the ability of "ordinary people" to decide complicated cases. However, as he recognises, only the amendment of the Contempt of Court Act to allow research would reveal how typical his jury was. He is at least his persuasive in being "nervous" that such a scrutiny would reveal the flaws without explaining the strengths.

Without any breach of the contempt laws, Mr Grove offers a number of hints to barristers who want to retain the respect of the jury. In particular, if you are acting in a case where the jury and the lawyers go out to view the scene of the crime, don't wear a bowler hat.

The author is a practising barrister and a Fellow of All Souls College, Oxford.

LEGAL APPOINTMENTS

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Lack of will-power has caused more failure than lack of intelligence or ability. P.A. Newhouse

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Personality is crucial as you will be expected to have demonstrable leadership skills and be able to rapidly win the trust and respect of bright juniors as well as possessing the gravitas to deal effectively at the highest levels.

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Middle East International law firm with well established diaspora in the region, seeks a senior assistant to deal with a range of company/commercial work. Package includes tax-free accommodation and car.

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City firm with nationwide and international connections, seeks strong lawyer 3-4PQE to deal with mixed caseload encompassing corporate support and 'square mile' work for a range of top notch blue chip clients.

Finance/Financial Services **to £50K**
City Name firm seeks lawyers 3PQE to partner level from other jurisdictions or UK to handle investment fund launches, trusts, unit trusts, offshore funds, CISs, limited partnerships and other form of investment.

Project/Asset Finance **to £50K**
City firm with network of overseas offices seeks two lawyers 2-5PQE with banking, project finance or asset finance experience to join expanding team. Marketing capability and good contacts desirable.

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Top firm has new requirement for construction lawyer 3-4PQE or more. Applicants will have an outgoing personality with High Court and arbitration experience and be prepared for a 3 year tour of duty.

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City Pukka firm seeks lawyer with 2-4PQE to act for a range of commercial clients. Work will include contracts, sale and purchase of goods, licensing and distribution agreements, competition and IP/IT matters.

Banking **to £50K**
City Retail banking lawyer 2-6PQE sought by dedicated team to handle a range of commercial work. The ideal candidate will have experience of Consumer Credit, advertising and marketing law.

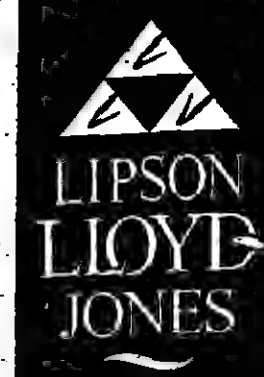
Asset Management **to £50K**
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City International banking group seeks two lawyers 4-6PQE to join multi-functional team handling international/domestic banking, asset management, trade services, private banking. Overseas postings possible.

Commercial **to £50K**
Energy company seeks UK qualified fluent French speaker 2-4PQE to handle commercial work relating to its work in North Africa including drafting/negotiating with Governments. Overseas travel likely.

Corporate/IT **to £50K**
Financial services co seeks two lawyers 4-9PQE for its corporate division. One position will emphasise co/IT work, the other, a managerial role, will involve contracts/financial services/life insurance.

Finance **to £100K**
City Lawyer 3-5PQE sought to analyse transactions within structured finance group of int'l company and to act as a sounding board for the group. Securities, capital markets, corporate finance or insolvency experience.



For further information about these positions, or to discuss the multitude of other career options available, contact:

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INVESTMENT BANKING

The current bout of merger activity has done nothing to stifle demand for high calibre lawyers in our US, European and Japanese investment banking clients

DERIVATIVES DOCUMENTATION **to £70K**
Leading and rapidly expanding international investment bank has mandate for aggressive hiring in London and seeks lawyer at 3-5 years' post to specialise in the full range of derivative documentation. Fast moving environment will suit those with a desire to get ahead. Ref: T880171

FRONT OFFICE DERIVATIVES **to £70K**
Successful international investment bank in London seeks lawyer at 3-5 years' post to specialise in the full range of derivative documentation. Fast moving environment will suit those with a desire to get ahead. Ref: T880171

US SECURITIES **to £50K**
First class Japanese finance house is seeking to recruit a US qualified securities lawyer with 4-6 years' post to undertake a broad range of US securities related work. This will be a lead role and will provide the opportunity to develop not only as a lawyer but as a business person. Well established background is essential, as is drive, enthusiasm and commercial sense. Ref: T880171

CAPITAL MARKETS **to £50K**
1-2 year qualified solicitor from bank or private practice sought by international investment bank, MTN programmes, repos and ISDA master agreements. With relevant experience or a desire to specialise in this field, what will appear to be the broad range of work. Ref: T880171

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Broad ranging investment banking role at one of the world's leading financial institutions. Top quality financial lawyer sought from private practice at 3-5 years' post to undertake cutting edge investment banking work often of a ground-breaking nature. Perfect first in-house role for ambitious high-flyer. Ref: T880171

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Lawyer with around three years post qualification employment experience have an excellent choice of roles. Two in particular offer the full range of contentious and non-contentious employment work for innovative client base. One will have a more corporate support emphasis but in a department which is very much in one profit centre, constant case flow.

city **to £70,000**
These with plans for the future will want to continue their careers in the planning and environmental fields in a department with this degree of energy and expertise. The work is wide ranging and you will need up to 3 years' post of specialist planning, environmental and planning appeals as well as advising on the environmental aspects of corporate deals. constant case flow.

city **to £45,000**
Admitted 2 to 3 years, quality experience in a must for the partner level of this prominent, medium sized City firm, acting for property companies, listed entities, life insurance companies, pension funds and private individuals. You will be responsible for your own workload: general land and revenue planning including research under the 1924 Act and town planning. constant case flow.

ec4 **to partnership**
Building on a clear strategic plan, this successful EC4 firm of 50+ partners is one of the country's fastest growing, providing a range of services to commercial clients through its principal departments, company commercial, property, litigation (with c.15 parts and 15 partners). In friendly, highly professional, collegiate, non-workaholic culture has attracted recruits from the corporate departments of top 3 City firms in recent months. A key decision has been taken to develop the IP team headed by 5 principal partners through the acquisition of partner level of experienced practitioners in company commercial and telecommunications law. The firm boasts a leading name in entertainment work and the group is very busy after the successful build-up of 2 partners in 1996 providing the full range of services to creative, insurance, financial, producers and other employers. A further key group specialises in IT work and 2 of the partners, with an increased telecoms workload are the recipients of allocated telecomm professionals on the 2nd step. contact: Andrew Jones, partner.

greece **to partnership**
Finance is an important location for this prominent City firm, offering opportunities within Greece and playing a strategic economic role in the Balkans. With the firm finally re-shaping its additional finance lawyers with 1 to 3 years' post in needed. This position would suit a banking lawyer wishing to relocate. contact: Stephen Hoggins.

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milan/rome **Excellent**
Leading international law firm has a number of opportunities for talented lawyers in the fields of corporate, finance, intellectual property, EC law and environmental law. You will be Italian qualified with experience with an Italian law firm. Ability to speak fluent English is also a prerequisite. Outstanding opportunities. contact: Barbara Juppard.

city **to £80,000**
Highly regarded City practice which boasts a premier construction department is looking for intellectually able and astute lawyers particularly in the 1-5 post range for both contentious and non-contentious work. Specialist construction experience is not essential provided you have a strong commercial or commercial litigation background. contact: Barbara Juppard.

city **to £50,000**
UK firm which has a strong and highly successful London office is looking for an assistant solicitor with between 2-4 years' post. You will have broad experience of commercial property work and will be flexible and willing to provide corporate support as and when required. In addition, you will have sound academic and will correspond with a recognised City practice. contact: Barbara Juppard.

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The EIB is the long-term financing institution of the European Union and one of the largest multilateral lending institutions in the world. Its task is to contribute, by means of its long-term loans, towards the integration, balanced development and economic and social cohesion of the Member Countries. Outside the Union, the Bank makes a major contribution to the success of European development aid and co-operation facilities in favour of 120 countries across the globe.

The Bank is currently seeking for appointment to its Legal Directorate, at its headquarters in Luxembourg a

Lawyer (m/f)

The lawyer, with a common law background, will form part of the team supporting lending operations outside the European Union in a challenging international and professional environment.

Duties: the successful candidate will: ☐ be responsible for legal operations subject to common law principles; ☐ draft and negotiate documentation for the Bank's operations in countries outside the EU where the Bank provides financing; ☐ advise the lending departments of the Bank on legal structure and documentation for projects and structured financing operations; ☐ negotiate and liaise with external legal counsel and co-financiers; ☐ generally provide advice on common law matters and on general issues affecting credits, restructuring and post signature procedures.

Qualifications: candidates will: ☐ be members of a legal professional body in a country of the Common Law tradition; ☐ have a minimum of three years' post-qualification experience in banking law and practice relating to structured finance operations; experience in a Civil Law system and in EC law would be an asset; ☐ have the ability to handle complex finance documentation and have proven drafting and inter-personal skills; ☐ be able to work under pressure, demonstrate qualities of energy, imagination as well as sound judgement and sense of discipline. Sound knowledge of computing tools is also required.

Languages: in addition to perfect knowledge of English, a very good command of French is desirable. Knowledge of other languages would be an advantage.

The EIB offers attractive terms of employment and salary with a wide range of welfare benefits. Applications from women would be particularly welcome.

Applicants, who must be nationals of a Member Country of the European Union, are invited to send their curriculum vitae, together with a letter and photograph, quoting the appropriate reference, to:

**EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK, Recruitment Division, (Ref.: JUPA 9801)
L-2950 LUXEMBOURG, Fax: + 352 4379 2345.**

Applications will be treated in the strictest confidence and will not be returned. General information on the EIB can be found on the Internet (<http://www.eib.org>).

OFFICE OF FAIR TRADING

COMPETITION ACT 1998 - CASE OFFICERS

The Office of Fair Trading exists to encourage and sustain competition in business at all levels. It is an independent, non-ministerial department, established in 1973, and headed by the Director General of Fair Trading. It plays a key role in the enforcement of competition law.

The Competition Bill currently before Parliament will introduce an entirely new regime that will give the Director General enhanced powers to investigate and take action against agreements which restrict competition and conduct which is an abuse of a dominant position. This is an exciting and challenging time for OFT, and in order to help us meet that challenge we are looking for enthusiastic and energetic case officers.

The job will be to undertake casework on agreements notified and complaints made to the Director General under the Competition Act 1998. The work will include making the initial assessment of cases, investigating the more significant cases and drafting decisions and guidance. Case officers will need expertise in competition policy, economics and the relevant law, and will undergo training in those areas where necessary.

We wish to appoint initially a small number of case officers who must have:

- a professional legal qualification;
- working experience of EC competition law (Articles 85/86);

In addition they must have:

- ability to analyse complex information quickly; and
- ability to communicate effectively orally and in writing.

and should also be:

- able to work under pressure and to tight deadlines;
- flexible;
- impartial and objective;
- self motivated;
- able to work successfully in a team.

The posts are permanent, based in Central London and have a salary range of £27,331 to £42,325. In addition, the posts carry a Recruitment and Retention Allowance of £1,776.

If you would like an informal discussion about the posts, please ring Henry Emden (Tel: 0171 211 8526).

To obtain an application form please contact: Wendy House, Office of Fair Trading, Room C522, Chancery House, Chancery Lane, London, WC2A 1SP (Tel: 0171 211 8751; Fax: 0171 211 8533). The closing date for applications is 8 September 1998.

THE OFT IS AN EQUAL OPPORTUNITIES EMPLOYER

Off abroad? Pack a lawyer

Getting into legal hot water overseas could scar you for life, reports

Stephen Jakobi

In December 1996, Jackie Rose, a middle-aged housewife from London, was invited by her partner, James Dormer, to go to Greece with him. James, a self-employed lorry driver, had obtained a contract to take a varied consignment of goods in a pre-packed trailer from Kent to various destinations in Athens.

They took several days passing through France, Italy and Greece before arriving at their first delivery point in the Greek capital, where it was discovered that a consignment of Dr Marten boots, valued for insurance purposes at £40,000, was missing from the truck.

The Greek consignee insisted that the British pair had stolen the goods in transit: they were arrested and a bewildered Rose found herself in a women's prison. Rose and Dormer, who were in separate jails, spent several months trying to find out what was happening to their case. Eventually they were told that their applications could be made under Greek law for bail or for a review of their case while it was pending, and that they might face up to ten years' jail: they urgently needed a lawyer.

Neither of them had any money; even the lorry had been impounded and taken by the consignee of the boots. They desperately needed legal aid and advice. To their dismay, they were told that a lawyer would be assigned to them a day or two before the trial and they would have to manage with that. They appealed to the Fair Trials Abroad Trust for help and, luckily for them, their plight attracted the sympathy of the distinguished Athens lawyer Andreas Pissas, the chief Greek correspondent for the



When a British passport is not enough: if you are charged with a crime overseas, legal advice and a fair trial cannot be guaranteed

trust, who agreed to defend them on a pro bono basis. At their trial last October, Rose was acquitted and Dormer received a much shorter sentence than the one originally predicted.

The only reason, it transpired, why Rose had even been arrested was that in the statement she made to the police, she described Dormer as her partner, and to the Greeks that meant a commercial relationship. Without Mr Pissas's help, she would undoubtedly still be languishing in a Greek jail.

Article 6 of the European Convention on Human

Rights recognises that it is fundamental to the protection of the citizen from human rights abuse that he has access to a competent lawyer with the means to understand him. By and large, north European Union countries ensure that this is done but the less mature justice systems in southern Europe do not. The experience of Rose is exceptional only in that she was one of the lucky ones who managed to obtain competent pro bono representation.

The trust's files have been littered since its conception with complaints from Britons and other north European citizens that they were not given access to a lawyer until just before their trial started and therefore their case was mishandled by an unprepared advocate.

The problem had not gone unnoticed by the European Commissioner for Judicial Affairs, Anita Gradin, and with commission support, a small grant was obtained from the European Union's Grotius Fund for a joint research project with Warwick University to examine the practical problems of access to justice in Spain, Portugal, Greece and Italy.

It was envisaged that the project would run for three years, and a Greek citizen was hired as researcher, starting in January this year. In May the fund informed the project managers that it would not renew financial support for the next year; unless another source of funding can be found, the project will have to fold in October.

Meanwhile, the procession of cases continues. Bernhard Martin, a German citizen, was jailed in Spain as the result of an extradition request by the French. Our Spanish member of staff noticed an obvious abuse of the

European extradition treaty and went to the local court, where Martin was released with apologies from the judge. In a murder case in Italy, a British citizen was represented by a lawyer with only six months' experience in the profession.

The Treaty of Amsterdam declared that it was a principal objective of the EU institutions to bring themselves closer to the fundamental concerns of the citizen. It is hard to understand why there are problems in funding basic research into such a vital aspect of these concerns as access to justice.

Putting the pain into being fired

Frances Gibb on the employees taking advantage of disability discrimination

Employers are facing a deluge of new tribunal claims over hiring and firing because workers can argue that problems such as long-term backache or mental stress are covered by new disability laws. The latest statistics, said by lawyers to indicate the start of an upward trend, show that more than 1,700 claims have been lodged with tribunals since the Disability Discrimination Act 1995 came into force in December 1996.

The Act gives employees the right to claim unlimited compensation against their employer if they are discriminated against when applying for a job, or removed from a job because of physical or mental impairments. And large sums are being awarded. A shift chemist at a factory had poor eyesight and, despite wearing special glasses, qualified as disabled. When selected for redundancy, he alleged he had been discriminated against on the ground of his disability and claimed unfair dismissal.

The tribunal found in his favour, arguing that the employer had failed to "mark" him objectively when applying redundancy selection criteria.

He was awarded £103,146 compensation, including £3,500 for injury to feelings. Michael Burd, employment law specialist partner at the London firm Lewis Silkin, said: "The message for employers is that a huge time bomb is ticking here." The main area of complaint was over unfair dismissal, he said. But employers would also have to be more rigorous about their recruitment procedures. "You could," he said, "even be found in breach of the law if a disabled job applicant indicated his or her disability but you, the employer, did nothing to facilitate the application — such as holding the interview on the ground floor rather than on an upper floor."

The law was uncertain, he said, because many claims were awaiting adjudication and only a tiny number had reached the Employment Appeals Tribunal, which hears appeals from the tribunals. But some trends were emerging. If an employee had a back injury which put him off work for a year or more, it was likely to be categorised as a disability.

Another area was mental stress. Though employees would have to demonstrate that they had a clinically recognised condition, it could be that hypertension, depression, insomnia, paranoia, clinical anxiety, post-traumatic stress and other conditions could manifest themselves as stress and be covered by the Act. Pre-menstrual tension or period pains could also be covered. The test that tribunals had to apply under the law was whether the person had a physical or mental impairment, whether it had a substantial adverse effect, whether it had a long-term adverse effect and whether that effect was on normal day-to-day activity.

The Employers Forum on Disability said: "The Act forces employers to think: how might a problem be overcome, with reasonable adjustments? It is far better to put subtleties on a training video than to find yourself in a tribunal because a deaf trainee was unable to complete a course."

A huge time bomb is ticking away here

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You will need to demonstrate at least five years' prior experience within these areas. Good experience and knowledge in the area of International Trust and Estate Planning must be allied to the personal attributes necessary to work successfully with private clients.

An initial 3-year contract will be offered and an attractive, tax-free salary will be complemented by a range of benefits including health and other insurances.

Candidates should reply in writing with a full resumé to:

**Manager of Human Resources
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P.O. Box HM 666
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E-mail: scann@cdp.bm**

Closing date: August 24th 1998

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Candidates must be able to demonstrate at least five years' successful and relevant experience since qualifying to enable them to advise without supervision on matters relating to the incorporation of companies, partnerships and mutual funds, and subsequently, on the full range of corporate and commercial activity that may arise from their ongoing operation. Successful experience in securities transactions, including documentation for mutual funds and public offerings, would be particularly helpful.

Conditions of employment will fully reflect the responsibilities of this position.

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c/o THE TIMES
P.O. BOX 3553, VIRGINIA ST,
LONDON, E1 8SA

THE LORD CHANCELLOR'S DEPARTMENT COURT REPORTING AND/OR TAPE TRANSCRIPTION SERVICES

The Lord Chancellor's Department seeks applications from those interested in being invited to tender for court reporting services to Crown Court, County Court and Combined Court centres throughout England and Wales.

Contractors, who should be able to supply court reporting and/or transcription services for a group of courts, will be required to provide for the Crown Court:

1. Note-takers (machine shorthand with Computer Aided Transcription (CAT) or tape loggers to take a verbatim record of court proceedings; and
2. Transcripts within time limits.

There will be a requirement for the provision of CAT accredited note-takers in accordance with local requirements.

For the County Courts:

1. Transcripts within time limits.

Tape recording equipment will be provided by the Court Service.

Detailed requirements will be contained within the tender documents.

Applications for questionnaires to be completed by all who wish to be considered to be invited to tender must be made in writing to:

**Mr J M Tyndall
Procurement Unit
The Court Service
Southside
106 Victoria Street
London SW1E 6QT**

These must be completed and returned by 18 September 1998. Any enquiries concerning this notice must be made in writing to the above.

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.... it means a great deal in the Thames Valley

If you specialise in corporate law, you may have read about Osborne Clarke Thames Valley lately. It seems a lot of people have. Since we opened in January, we've attracted more than our fair share of blue chip work, including one of the largest ever private corporate deals in the region.

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E-mail to recruitment.personnel@osborne-clark.co.uk - Fax your CV on 0117 9294833 - Telephone the personnel department for a job description and application form on 0117 984 5409 or 0117 984 5415 -

Post your CV to the Personnel Department,
Osborne Clarke, 50 Queen Charlotte Street, Bristol BS1 4HE.

We will move quickly to see the right people.

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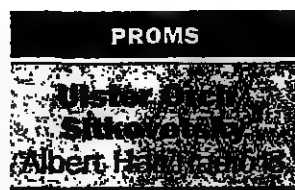


Palely loitering

The violinist and conductor Dmitri Shtokovskiy has always been a cool customer. That he also aspires to be a sleeping tiger was obvious from his conducting of the Ulster Orchestra. Sphinx-like in Miyake black, he directed as if there were vast reserves to draw on, tumultuous forces to quell; instead, his own reserve dampened the potential before him, and drained the colour from a programme of exotic hues.

His Tchaikovsky Fourth Symphony was peculiarly low-key, seeming to pass by almost without incident. From the unceremonious opening to the puny string sound in the finale, the performance lacked energy and edge, while Berlioz's *Les nuits d'été* progressed at a funereal pace.

Rodion Shchedrin's *Four Russian Songs for Orchestra*, a 1998 BBC commission, also suffered from Shtokovskiy's repressive approach. Thankfully Shchedrin's mordant wit came through in this wonderfully



PROMS

clear score, with its incessant pulse like the steps of a tight-rope artist, tiptoeing through the whole. Fragments of melody rose like smoke, often from unexpected sources — bassoon, tuba, violas.

One mesmeric chant derived from the mournful songs of blind itinerants who sang to alert horses and people to their approach. A luminous seam of gongs, bells and harp burst out into a climactic shower, an echo of the Orthodox Russian Easter. Everywhere there were ornamental details, phrases phasing into dissolution, shivering winds, glissando timpani. And yet, in its short, highly disciplined 16-minute span there was a sense of inertia that surely came

from the dirge-like tempi: marked Allegretto at the outset, it barely reached a very slow Andante.

Shchedrin was also given a patronising portrayal in the programme: to say he is "indulging a shamelessly melodic taste for folk pastiche" does this subtle work a disservice. His music covers a wide gamut, popular, dramatic and avant garde, including the biting satire *Stalin Cocktail*. From his defensiveness in the pre-concert talk, Shchedrin is clearly aware of the hostility.

Barbara Hendricks was welcomed by the Proms audience, and addressed them simply and sincerely in her performance of Berlioz's nocturnal songs. The orchestral accompaniment was appropriately hushed, but not always responsive to the light and shade of each poem. The dancing *Vilanelle* trod carefully, while the starkly dramatic *Absence* almost drew to a halt.

HELEN WALLACE



Ian Dury of Lightning Seeds, who capped a congenial festival weekend in the Surrey sun with a diligent if undynamic singalong at

Weekend crowd-pleasers

Verily it was decreed in days of yore by rock's founding fathers that the words "festival" and "sunshine" may never appear in the same pronouncement. That and other industry rules were cheerfully flouted in leafy Surrey over the weekend.

The sun got his hat on for the sixth Guildford Festival and a large family audience came out to play in well-appointed Stoke Park, where it was conclusively shown that mudbathing, drug arrests and dour indie posturing are not, after all, an essential part of popular music's great outdoors. With "only" three stag-

es and a target turnout of some 30,000, Guildford may be well down the festival pecking order at number six, but the event took full advantage of its lucky meteorological break and provided three days of diverse fare for a crowd displaying almost Woodstockian bonhomie.

"It's nice to be playing somewhere posh," said Tommy Scott of Space, in a Friday headline slot hampered by a mediocre mix that left Scott second best in his duet-by-video with Catatonia's Cerys Matthews on *The Ballad of Tom Jones*. Earlier, Bentley Rhythm Ace were blithely cataphonous and, on the acous-



POP

tic stage, Labi Siffre played with angry potency. But it was Nottingham trio Sunhouse who provided the early bonus, Gavin Clarke's evocative vocals a perfect conduit for the angst and romance of their *Crazy On The Weekend* album.

As the Saturday sun went down, Beth Orton displayed her increasing vocal power in a quartet featuring cello and vi-

olin, and Shed Seven dug deep into their stockpile of hits for a crowd-pleasing set, the chorus of *She Left Me On Friday* gathering many a cheery, beery response of "..." and ruining my weekend."

The Supernaturals were made to measure for a lazy Sunday afternoon, their cartoon capers playing well with toys and parents alike, especially when the Scottish pranksters remade Wham's *Freedom* as a tear-stained rocker. Whistlers' clear-out melodies were another pleasant acoustic surprise, notably on their recent *Wijja* single *Rare American Shoes*, and Ian Dury and the Blockheads played with un-

diminished boisterousness, just as at Paul Weller's Flamingo Park bash the day before. Dury's set-piece was well seasoned with new songs from the delightful *Mr Love Pants* album.

The festival-closer by the Lightning Seeds was diligent if undynamic, full of similes and metaphors, and lacking a projection. But it topped an unfashionably eclectic and congenial weekend in Guildford, the herbs on open sale had names like myrtle and hyssop, and in these traffic-free surroundings, the only cars were full of testosterone.

PAUL SEXTON

Ode for Stalin



given a rare performance, with Mark Elder magnificently controlling a vast BBC Symphony Orchestra, BBC Symphony Chorus and Philharmonia Chorus, a brass band and a band of accordionists in scarlet Pioneer waistcoats.

The rejected Prokofiev the work was initially shelved until 1966) ended up, in Shostakovich's words, "like a chicken in the soup". Some chicken, some soup. The Cantata's ten movements span apocalyptic and rhetoric, industrial clangour and pastoral peace, battle and victory, pledge and constitution. Even in the or-

chestral introduction the violin bows are poison-tipped, and there are as many metres as there are notes. Verbal motifs are flung from choir to choir; but there is no answering musical galvanising. The song of loyalty to Lenin may come from the very heart of Mother Russia, but musically it is a deeply troubled heart. The overwhelming effect of a work which is every bit the equal of Prokofiev's film scores for *Alexander Nevsky* and *Ivan the Terrible* well-nigh erased from the memory all that had gone before. But there in the distance pulsed another dull drum. Britten's *Sinfonia da Requiem*, written in 1939 was, under Elder's most sensitive baton, heavy with apprehension, but with inner tension. Before that, still more distant echoes of mortality in Berlioz's *Hamlet* March and a flash of dark Lisztian ambiguity as Paul Lewis made a formidable Proms debut in his First Piano Concerto.

HILARY FINCH

AN EXCLUSIVE COMPETITION

THE TIMES

WIN AN X-FILES HOLIDAY

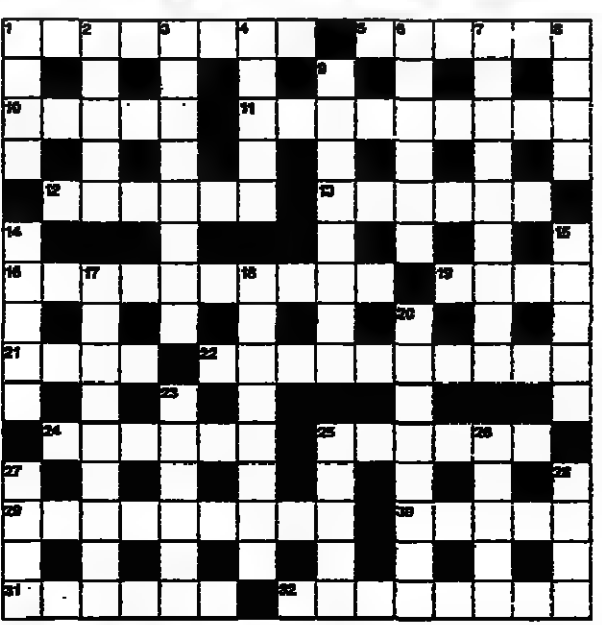
Readers of *The Times* have the exclusive chance to win an exciting VIP fly-drive holiday for two to America, tailored for *X-Files* fans, courtesy of Twentieth Century Fox. The winner will visit the home towns of agents Fox Mulder and Dana Scully, Martha's Vineyard and Annapolis respectively, and spend two nights in Washington to tour the White House and Pentagon. Fans of the cult show, now a major film, will have no difficulty with our crossword, specially devised to coincide with the release at UK cinemas on August 21 of the *X-Files*, starring David Duchovny and Gillian Anderson. FBI special agents Mulder and Scully are drawn into a web of intrigue while investigating the mysterious bombing of a Dallas office building — and the secrets buried inside. As well as the six-night holiday, there are 50 runners-up prizes of limited-edition *X-Files* merchandise to be won.



HOW TO ENTER For your chance to win a VIP trip to America, you must successfully complete the *X-Files* crossword using the clues published this week. You must also complete the tie-breaker on the entry form, which will appear on Saturday. Send your entry, before Tuesday, September 1, 1998, to: *The Times/X-Files Competition*, PO Box 5070, Leighton Buzzard, LU7 7FZ. No photocopied crosswords will be accepted.

- ACROSS**
- Most of youth, nota, Mulder lived here (8).
 - See Dana use antidote, partly for this? (5).
 - Like an extraterrestrial body, strangely unreal with one part missing (5).
 - Striker organisation two girls joined, we hear (9).
 - Row with unknown agent (6).
 - Nothing less than remarkable creator... (6).

- DOWN**
- Line in clip showing status of *X-Files* (4).
 - Taking section of FBI on, I countermanded order (5).
 - State of Scully's education (6).
 - Dangerous status Scully, initially, has to enter (5).
 - Source of Scully's problem with buzzer (6).
 - A prospect, possibly, of installation for extraterrestrial travel (9).



CHANGING TIMES

Another sunset boulevardier

No one doubts that an actor's life is precarious. There is no safety net when the invisible carpe of confidence is whisked from under the feet. How far you fall is morbidly measured from the last lofty pinnacle of success to the mess on the pavement. Like eggs, actors' careers are not insulated with rubber. It goes without saying that few bystanders care to stop and inspect the remains, except perhaps critics and obligatory writers.

Gerlind Reinshagen's one-woman play is an unusual but hardly unique apology for one such middle-aged omelette. In a studio flat littered with beer cans and scraps of manuscript, her heroine Dora flutters about like a broken moth. Her career has dried up as dramatically as her love life. A rope dangles invitingly from the ceiling. In the cracked round mirrors that adorn her walls we see a cracked actress imploring God to squeeze her through the eye of a needle and return her to her former glory.

We also see enough self-pity to keep an entire chapter of Samaritans on overtime for months. Wearing a black Lycra leotard, frizzy red wig,



THEATRE

and sporting eyebrows modelled on Marble Arch, the versatile comedienne Paula Wilcox brings an enormous amount of pluck to this thankless role. But despite her elastic vocal skills, and an ability to handle the lightning changes of mood, she can't convert Reinshagen's doughy Germanic humour into the black belly laughs that such a tortuous piece demands.

There are slender opportunities: moments when Dora confuses the spectres who haunt her with the audience who once taunted her. Several front-row theatregoers are eyeballed and cajoled for having devoured her greatest performances like so much meat only to laugh her off the stage when she played Heinrich von Kleist's tragic 19th-century heroine, Penthesilea. The audience, for the most part, look sleepy or confused. Perhaps we should be titillated at the prospect that Ugly Duckling, TC really are going to put on

Penthesilea here at the Gate in a trailer of days. It's an irony wasted on all.

Unfortunately the real needlework of Wilcox's performance is lost in Reinshagen's attempts to pin Penthesilea's feminism to Dora's sudden desire to be an anti-romantic clown. When Wilcox opens a trunk and starts dressing up like Charlie Chaplin,

the sense of indulgence hardens like cement boots. "Why don't you laugh, spectator?" she asks. "Doesn't it suit you?" she quizzes an unmoved punter. Obviously not. The distinct impression is that we should be shopping for our antidepressants elsewhere.

JAMES CHRISTOPHER



Paula Wilcox as Dora, seeking solace in a beer can

Dangerous to know

EDINBURGH FRINGE

No body knew for sure what David Benson, whose solo show about Kenneth Williams was a hit last year, planned to offer as a sequel: but within the first moments of *Nothing But Pleasure* at the Assembly Rooms, it was clear he hoped to pre-empt an attack by the Edinburgh vigilantes. First, an elderly lady with a genteel Mornington accent came onstage to declare that he was a very nice boy who didn't want to offend anyone. And a little later he himself was telling us — via an anecdote about a bloody suicide and the friend who dared to wonder if the dead man had cashed the large cheque he had just given him — that humour helps us to cope with horror.

So what was his subject? Paedophilia, cannibalism, serial murder, genocide? No, something far touchier. He talked and writhed mimed his way through his memories of the death and funeral of Diana, Princess of Wales — and said the things many felt but

given the emotional fascism sweeping the nation at the time, few dared confess.

Were you troubled by the sight of the PM reading *Corbushians* so humbly you thought he might break into a tap-dance to the accompaniment of words by St Paul? Benson went further. He was put in mind of a bright new Hitler implicitly proclaiming: "I am the new millennium," and was almost as repelled by the celeb swank around him: Pavarotti, "his face a mask of operatic grief"; Elton John, "a terrible old queen, singing this ghastly song in an American accent"; and, upstaging them all, "the entrance of the

star herself, almost audibly saying 'Best that you old hat to the Queen Mother from inside her coffin'.

Benson displayed some sympathy for the Royal Family, "frozen in terror" as a wealthy, expatriate earl harangued them for being out of touch, and especially for Diana's sons. What would the younger have felt as he bravely followed a coffin with a handwritten "Mummy" on it if he had looked to the side and seen a sign reading "William and Harry: Please Cry"? Myself, I found Benson's show sensitive and liberating and, often, dangerously funny. At one point he asked if an-

yone in the audience had signed the Book of Remembrance. One had, in Belfast. Why? "The queue wasn't very long," she innocently replied.

Unleashed. (Assembly Rooms) is the latest play produced by John Gower, hard of laddishness, an explains why some of us have trouble taking him quite seriously or very comically. It's Amsterdam, "when they deport you if you don't enjoy yourself". An exotical dad girl wiggles. Bakers promise lurid delights. And several Yorkshire businessmen behave in ways, joint ex and buggery included, that they will find hard to explain to themselves, let alone to the loved ones they occasionally reach on their mobile. A mildly poignant ending emphasises that Godber is ending up their insularity and bloddy lechery; but it's still less funny and more depressing than he knows.

BENEDICT NIGHTINGALE

Much sympathy for Cronje's team but unstinting praise for Stewart's band in their hour of triumph

England's success could be prelude to greater things

The clouds, thank goodness, have lifted from the hills; for the moment, anyway, the drought has broken. England never needed a victory more badly than they did at Headingley yesterday, and they played their hearts out in achieving it.

There has to be much sympathy for the South Africans, for having made all the running in the rubber and yet been beaten on the line. But they lost no honour whatever in defeat.

They got almost all the worst of the umpiring in the last two Test matches, a fact that Hansie Cronje is too good a man to have made into an excuse; they contributed much the best bowling of the series and as high a standard of fielding as can ever have been attained.

Allan Donald is a great cricketer: Jacques Kallis has the strength and ability to become one, and there is no better all-rounder in the game today than Shaun Pollock, still barely 25 years old.

If the series were to start again tomorrow, one's money would have to be on South Africa. Though too attritional at times for their own good, especially in the way their bowlers fall back on a wide, off-side line, they will learn from that. Because of Donald and Pollock, they don't need helpful conditions to bowl their opponents out to anything like the extent that England still do.

England have got a good spirit in their side. All the kissing and hugging that went on yesterday was a good deal too ostentatious for me, and I loathe seeing champagne being sprayed in all directions. It is a bit too, too, when the difference between winning and losing a match comes to quite so much money as it did yesterday, owing to a one-off offering. But England were right to revel in their achievement. The ideal of all for one and one for all is never to be belittled, and England have enough good, tough cricketers not to be a walkover in Australia this coming winter, particularly if Shane Warne is in the least bit lottery.

Experiences such as yesterday's for the England side are wonderfully beneficial. If I were to pick out two such from all the Test matches that I have seen, one would be the Sydney Test of 1954-55, the other the Headingley Test of 1981.

JOHN WOODCOCK



on a victory that was desperately needed

Had England lost either of them they would have been two Tests down with three to play and sunk without trace. As it was, I left them both feeling quite transformed, and each time England went on to great things. Both matches were as close as yesterday's, England winning the first by 38 runs and the second by 18 runs, and it made it especially special that it was Australia whom they beat.

But, in the present circumstances, beating South Africa

Michael Atherton is expected to overcome food poisoning and take his place in the Lancashire side that meets Hampshire in the semi-final of the NatWest Trophy in Southampton today. If John Crawley is declared fit after suffering tendinitis in the elbow, Lancashire will be at full strength and overwhelming favourites to progress.

means no less. We may be brought down to earth at the Oval, should the Sri Lanka batsmen get their eye in in warm sunshine and on a good pitch. For the moment, though, all praise to David Lloyd and Alec Stewart and all their players. Their success is an unbroken blessing.

Less so, if it comes to pass — as it almost certainly will — will be the day when the umpires' job is made over to modern technology. The umpires have had a bad series. That is not in doubt. They have always been, and always will be, eminently fallible.

When I was young, though, they gave the batsman the benefit of the doubt. It was an unwritten rule that they

should, just as much as it was that their decisions were final. For some years now, I have thought that this can no longer apply, and that is one of the causes of the present trouble.

"When in doubt, it's not out." That is the umpire's first commandment, but it seems to have been forgotten.

The last equally enthralling series between England and South Africa in this country was in 1955, when England won the first and second Tests and South Africa the third and fourth. My clearest single memory of the decider at The Oval is of Peter May being given not out by umpire Bartley in the England second innings, when he had made four. I recall it partly because it was so absolutely crucial and partly because it was so absolutely plumb.

May played back to an off break of full length from Hugh Tayfield that simply had to hit the wicket. There was nowhere else for it to go, and there was nothing in the law, as it was written at the time, to acquit the England captain.

In the event, May went on to make 89 not out and England to win a low-scoring match by 92 runs and Tom Bartley to show his face happily in public. Writing about it in these columns, I referred simply to "a desperately close call". Without a slow-motion replay to show just how desperately close, it was a better, less controversial, more innocent game.

But that was then and this is now. The umpire's job is rapidly becoming a living nightmare. As things stand, the situation is untenable, not because the appealing has got out of hand (in tight situations it was often marvellously vociferous) nor because batsmen don't walk anymore (the majority never did), but because cricket has been hijacked by television.

In a cheerfully indiscriminate way it is ridiculing the game. It can be riveting to watch, but it can't go on.

Until the authorities get together to talk things through, it would be fairer to umpires and players alike for replays to be shown only at normal speed, starting during the Test match against Sri Lanka in two weeks' time. Once taken, the decision to refer anything, which would soon become almost everything, to a third party will be irrevocable.



Fraser appeals for, and Stewart celebrates, the taking of Donald's wicket, caught behind at Headingley yesterday

How the series was won and lost

FIRST TEST (Edgbaston)

Thursday: South Africa win the toss but Pollock and Donald bowl too short and wide in ideal conditions. Atherton and Butcher put on 179 for the first wicket. Friday: England make 437 but Donald breaks Gough's finger on a gloomy evening. Gough will not bowl in this match or the next. Monday: England declare to set a target of 290 but a day of solid rain ruins their chance of victory.

SECOND TEST (Lord's)

Thursday: Cork reduces South Africa to 46 for four after Stewart wins the toss but England fail to cash in. Rhodes makes a century in a total of 360. Saturday: Donald bowls magnificently on a humid day to take five for 32. England are dismissed for 110 and forced to follow on, while

Alan Lee highlights the key moments in a rollercoaster-ride of five Test matches

Rampurkash is disciplined

Sunday: England lose six wickets for 11 runs after a century from Hussain but a century from Hussain had hinted at recovery. David Lloyd is "distracted".

THIRD TEST (Old Trafford)

Thursday: Kirsten makes 210 and Kallis 132 for South Africa pile up 552 for five. The ground is half-empty, the mood despondent. Sunday: England, booed off the ground two nights in succession, follow on again. At 11 for two in their second innings, the series looks beyond them, and a serious back injury to Thorpe depends the gloom, but Atherton and Stewart add 200 before the close.

Monday: The day, according to Cronje, when "the pendulum swings". Stewart's seven-hour innings ends soon after lunch but Croft bats for three hours. Gough for 78 minutes and Fraser for a heartstopping few overs to salvage a draw.

FOURTH TEST (Trent Bridge)

Thursday: Stewart controversially chooses to bowl and South Africa make 302 for seven, with a century for Cronje. Dismay all round. Saturday: Rampurkash's resolute 67 drags England within 38 of the South Africa score and the seamers then take three quick wickets. Sunday: Fraser completes 200 wickets in the match and England are set 247 to win. Atherton survives a crucial,

bruising duel with Donald in the final hour.

Monday: More than 10,000, the biggest fifth-day crowd for decades, see England win. Atherton unbeaten with 58. Ticket sales for the final Test boom.

FIFTH TEST (Headingley)

Thursday: Butcher's century keeps England in the game — the next highest score is 24. Saturday: England's 247 is the next highest score in the series.

Friday: Cronje's 57, and three missed catches in 22 balls, mean England trail by 22 instead of leading. Saturday: Atherton is out to the first ball of the day but Hussain bats through the remainder, a titanic innings. Sunday: Donald and Pollock take the last six England wickets for 34 but South Africa then drive to 27 for five before Rhodes and McMillan put on 117. Gough strikes twice more to leave England poised for victory.

S Africa softened up by Atherton

By MICHAEL HENDERSON

WHEN the South Africa players' and their coach, Bob Woolmer, come to terms with the defeat at Leeds they will surely ask themselves: how on earth did we lose that series? Finding a full and frank answer may prove difficult.

They can point to the loss of Lance Klusener, their combative all-rounder, and the early departure of another casualty, Adam Bacher. They can consider some poor umpiring decisions, though it would be unwise and, in any case, they have never sought to make an issue of that.

All that is pure cosmetics. It goes deeper and, if they are honest, they will hold up their hands and admit: we are still not good enough to beat the best teams in the world over a series, and sometimes not even the next-best teams. They have succumbed to an England team that cannot have terrified them.

Hansie Cronje, gracious in defeat, and a bit puzzled, offered no excuses. "We could not put big scores together when it really mattered," he said, alluding to the second innings at Trent Bridge and the first at Headingley. "We had chances to bat England out of the game, and we did not take them."

Umpiring peculiarities, as he has said before, counted for naught. "Some decisions go for you, and some against. You have to accept it."

South Africa had taken a step backwards, he said, in their attempt to become the best team in the world. "The way we played in the last two Tests was disappointing. We have to ask ourselves how we can improve."

Cronje made his first Test hundred for three years at Nottingham, and batted extremely well throughout. He is no Mark Taylor but he led his men well, by and large. Donald and Pollock are outstanding bowlers, the team fields well, and Boucher had a behind the stumps.

Perhaps, ultimately, South Africa's much-vaunted hardness is not quite as intimidating as they would have us believe. They wilted when they needed to be strong.

Who made them wilt? Michael Atherton, for one. Though Donald won battles with the England opener, Atherton never bent the knee. The pattern was established on the very first day of the series at Edgbaston, when Atherton played superbly for his hundred, an important one for him and for the team.

TEST MATCH AVERAGES

England	Batting	M	I	NO	HS	Runs	Avg	100	50
M A Butcher	3	6	—	116	338	56.33	1	2	—
M Atherton	5	10	1	103	493	54.77	1	3	—
A J Stewart	5	10	1	184	465	51.66	1	1	—
R D B Croft	3	6	4	37	90	45.00	—	—	—
N Hussain	5	10	—	105	347	34.70	1	2	—
M R Rampurkash	5	9	1	67	249	31.12	—	—	—
A F Giles	1	2	1	16	17	17.00	—	—	—
D G Cork	5	9	1	36	89	13.27	—	—	—
G P Thorpe	3	6	—	43	63	10.50	—	—	—
D K Salisbury	2	3	0	23	27	9.00	—	—	—
D Gough	4	6	1	18	43	8.60	—	—	—
A R C Fraser	5	8	2	17	39	6.50	—	—	—
M A Boucher	2	4	—	8	24	6.00	—	—	—
N V Knight	1	2	—	11	12	6.00	—	—	—
A Furtch	2	3	—	17	17	5.66	—	—	—
S P James	1	2	—	10	10	5.00	—	—	—
G A Hick	2	3	—	6	9	3.00	—	—	—
D W Headley	1	2	—	2	3	1.50	—	—	—

South Africa	Batting	M	I	NO	HS	Runs	Avg	100	50
W J Cronje	5	7	1	126	401	65.83	1	4	—
L Klusener	3	3	1	57	108	54.00	—	—	—
J N Rhodes	5	7	—	117	367	52.42	1	2	—
J H Kallis	5	7	—	132	294	42.00	1	1	—
D J Cullinan	5	8	1	78	287	41.00	—	—	—
G Kirsten	5	8	1	210	267	36.71	1	—	—
B M McMillan	1	2	—	54	61	30.50	—	—	—
S M Pollock	4	8	1	50	146	29.20	—	—	—
S Elworthy	1	2	—	48	58	29.00	—	—	—
A M Bacher	1	1	—	22	22	22.00	—	—	—
M V Boucher	5	6	—	35	84	14.00	—	—	—
G F J Liebenberg	4	6	—	21	59	9.83	—	—	—
A A Donald	5	6	3	7	29	9.66	—	—	—
M Ntini	2	2	1	4	4	4.00	—	—	—
P R Adams	4	4	1	6	10	3.33	—	—	—

England won	loss
ENGLAND: First Innings	ENGLAND: First Innings
M A Butcher b Pollock 116	M A Butcher b Pollock 116
M Atherton c Kallis b Ntini 103	M Atherton c Kallis b Ntini 103
A J Stewart c Kallis b Ntini 184	A J Stewart c Kallis b Ntini 184
R D B Croft c Kallis b Ntini 37	R D B Croft c Kallis b Ntini 37
N Hussain c Kallis b Ntini 105	N Hussain c Kallis b Ntini 105
M R Rampurkash c Kallis b Ntini 67	M R Rampurkash c Kallis b Ntini 67
A F Giles c Kallis b Ntini 16	A F Giles c Kallis b Ntini 16
D G Cork c Kallis b Ntini 36	D G Cork c Kallis b Ntini 36
G P Thorpe c Kallis b Ntini 43	G P Thorpe c Kallis b Ntini 43
D K Salisbury c Kallis b Ntini 23	D K Salisbury c Kallis b Ntini 23
D Gough c Kallis b Ntini 18	D Gough c Kallis b Ntini 18
A R C Fraser c Kallis b Ntini 17	A R C Fraser c Kallis b Ntini 17
M A Boucher c Kallis b Ntini 8	M A Boucher c Kallis b Ntini 8
N V Knight c Kallis b Ntini 11	N V Knight c Kallis b Ntini 11
A Furtch c Kallis b Ntini 17	A Furtch c Kallis b Ntini 17
S P James c Kallis b Ntini 10	S P James c Kallis b Ntini 10
G A Hick c Kallis b Ntini 6	G A Hick c Kallis b Ntini 6
D W Headley c Kallis b Ntini 2	D W Headley c Kallis b Ntini 2

FINAL SCOREBOARD FROM HEADINGLEY

England	South Africa
ENGLAND: First Innings	ENGLAND: First Innings
M A Butcher b Pollock 116	M A Butcher b Pollock 116
M Atherton c Kallis b Ntini 103	M Atherton c Kallis b Ntini 103
A J Stewart c Kallis b Ntini 184	A J Stewart c Kallis b Ntini 184
R D B Croft c Kallis b Ntini 37	R D B Croft c Kallis b Ntini 37
N Hussain c Kallis b Ntini 105	N Hussain c Kallis b Ntini 105
M R Rampurkash c Kallis b Ntini 67	M R Rampurkash c Kallis b Ntini 67
A F Giles c Kallis b Ntini 16	A F Giles c Kallis b Ntini 16
D G Cork c Kallis b Ntini 36	D G Cork c Kallis b Ntini 36
G P Thorpe c Kallis b Ntini 43	G P Thorpe c Kallis b Ntini 43
D K Salisbury c Kallis b Ntini 23	D K Salisbury c Kallis b Ntini 23
D Gough c Kallis b Ntini 18	D Gough c Kallis b Ntini 18
A R C Fraser c Kallis b Ntini 17	A R C Fraser c Kallis b Ntini 17
M A Boucher c Kallis b Ntini 8	M A Boucher c Kallis b Ntini 8
N V Knight c Kallis b Ntini 11	N V Knight c Kallis b Ntini 11
A Furtch c Kallis b Ntini 17	A Furtch c Kallis b Ntini 17
S P James c Kallis b Ntini 10	S P James c Kallis b Ntini 10
G A Hick c Kallis b Ntini 6	G A Hick c Kallis b Ntini 6
D W Headley c Kallis b Ntini 2	D W Headley c Kallis b Ntini 2

South Africa	England
ENGLAND: Second Innings	ENGLAND: Second Innings
M A Butcher b Pollock 116	M A Butcher b Pollock 116
M Atherton c Kallis b Ntini 103	M Atherton c Kallis b Ntini 103
A J Stewart c Kallis b Ntini 184	A J Stewart c Kallis b Ntini 184
R D B Croft c Kallis b Ntini 37	R D B Croft c Kallis b Ntini 37
N Hussain c Kallis b Ntini 105	N Hussain c Kallis b Ntini 105
M R Rampurkash c Kallis b Ntini 67	M R Rampurkash c Kallis b Ntini 67
A F Giles c Kallis b Ntini 16	A F Giles c Kallis b Ntini 16
D G Cork c Kallis b Ntini 36	D G Cork c Kallis b Ntini 36
G P Thorpe c Kallis b Ntini 43	G P Thorpe c Kallis b Ntini 43
D K Salisbury c Kallis b Ntini 23	D K Salisbury c Kallis b Ntini 23
D Gough c Kallis b Ntini 18	D Gough c Kallis b Ntini 18
A R C Fraser c Kallis b Ntini 17	A R C Fraser c Kallis b Ntini 17
M A Boucher c Kallis b Ntini 8	M A Boucher c Kallis b Ntini 8
N V Knight c Kallis b Ntini 11	N V Knight c Kallis b Ntini 11
A Furtch c Kallis b Ntini 17	A Furtch c Kallis b Ntini 17
S P James c Kallis b Ntini 10	S P James c Kallis b Ntini 10
G A Hick c Kallis b Ntini 6	G A Hick c Kallis b Ntini 6
D W Headley c Kallis b Ntini 2	D W Headley c Kallis b Ntini 2

Casualties of war.

FOOTBALL

United give up their struggle to sign Yorke

By Stephen Wood

THE attempts of Manchester United to prise Dwight Yorke from Aston Villa appear to be doomed to failure. Both clubs refuse to compromise on a deal for the Trinidad and Tobago striker and Martin Edwards, the United chairman, admitted yesterday that the stalemate could spell the end of the club's spending this summer.

On the day when Manchester United Television was launched, celebrating a self-proclaimed image as the "greatest club in the world", United were forced to face the reality of not being able to attract another forward for love nor money, with the new

and Edwards said: "We have shown an interest in Yorke, but they have put a high price on him because they do not want him to go. We are still poles apart in our valuations of the player."

Villa are prepared to accept a swap deal, which would see money plus Andy Cole moving to the Midlands, but Edwards was adamant that would not happen. "It is clear there is absolutely no way we are going to let Cole go," he said. "That might mean the chequebook is put away for the moment. It is not that we do not have money to spend, but what can you do? Kluyvert is the one we wanted up front, but it just wasn't to be."

Steve Claridge signed for Portsmouth from Wolverhampton Wanderers yesterday in a £250,000 deal. The veteran forward had been targeted by Alan Ball, the Portsmouth manager, after he spent a productive spell on loan at Fratton Park towards the end of last season.

FA Carling Premiership season just four days away. The move for Yorke was high on the list of priorities in the close season for Alex Ferguson, the United manager, even more so after Patrick Kluyvert, the Holland striker, turned United down in favour of staying with AC Milan.

Yet Villa have remained steadfast in their desire to keep hold of Yorke, insisting that he will not be sold for less than £16 million. United made one bid, in the region of £8 million, and it is believed that they would increase their offer by another £4 million to clinch the transfer, but no more.

Edwards spent much of last week talking to Doug Ellis, his opposite number at Villa, but they have reached an impasse,



The arrival of eight players has led to confusion in the ranks at Rangers, but Advocaat has pleaded for time

Rangers have teething troubles

By Kevin McCarra

A EUROPEAN tie early in the season has the same effect as the shriek of a doorbell at dawn. Wrenched from their slumbers, clubs snap upright, unsure of their bearings, and then stumble in the dark as they try to make themselves respectable before discovering who is calling.

Rangers and PAOK Salonika, who meet in the second preliminary round of the UEFA Cup at Ibrox this evening, still look dishevelled. There has been much in the attempt of each club to register signings. In addition to employing a manager, Dick Advocaat, and recruiting a new team, Rangers have also revamped their entire operation this summer.

The glitches are obvious. Advocaat stated yesterday that Daniel Prodan was not eligible to face PAOK. A spokeswoman in the UEFA press office agreed. Campbell Ogilvie, the respected club secretary at Ibrox, was later to insist, however, that the Romania defender, had been bought from Atletico Madrid before

the deadline and could play tonight.

For the sake of the supporters, it is to be hoped that the lines of communication are clearer within the team. By the weekend, Rangers had sold only 25,000 tickets for the tie, leaving them with half a stadium to fill.

The sluggishness at the box office is a sign not so much of disenchantment as of bewilderment. With eight signings made at a cost of £28 million, Advocaat is presenting the crowd with an unfamiliar team.

Confusion in the ranks is inescapable and, in the earlier round of the UEFA Cup, Rangers fell 3-0 behind against Shelbourne before running up a 7-3 aggregate victory in the tie. More efficient opponents do not, of course, allow that sort of rally to take place.

despite playing with gusto thereafter, lost 2-1. The looks of mutual incomprehension are most often exchanged among the defenders and although Advocaat now has the remedy for that complaint, it is one that he is forbidden to prescribe this evening.

Colin Hendry, signed from Blackburn Rovers, is ineligible and, assuming Prodan is unavailable, Advocaat is temporarily deprived of both his preferred centre halves. The manager knows that he is being forced to throw open his doors to the public before the renovation work is complete.

"It takes time to settle when you bring so many players in, but we are capable of doing it against Salonika," he said. The Greek team have also seemed frantic in their effort to prepare. UEFA have ruled that the Greek team, one of two signings made by Oleg Blokhin, the coach, in the past few weeks was not registered in time to play. Nonetheless,

PAOK can expect rapport among a squad whose members are used to one another.

A year ago, PAOK knocked Arsenal out of the UEFA Cup. The victors in the tie with Rangers may not be the more gifted team so much as the one that, at short notice, can cobble together a controlled performance. If Rangers are still unsure of themselves, they will at least be soothed by the quiet amusement to be had at the expense of their Glasgow rivals.

The Celtic squad that meets Croatia Zagreb in their European Cup second preliminary round first leg tomorrow has refused to take part in the launch of an away strip because of a dispute over bonus payments. It is rumoured that an offer of £25,000 per man to beat the Croatians was regarded as insufficient. There was an irate response from a club that felt itself being held to ransom. Whatever other assets they may possess, harmony is missing at Celtic.

ATHLETICS

Rest the key as veteran Oakes loses fitness fight

By David Powl 'LL
ATHLETICS CORRESPONDENT

JUDY OAKES, who has made a record 82 appearances for Great Britain in the shot during an international career spanning 22 years, admitted yesterday that age had won a battle against her — but it may not win the war.

Oakes, 40, has been forced to withdraw from the European championships in Budapest next week because of a hand injury that she believes would have healed by now had she been a younger athlete. "I find I get niggling injuries which do not repair like they used to," Oakes said. "Rather than taking a couple of weeks, they take five or six."

Despite her years, though, Oakes remains one of the leading shot putters in Europe and the Commonwealth and she hopes that, by resting from competition now, she will recover in time to defend her title at the Commonwealth Games in Kuala Lumpur next month.

Oakes is seeking a third Commonwealth title, though she considers herself a treble champion already, having won silver in 1986 behind Gail Marten, an Australian who confessed to a federal inquiry that she had taken drugs throughout her career. Though Oakes is now in her sixth year classed as a veteran, she underlined her elite status in June when she took the silver medal at the European Cup. Only Paula Radcliffe, among British women, was more successful.

Oakes's withdrawal further weakens the Great Britain women's squad for Budapest, which is without Ashia Hansen, the indoor triple jump world record-holder, and Kelly Holmes, the Commonwealth 1,500 metres champion. Oakes is suffering inflammation in her throwing hand and, though she can train, she cannot put in the full force of a throw.

"There is no point in me going if I cannot hit 19 metres and be in with a shout of a medal," Oakes said. "I am hoping it will settle down so I can defend my Commonwealth title."

IN BRIEF

Gunnell on top of world after his 147 break

■ **SNOOKER:** Adrian Gunnell, the world No 197 who honed his skills at the Duke of York in Telford, compiled a 147 break in the first qualifying round of the Thailand Masters at Plymouth yesterday (Phil Yates writes).

Gunnell, unbeaten in his first 13 matches this season, achieved the feat in the fourth frame of a 5-4 win over Mario Wehmann, of Holland, and is the lowest-ranked player to construct a maximum break. His reward was a cheque for £5,000. "Once I got down to the colours it was all pretty straightforward, but it didn't stop me feeling very nervous," he said.

■ **BOWLS:** Amy Gowshall, 19, who won the national champion's singles event on Sunday, challenges one of the sport's legendary "old-timers" for a place in the quarter-finals of the EWBA's fours championship at Royal Leamington Spa this morning. Gowshall skipped Watford Park to two victories yesterday and they now play the City and County of Oxford.

■ **SQUASH:** Suzanne Horner, of Yorkshire, has taken the Exterior Open Championship in Royan, France, by beating Rebecca Macree, from Essex, 9-1, 9-4, 9-1 in the final. The 35-year-old England No 3 defeated Kaitline Cauwels, of Belgium, Norma Perry, of Ireland, and Tania Bailey, the junior world champion, from Lincolnshire, on the way to the final.

■ **BASKETBALL:** Martin Henlan, one of British basketball's most successful players, has rejoined London Towers. Henlan was part of the team that won the league, League Trophy and National Cup in 1996.

■ **ICE HOCKEY:** Nottingham Panthers have made their final signing of the close season by clinching a deal for Pekka Virta, the Finnish winger.

FOR THE RECORD

BASEBALL

AMERICAN LEAGUE: Seattle 5, Detroit 3; Toronto 4, Oakland 3; New York Yankees 6, Kansas City 4; Tampa Bay 2, Chicago 1; Anaheim 9, Oakland 5; Minnesota 5, Baltimore 4.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

St Louis 2, Chicago Cubs 1; Houston 11, Pittsburgh 2; Colorado 17, New York Mets 4; San Diego 6, Florida 5.

BASKETBALL

ATHENS: World championships: Third-place play-off: Lithuania 64, Greece 61; Final: Yugoslavia 64, Russia 62.

BOWLS

ROYAL LEAMINGTON SPA: EWBA national championship: Final: Scotland 108, England 104; Semi-final: Scotland 108, England 104; Quarter-final: Scotland 108, England 104; Round-robin: Scotland 108, England 104; Pool play: Scotland 108, England 104; Match-play: Scotland 108, England 104; Final: Scotland 108, England 104.

CRICKET

MINOR COUNTRIES CHAMPIONSHIP: First day of two: Durham 248, Bedfordshire 201-10; Northants 248, Warwickshire 201-10; Gloucestershire 248, Somerset 201-10; Wiltshire 248, Devon 201-10; Dorset 248, Oxfordshire 201-10; Herefordshire 248, Shropshire 201-10; Lancashire 248, Cheshire 201-10; Derbyshire 248, Nottinghamshire 201-10; Leicestershire 248, Lincolnshire 201-10; Kent 248, Sussex 201-10; Middlesex 248, Essex 201-10; Hertfordshire 248, Cambridgeshire 201-10; Gloucestershire 248, Wiltshire 201-10; Somerset 248, Devon 201-10; Dorset 248, Oxfordshire 201-10; Herefordshire 248, Shropshire 201-10; Lancashire 248, Cheshire 201-10; Derbyshire 248, Nottinghamshire 201-10; Leicestershire 248, Lincolnshire 201-10; Kent 248, Sussex 201-10; Middlesex 248, Essex 201-10; Hertfordshire 248, Cambridgeshire 201-10; Gloucestershire 248, Wiltshire 201-10; Somerset 248, Devon 201-10; Dorset 248, Oxfordshire 201-10; Herefordshire 248, Shropshire 201-10; Lancashire 248, Cheshire 201-10; Derbyshire 248, Nottinghamshire 201-10; 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RUGBY UNION: ROWELL AND DWYER IN FRAME TO COACH TROUBLED BRISTOL

Pugh holds key to British league

By MARK SOUSTER

PRESSURE is mounting on Vernon Pugh, the chairman of the International Rugby Board (IRB), to ensure that the proposed British league is not still-born.

While the concept of a 20-strong league involving England, Wales and Scotland has been greeted with almost universal approval as a panacea for the game's ills, Pugh's initial hostility, and his insistence that the English clubs drop their legal submission to the European Court, is considered a significant stumbling block to progress.

Brain Baster, the chairman of the Rugby Football Union

(RFU) management board, met Glamorgan Griffiths, the president of the Welsh Rugby Union (WRU), at Twickenham yesterday, although it is uncertain whether progress if any was made. It appears that Griffiths felt unable to make a decision about WRU involvement without reference to Pugh, who is in Argentina.

Before the meeting, Baster conceded that whether the league was successful depended on other unions. "The door is waiting to be pushed open," he said.

Yesterday's meeting was never intended to be the summit gathering between the home unions at which the league would be born. The

picture emerging is far more complex than at first envisaged, with numerous vested interests to be dealt with. It is now believed that there is at least one dissenting voice within the RFU questioning Scottish involvement.

The English clubs, who meet today, are prepared to back a British league and play in the European Cup this season under its present guise provided that they receive guarantees and assurances, as have the French, over the future organisation and control of the tournament.

Elsewhere yesterday, Kevin Maggs, the Ireland international centre, left troubled Bristol to join Bath. Bristol,

who are due to name their new coach tomorrow, also lost Mike Worsley, a prop forward, to Gloucester.

While he faces stiff competition from Jerry Guscott and Phil de Glanville for a mid-field place, Maggs considers that the move to the Recreation Ground will boost his career. The departure of Maggs and Worsley follows that of David Corkery, the Ireland flank forward, who has joined Cork Constitution.

Jack Rowell, the former Bath and England coach, and Bob Dwyer, formerly at Leicester and the coach of Australia's 1991 World Cup-winning side, are both in contention for the vacancy at

Bristol. Nick de Soassa, who has been heading the consortium that has secured the club's survival, on behalf of a mystery businessman, said: "Both the candidates are extremely well-known coaches, both are out of the game at the moment and both are former national team coaches."

"Jack Rowell obviously has a head-start because he is in this part of the world. We want to be able to attract players here who will develop for international rugby."

"We need a name, we need someone who is a winner, who has done it all before because we don't want to go through this again in a year's time after blowing £1 million."

MOTOR RALLYING: SCOT TO LEAVE SUBARU NEXT YEAR FOR £6 MILLION SALARY

McRae shifts his focus to Ford

By KEVIN EASON

WORLD champions do not come cheap and Colin McRae yesterday announced that he was joining Ford on a contract that will make him Britain's best-paid driver.

McRae has been negotiating in secret for weeks to leave the Subaru 555 team, with which he won the world rally championship in 1995. As he celebrated his 30th birthday last week, the finishing touches were being put to a two-year deal worth a salary estimated at £6 million. That will give McRae annual earnings bigger than even Damon Hill, the 1996 Formula One world champion, who is paid around £4.5 million at Jordan, or David Coulthard, the Formula One championship contender, thought to have a \$2 million-a-year contract (around £1.3 million) with McLaren Mercedes.

But McRae knows his worth and Ford have made such a powerful commitment to winning the world championship next year, it was an offer he could not refuse and that they had to make. Ford has played the biggest budget in rallying into its new car, which will be based on the Focus, the replacement for the Escort that is launched as a road car this year.

A team of hand-picked engineers is developing the car in Bedfordshire under the guidance of Malcolm Wilson, the former British rally champion, who has masterminded the resurgence in Ford's fortunes in world rallying. Wilson rates McRae as probably the best driver of his generation.

McRae shrugs off the suggestion, but he clearly understands his market value in a sport not blessed with colourful personalities who can blend success on the circuit with attention off it from eager sponsors. "The key thing is



McRae has negotiated a deal with Ford that makes him Britain's best-paid racing driver, ahead of Damon Hill

I want to win the world championship again and I need a team who will help me towards that," he said.

He was so close last year, failing by a point, though the tensions within the Subaru 555 team were evident even then. Dave Richards, head of the Prodrive company that runs the Subaru and the man who put McRae on the world stage, understood fully how the Scot's frustrations would often boil over into a tantrum.

But McRae can be as approachable as he is sometimes acrimonious and uncommunicative. In London recently to

launch his new video game, he was tanned and lean and confident that he could leave Subaru on the high of a world championship. He lies second with five rounds to go, starting in Finland later this month.

"Really we were robbed last year. It was a bad year which had a lot to do with our engines," McRae said, "but we have had consistency this year, which is helping a lot. The car is still very competitive and we have a very good, strong, experienced team. I am looking forward to finishing the season on a high."

Wilson wants McRae's ability to develop a car to help

make the Focus a winner from the start. The Focus shares nothing with the Escort, so McRae must ensure that the new model is not trounced by the highly-developed Subarus, Toyotas and Mitsubishis, as well as the Peugeots, which join the fray next year.

McRae's move should also allow Richard Burns to move into his vacated No 1 seat at Subaru, boosting his chances of adding to his Safari Rally victory this year. McRae rates his British rival highly. "He really just needs to win a few rallies to get his confidence,"

he said. McRae's status as the most sought-after rally driver in the world has brought rewards including a baronial hall in Lanarkshire, a house in Monaco and an apartment in the Verberie ski resort.

His new contract cements his place in the rallying league table, although it will be meaningless without another world championship. If not this year then in 1999 with Ford. "All I want is to be competitive and win the world championship," he said. "I know I can and I will be around for a while yet, so it is achievable."

Franchise hopefuls await final decision

By CHRISTOPHER IRVINE

THE franchise battle, which looks to favour Cardiff and Gateshead, will finally be resolved tomorrow, when the 12 existing clubs in the JJB Super League decide who to admit next season and how to divide the financial cake.

Directors of the Rugby Football League and Super League Europe (SLE), the top clubs' marketing arm, who met in Leeds yesterday, are basing their recommendation to the clubs on a report by accountants Deloitte and Touche.

There is support for the Swansea bid, significantly from Cardiff. Maurice Lindsay, the SLE managing director, has hinted, too, that he would like both prospective Welsh sides on board. The

danger, however, is of rugby league overreaching itself in Wales, where it has a history of coming to grief.

On the other hand, attendances for the Super League roadshow matches at Gateshead were poor and led Lindsay to suggest that it might miss out, for which he was condemned by his own board. Chris Calley, the SLE chairman, denied that it is a case of expansion at all costs. "We have to be convinced that they want the sport for its own sake, as much as the business point of view," he said.

Under the newly agreed Super League deal with News Corporation, parent company of The Times, clubs receive £733,000 a season.

GOLF Cup team welcome Matthew

LAURA DAVIES is looking forward to welcoming Catriona Matthew aboard Europe's Solheim Cup team after the Scot's impressive win in the McDonald's WPGA Championship of Europe at Gleneagles at the weekend. With four sub-par rounds, the 28-year-old posted a 12-under-par total of 276 to win by five shots from Davies and Helen Alfredsson, from Sweden, who won last year.

Victory lifted Matthew to No 6 in the Solheim Cup rankings with only two ranking events to come before the top seven are automatically selected for the match against the United States at Muirfield Village, Ohio, next month. "After this week, Catriona must be a certainty for the team," Davies said.

After her closing round of 69, three under par, on Sunday, Matthew said: "This is easily the best day of my career." "To hold off the challenge from world-class players such as Laura and Helen makes it extra special."

Meg Mallon made par at the first play-off hole against Dottie Pepper to win the Star Bank LPGA Classic on Sunday - her first victory since 1996. Mallon and Pepper had both finished on 199, 17 under par.

Bernhard Langer said yesterday that he had withdrawn from the US PGA Championship, which starts in Seattle, Washington, on Thursday, because of a sore neck.

EQUESTRIANISM

Great Britain face a difficult hurdle

FROM JENNY MACARTHUR IN AACHEN, GERMANY

THE beleaguered Great Britain showjumping team, still without a win in the Samsung Nations Cup series this season, will have their work cut out if they are to rectify that record at the Aachen International Show this week. The show, which is celebrating its hundredth anniversary, is the toughest on the circuit. With the sport's leading teams competing, the Nations Cup on Friday will be a dress rehearsal for the world championships in Rome in October.

With Britain only twelfth in the series - their lowest ever placing - the selectors have virtually given up hope of qualifying for the final in Germany in September. Michael Bullman, the chairman of the selectors, said yesterday: "Our priority now must be the world championships, where we have to finish in the top six to qualify for the Sydney Olympic Games."

John Whitaker, winner of the coveted Aachen Grand Prix last year on Welham, heads the team that will attempt to salvage British pride. Welham is still not back to full fitness, but Whitaker has an improving second string in Virtual Village Heyman, a nine-year-old Dutch-bred gelding who made his Nations Cup debut at Hickstead last month.

Geoff Billington and Whitaker's younger brother, Michael, both have their top horses, it's Otto and Virtual Village Two Step. But the absence of Nick Skelton and Di Lampard from the squad has given two less experienced riders, Rob Hoeckstra and

Mark Armstrong, the chance to compete. Armstrong, 37, a protégé of Fred Welch, is likely to fill the fourth spot in the Nations Cup team. He made his Aachen debut in 1993 on Corella, the year that he was selected ahead of David Broome for the team for the European championships, but has not competed there since.

Armstrong, who said that he is "surprised and delighted" to find himself in the squad, is confident that Primma, his nine-year-old



John Whitaker: task

more, will cope with the demanding courses expected this week. "She's always gone well at Hickstead and that's as near as you can get to Aachen," he said.

Although France still leads the Nations Cup series, it is Germany who will start as favourites on Friday. The resolve of the Olympic world and European champions is never sharper than when they are competing in front of the Aachen crowd.

TELEVISION CHOICE

The hard man uncovered

This Wonderful Life Channel 5, 8.00pm

Eight years as nasty Grant in *EastEnders* has turned Ross Kemp from a relatively unknown actor to a media celebrity, whose doings off the screen are as much an object of attention as his appearances on it. Taking his best to reveal the "real" Ross Kemp, establishing that he plays rugby and supports new Labour, but, like the tabloids, discovers that Kemp dislikes the media and considers his private life to be private. So the programme has to fall back on what Kemp has already known, that women find him attractive despite (or even because of) his bald head and that the question for the future is whether he can move on from *EastEnders* or, like so many soap stars before him, he is irrevocably typecast.

Absolutely Animals Channel 4, 8.00pm

Wendy Turner rounds off the current series of the animal magazine with a trip to Thailand. Here she calls on a hospital which looks after elephants made redundant by being banned from working in the logging industry. To compound an already sad tale, many of the beasts are addicted to amphetamines given to them to make them work harder. Back home, meanwhile, Simon White, *Absolutely Animals*' resident vet, is treating three regular patients for the problems of old age. They are cats, a mother which is 20 years old and her 17-year-old kittens. Another regular, the animal warden Dawn Sammons, shows us some of the creatures she looks after at home and there are suggestions for saving Britain's rarest farmyard and working breeds.

Equation: This Air Channel 4, 9.00pm

At the top of Everest the air is so thin that it cannot sustain life. For every six people who reach the summit of Everest, one dies. Scientists believe there is a connection, and attribute many of the deaths to hypoxia, a lack of oxygen to the brain which can result in loss of judgment, disorientation and hallucinations. To test the theory, three American



Wendy Turner visits a hospital for retired elephants in Thailand (C4, 8.00pm)

climbers set off to conquer Everest, their progress monitored to establish the effects of altitude. Two of the three have been to the top before but David Carter's only previous attempt was unsuccessful. He becomes the main focus of attention. At 19,500 feet, nearly 10,000 feet below the summit, he is already struggling with simple "true or false" tests. Further on he develops a violent cough. But the main drama occurs on the descent when Carter's throat gets blocked and he comes near to death.

Watch This or the Dog Dies BBC2, 9.30pm

The premise of this jaunty retrospective is that something called Youth TV suddenly emerged towards the end of the 1980s and is already dead, though its influence lives on in the style of mainstream programmes. Channel 4's *Network Seven* set the pattern: a mixture of information and entertainment, served up with dizzying camerawork, eccentric graphics and a team of young and untired presenters. The BBC moved in, recruited one of *Network Seven*'s bestsellers, Janet Street-Porter, and launched its own youth shows. Channel 4 retorted with *The Word*, which scaled new heights of tastelessness. The attempt to talk to 16- to 24-year-olds in their own language finally foundered when it showed that none of them watched *One Foot in the Grave* than anything Street-Porter could think up. Peter Waymark

RADIO CHOICE

Pity About Kitty Radio 4, 2.15pm

"A wonderful sense of the comic, a farce almost," says Dora Bryan, wearing her staff nurse's cap, one of the three hosts she sports in this slightly grey comedy, written by Jimmy Fallon. She could be talking about the play itself, though she is actually referring to the lighter side of hospital nursing. The darker side is represented by an unfortunate incident at the hospital in which, to quote the staff nurse who is about to face a tribunal, "a poor old, sod" of a male patient "turned up for a couple of injections in the bum and went home to a coffin." Bryan's two other co-hosts are the hospital's ward manager and its director of nursing - another two shop windows for her to display her celebrated comical skills.

The Rank School of Chancers Radio 2, 9.00pm

The 1960s saw the demise of the Rank Organisation's so-called "Charm School" and not many years were shed at its funeral. The idea behind it was that all that had to be done was to make stars out of its repertoire company of young performers, it wouldn't do any harm (indeed, it might do some good) if they were groomed for stardom in the Hollywood style. Where it all went wrong was when Rank failed to turn out the kind of worthwhile movies that might have completed the star-making process. Rank also forgot that charm, like beauty, often lies in the eye of the beholder. Tonight's documentary, presented by George Baker who was not one of the "charm school" graduates. Peter Daville

RADIO 1

6.30am Kevin Greening and Zola Ball 11.30am Radio 1 Roadshow, with Republic in Humberston. Includes 12.30pm Newsbeat, 2.00pm Mark Radcliffe, 4.00pm Dave Pearce, 5.45pm Newsbeat, 6.00pm Dave Pearce, 6.30pm The Evening Session, 8.30pm Digital Update, 8.45pm Radio 1, 10.30pm Mark Radcliffe, 12.00pm The Breakfast Show, 2.00pm Charlie Jordan, 4.00pm Chris Wainwright

RADIO 2

6.30am Sarah Kennedy, 7.30am Wogan, 8.30am Johnnie Walker, 9.30am Jimmy Krawford, 10.30am Alan Carr, 11.30am Radio 2, 12.00pm News, 1.00pm The Rank School of Chancers, 2.00pm The Rank School of Chancers, 3.00pm The Rank School of Chancers, 4.00pm The Rank School of Chancers, 5.00pm The Rank School of Chancers, 6.00pm The Rank School of Chancers, 7.00pm The Rank School of Chancers, 8.00pm The Rank School of Chancers, 9.00pm The Rank School of Chancers, 10.00pm The Rank School of Chancers, 11.00pm The Rank School of Chancers, 12.00pm The Rank School of Chancers

RADIO 5 LIVE

6.00am The Breakfast Programme, 8.00am Nick Campbell, 12.00pm The Midday News, 1.00pm The Midday News, 2.00pm The Midday News, 3.00pm The Midday News, 4.00pm The Midday News, 5.00pm The Midday News, 6.00pm The Midday News, 7.00pm The Midday News, 8.00pm The Midday News, 9.00pm The Midday News, 10.00pm The Midday News, 11.00pm The Midday News, 12.00pm The Midday News

VIRGIN RADIO

6.30am Chris Evans, 9.30am Russ Williams, 1.00pm Nick Abbot, 4.00pm Robin Barlow, 7.30pm Ray Coles, 10.00pm Paul Coyne, 1.00pm Peter Paulson, 4.30pm Jenny Clark

TALK RADIO

6.30am The New Talk Radio Breakfast, 8.00am Scott Chisholm, 11.00am Lorraine Kelly, 1.00pm Anna Robinson, 3.00pm Tony Boyd, 5.00pm Peter Dinklage, 7.00pm Nick Abbot, 9.00pm James White, 1.00pm Ian Collins and the Creation of the Night, 5.00pm Ian Collins

WORLD SERVICE

7.00am News, 7.15am Inflight, 7.30am About Face, 8.00am News, 8.15am On the Shelf, 8.30am Welcome to my World, 8.45am The Lab, 9.00am News, (9.45am only) News in German, 9.10am News for Thought, 9.15am Musical of the Week, 10.00am News, 10.05am World Business Report, 10.15am Sports News, 10.20am Local, 10.30am Looking at Literature, Much Ado About Nothing, 10.45am Sports Roundup, 11.00am Newsbeat, 11.30am On Screen, 12.00pm Newsbeat, 12.30pm About Face, 1.00pm News, (1.45pm only), News in German, 1.55pm World, Newsbeat, 2.00pm News, 2.15pm British Today, 2.30pm British Today, 2.45pm News, 3.00pm News, 3.15pm News, 3.30pm News, 3.45pm News, 4.00pm News, 4.15pm News, 4.30pm News, 4.45pm News, 5.00pm News, 5.15pm News, 5.30pm News, 5.45pm News, 6.00pm News, 6.15pm News, 6.30pm News, 6.45pm News, 7.00pm News, 7.15pm News, 7.30pm News, 7.45pm News, 8.00pm News, 8.15pm News, 8.30pm News, 8.45pm News, 9.00pm News, 9.15pm News, 9.30pm News, 9.45pm News, 10.00pm News, 10.15pm News, 10.30pm 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REVIEW

when Barry announced "I don't think I *am* overweight, I think I'm a *skin person*," that I realized that kebabs and saveleys almost certainly have at least as much of a habit-forming effect as the plant that was being investigated in Channel 4's *Sacred Woods*.

If you've never been accosted on dark street corners by somebody offering you *salvia divinorum*, that's because it's native only to a small part of Mexico, where the Mazatec Indians like to chew it during religious rituals. Too scared to monitor the effects first-hand, two anthropologists, a psychiatrist and a pharmacologist gave the drug to a couple of human guinea-pigs and then asked *them* how it felt.

The answer? Quite pleasant, but clearly not the same kind of hallucinogenic hit you get from 43,000 calories a day. But what was startling was how the academe-

Casasnovia into a bestselling author in his native California.

But an infinitely more dismal and painful insight into what academics will do in the name of research is in Secret History and Kinsey's Pseudophiles (Channel 4). We have known for some time that the first "scientist" of human sexual behaviour was a flawed man. But *Secret History* laid bare just how shameless and misguided Alfred Kinsey had been to use the detailed private diaries of a predatory paedophile as the scientific evidence for his claims that children often enjoyed sexual contact with adults.

He wrote in one book: "The adult contacts are a source of pleasure to some children and sometimes may arouse the child erotically and bring it to orgasm. It is difficult to understand why a child — except for its cultural conditioning — should be disturbed at having its genitalia

touched. "Is it really that difficult?" Perhaps it is if it's you rely for information, as Kinsey did, on a rapacious paedophile like Rex King, a US Government land crimes writer who job took him across Arizona and New Mexico. These trips gave King plenty of opportunity to prey on young boys and girls. He molested more than 800 of them, although — as Kinsey's researchers recalled — King would have sex with just about any person or animal that was handy. He'd already been through most of his relatives.

He kept detailed records of his encounters, Kinsey was told. He wrote to King: "I congratulate you on the research spirit which has led you to collect data over these many years. Everything that you have accumulated must find its way into scientific channels."

Kinsey saw King's data as a gold

mine, proving that children were sexual beings from birth; but it wasn't scientific data, it was just a catalogue of child torture. Drawing conclusions from the findings of a single case of a child making jewelry from gold stolen from the fillings of those gassed in Nazi concentration camps.

At worst, the data was scientifically worthless: it didn't seem to occur to Kinsey that asking paedophiles if their victims enjoyed sex wasn't likely to produce the most objective answers. How did Kinsey accept their testimony that the children's quivering and yelping was evidence of orgasm rather than of revulsion and fear?

So why, then, was there a public outcry when this drive on children's sexuality was published 50 years ago? Paradoxically, it may have been due to the very ignorance about sex that Kinsey was trying to dispel. Now that really does blow your mind!

Joe Joseph



ics' observational research achieved the mind-bending effect of making recreational drug-taking seem dull. And why didn't they just ask the Mazatec Indians what it felt like?

You could see why Carlos Castaneda stuck to the peyote favoured by Yaqui Indians — a powerful drug which, only a short time after ingestion, had the cataclysmic effect of turning

He wrote in one book: "The adult contacts are a source of pleasure to some children and sometimes may arouse the child erotically and bring it to orgasm. It is difficult to understand why a child — except for its cultural conditioning — should be disturbed at having its genitalia

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CHANNEL 5

CHANNEL 5 ON SATELLITE
Channel 5 is now broadcasting on transponder No 63 on the Astra Satellite. Viewers with a Videocrypt decoder will be able to receive the channel free of charge. Frequencies for transponder No 63 are pictures 10.52075 GHz; sound: 1.732 and 7.230 MHz.

10.00am 5 News (T) and sport (9773530)
00 Wildlife World (T) (T) (B150991) 7.30
Midsake! (6427091) 7.35 Dappetto Farm (T) (2852340) **8.00** Hawkzoo (2894411) **8.30** Alvin and the Chipmunks (T) (2693762) **9.00** Starting from Scratch (T) (414) **9.25** Second Noah (46954) **10.20** Sunset Beach (T) (1726188) **11.11** Leeza (T) (632841) **12.30pm** Family Affairs (T) (T) (3597782) **1.00** The Boy and the Beautiful (T) (B153362) **1.30** Son and Daughters (936563)

00 Sons of the Musketeers (1952) with Laureen O'Hara and Cornel Wilde. The legendary musketeers are joined by the children to thwart the evil Duke de Lavalle. Lewis Allen directs (4594121)

30 Tarzan Finds a Son (1938, b/w) Driven by Johnny Weissmuller, Tarzan and Jane decide to raise a small boy, the survivor of a plane crash. Richard Thorpe directs (1289140)

00 Russell Grant's Postcards Henley-on-Thames (45674508)

10 The Oprah Winfrey Show: Letters from Parents (5804411)

00 100 Per Cent (438605)

30 Family Affairs (T) (B153795)

00 News (T) (357396)

30 Empire of the Elephant: Never Built Fly Following the raising of a family antelopes (T) (4281409)



Janet Street-Porter founder
of *the* *NY* *Magazine* (p. 22)



Sean Connery uncovers



Ross Kemp: the man behind the (mean) £100m

Gray blossoms (r) (6568053)

45 Asian Football (1217947)
40 Prisoner: Cell Block H (7355270)
30 100 Per Cent (r) (8041367)

TRAVEL [CABLE]

[illegible]

6.00am Tiny Living 9.00 Poland 9.50 Je
Springer 10.40 The Young and the Restle

[illegible]

FOOTBALL 37

Edwards calls time on United's summer spending

SPORT

TUESDAY AUGUST 11 1998

RALLYING 38

McRae shifts his focus to Ford

Gough sets seal on series triumph as South Africa are defeated at Headingley

England taste champagne at last

BY ALAN LEE, CRICKET CORRESPONDENT

HEADINGLEY (final day of five): England beat South Africa by 23 runs

IT TOOK only half an hour, but for many, it seemed like half a lifetime in Leeds yesterday until the exultant moment when Darren Gough bellowed his last appeal. Javed Akhtar raised a judicial finger and 10,000 voices at Headingley acclaimed the end of the empty years. England have won a series that matters and, in a favourite phrase of David Lloyd, their coach, it should be shouted from the rooftops.

South Africa, defiant to the end, were finally vanquished at 11.30am, when Gough, the symbol of all that is optimistic in the English game, took his sixth wicket of the innings. The match was won by 23 runs and the series by two games to one. The tension of five cliffhanging days was released and the heart-searching of a 12-year wait was over.

In the memorably mad minutes that followed, a crowd of unimaginable size for what might have been two balls of cricket invaded the ground and England players, rightly emotional, gave themselves up to an experience that the more venerable had come to fear they would never savour.

"We've been through a lot together and seen plenty of hard times," Alec Stewart, the captain, said. "We've come back from 1-0 down to beat a side I rate among the top three in the world. We've hung in there through the bad times, when we played poorly, and this is a special day."

Lloyd, who knows his position would have been questioned had England been defeated, wore a smile of vindication. "I'm not bothered about me," he said. "I've had low moments, after the West Indies tour and again this summer, but you just have to dust yourself down and get on with it. I've got the best job in the world and days like this are what you work for."

For Stewart, who admitted to a disturbed night "thinking about my field placings", the victory came in his first series as captain. Michael Atherton, who led the previous 12, was

off the field when it happened, having gone to hospital for tests after a two-day bout of food poisoning, but he was back, smiling wanly, in time to drink champagne, collect the England player-of-the-series award for his superb batting and to confirm: "I've not given the captaincy a second thought. The team's the thing, no matter who is in charge."

To have lost yesterday would have been unthinkable, crushing the long-suffering spirits of the sporting nation once again, yet to win the match and series, when five weeks ago both team and game were pronounced terminally sick, strains credulity. Seldom in the history of England cricket has victory been won from such a position: never has it been more needed.

Cricket has been up against it all summer, a jury of sceptics ready to deem it obsolete.

"The clouds have, thank goodness, lifted from the hills"

John Woodcock, page 36

The measure of the game's health is the quality of the national team and, suddenly, there is colour in previously pallid cheeks.

To be at Headingley yesterday was to know how much it meant. By 9.30am, on a morning so dingy and drizzly that a delay was briefly threatened, spectators were streaming into this dire, decrepit yet wonderfully evocative stadium. By the time that play began, the Western Terrace was fuller than it had been on the opening day.

Before leaving home, those spectators might have seen television reruns from the time when England last won over the classic five-Test distance — in 1986-87 — or they might have heard radio news programmes punctuated by cricket, cricket, cricket.

Lord MacLaurin, the chairman of the England and

Wales Cricket Board, left London at 5.30am for an unscheduled return to Leeds — "Couldn't miss it," he said — and David Graveney, the chairman of selectors, prepared for another restless morning. "When we need a wicket, I tend to go for a walk," he said. "For three hours on Sunday, I spent a lot of time walking."

Fifteen minutes before the start, the England seam bowlers ran out one by one to warm up. First Cork, then Fraser were cheered on and, finally, to a tumultuous roar, Gough, the local hero. It could not have been stage-managed better.

When business resumed, the anticipation seemed to niggle at Gough. Inevitably handed the ball for the first over, he strained for rhythm and line. It needed a typically mean maiden from Angus Fraser to settle nerves as the crowd cheered every runless ball.

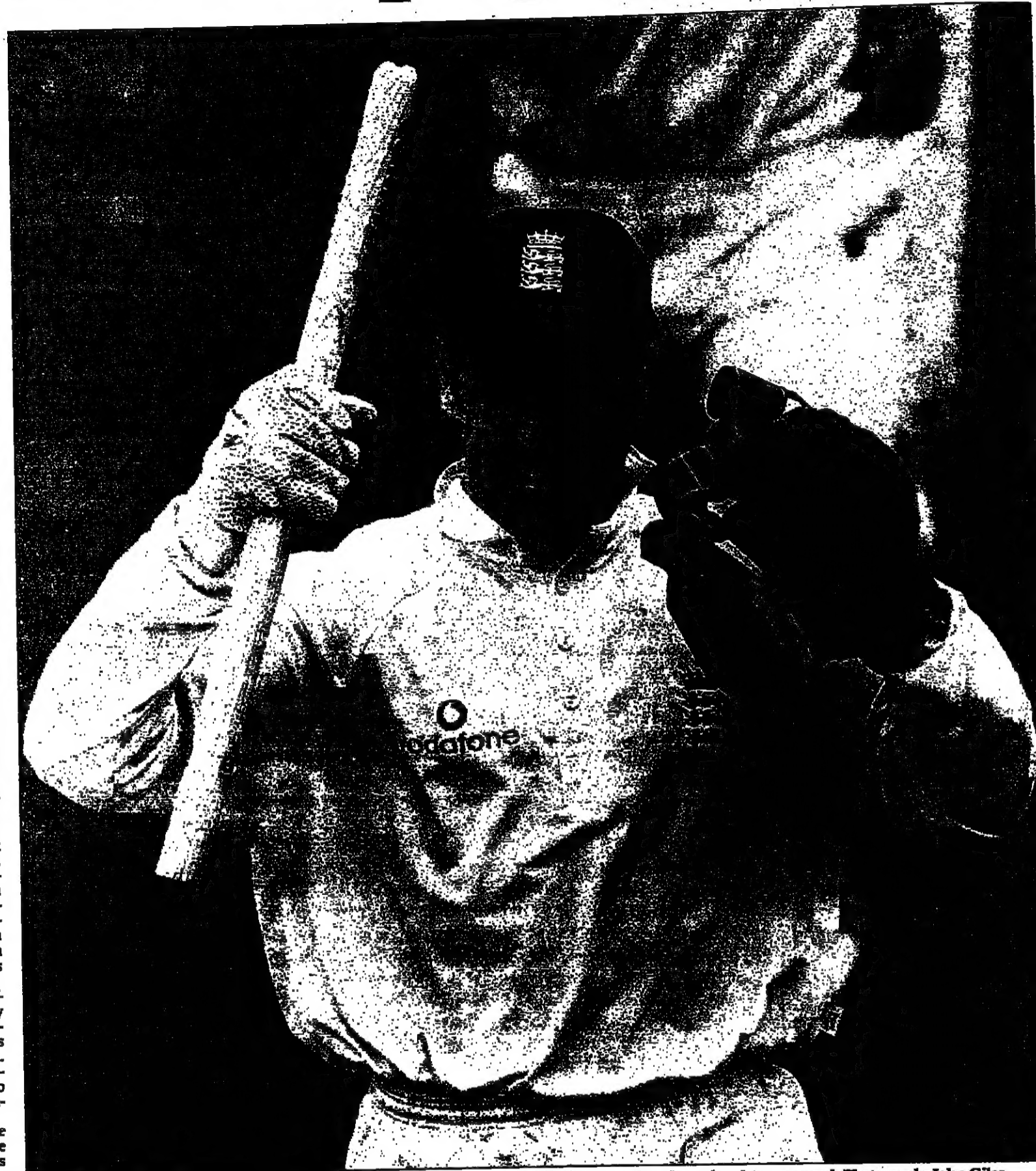
Needing 34 at start of play, South Africa gained four of them through leg-byes as Gough strayed down the leg side. Their target was down to 25 when, in the sixth over of the morning, Allan Donald was drawn into an error by Fraser and adjudged caught behind.

Donald's distraught expression told either of self-recrimination or dismay at another contentious decision. This match has been full of them — its one downside — and the culpability of Javed, who gave nine leg-before dismissals, is no greater than that of the International Cricket Council for sending five overseas umpires into a dramatic series.

Javed was yet to give his last decision, the merit of which was obscured by the pandemonium that followed. Mahaya Ntini has few batting pretensions and when Pollock exposed him to three balls from Gough, the last pinned him in front as he jumped across his crease.

Hansie Cronje, the South Africa captain, stood soberly apart from the England bacchanal scenes that followed, his mind doubtless a maelstrom. In defeat, he conducted himself with dignity, refusing to blame injuries, fatigue or umpiring.

"We let them back into the series at Old Trafford," he said. "I think our cricket has taken a step backwards." The opposite is true for England.



An exultant Stewart clutches a stump as he runs from the pitch at Headingley yesterday, the series victory assured. Photograph: John Giles

Local hero steps forward

Michael Henderson celebrates the most ebullient of bowlers

WAITING for the German verb, Flucht O'Brien said, is surely the ultimate thrill. Not if you're a follower of English cricket, it's not. People have been waiting 12 years for a day like this and now they can rummage through the dictionary for some verbs of their own: to win, succeed, overcome, triumph, prevail, even — yes! — to send packing (W. Shakespeare). If we can't borrow from our national poet at this time, when can we?

It doesn't actually make England top dogs in the international kennels, but it is a start. David Lloyd, the England coach, spoke afterwards of the way that Test cricket really tests players and reveals them as they are, and not the way they might imagine themselves. To have beaten South Africa in this series is a triumph and they are entitled to savour it. So is everybody else.

It was no surprise that Darren Gough finished it off yesterday morning. England's jack-in-box has probably never bowled better in Test cricket and to take six wickets in the last innings of the game was a feather in his cap. Fortunately, his hat size has never changed.



Gough adds the final flourish with the dismissal of Ntini

Croft's role is acknowledged

BY RICHARD HOBSON

THE man who changed the course of the South Africa series watched the thrilling final stages unfold on television 220 miles from Headingley, at his home in Hendy, Wales. But for Robert Croft, England would not be celebrating their first win in a full series since 1986-87 today. His tenacious batting in the third Test at Old Trafford has grown in significance since it enabled England to save the match five weeks ago. History will remember it as one of the great rearguard innings, a performance to equal that of Trevor Bailey and Willie Watson against Australia at Lord's in 1953.

main, acknowledged that failure to convert what seemed a winning situation in Manchester was the turning point of the series. Alec Stewart agreed. Within minutes of the victory at Headingley, the England captain telephoned Croft to say "thanks mate" in recognition of efforts past.

"At the time I knew it had been an important innings to save the game, but no more than that," Croft said yesterday. "We did not really think of the next two Tests straight away. At the time I was just exhilarated, and relieved that Gus had managed to stay there at the end."

"It is nice to get the recognition but there was a lot of very good cricket played by the lads at Trent Bridge and Headingley to actually go on and win the series. That's more or less what I said to Stevie — just really well done and thanks for ringing."

Croft was picked in a squad of 13 for the fourth Test, but lost his place to Ian Salisbury after failing to take a wicket in his three matches. "I hope people think of me as a good squad player, somebody who gives it his all," he said. The selectors will doubtless agree with this self-description and are likely to select Croft in the party for the Ashes tour this winter.

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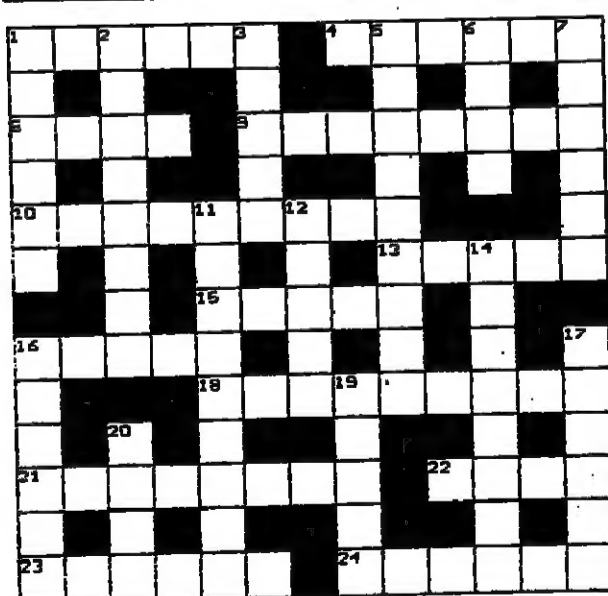
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TIMES TWO CROSSWORD



No 1481

ACROSS

- 1 Folk die (4)
- 4 An Am. Indian: a Paris ruffian (6)
- 8 Boisterous play (4)
- 9 Speedwell: madder's pass (8)
- 10 A fruit: a green tin (anag.) (9)
- 13 Crystal clear (5)
- 15 Cheerful (5)
- 16 Blockade (of town) (5)
- 18 Of a 1000-year period (9)
- 21 Liberal, open-handed (8)
- 22 Reasonable, pretty (4)
- 23 Dr Thomas —, Rugby head-master (6)
- 24 Slightly coloured (6)

DOWN

- 1 Equivalence (6)
- 2 Ponder: chew (end) (8)
- 3 Be motionless in air: stand indecisively (5)
- 5 New convert (9)
- 6 Cot: translation cheat (4)
- 7 In soaring spirits (6)
- 11 Short-lived (9)
- 12 Motivate (5)
- 14 Waterfall (8)
- 16 Bad mark: part of plant (6)
- 17 Cross-bred organism (6)
- 19 Franz —, 19C piano virtuoso (5)
- 20 By unnamed author (4)

SOLUTION TO NO 1480

- ACROSS: 7 Bear 8 Playings 9 Bottle 10 Galaxy 11 Disc 12 Capacity 13 H-fated 17 Glen 18 Ballet 21 Gemlike 22 Nicotine 23 Noel

- DOWN: 1 Memento 2 Arctic 3 Uppercut 4 Gang 5 Italic 6 Onyx 13 Pedigree 14 The Blues 16 Follow 17 Gentian 19 Acid 20 Trip

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